



SUPERSERVER[®]
SYS-120C-TN10R
SYS-120C-TN10R-EU



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.1c

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the server. Installation and maintenance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

Please refer to the SYS-120C-TN10R server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors and operating systems (<http://www.supermicro.com>).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>
- Product drivers and utilities: <https://www.supermicro.com/wdl>
- Product safety info: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

If you have any questions, please contact our support team at:
support@supermicro.com

This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Please check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Secure Data Deletion

A secure data deletion tool designed to fully erase all data from storage devices can be found on our website: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/disclaimer.cfm?url=/wdl/utility/Lot9_Secure_Data_Deletion_Utility/

Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides an outline of the functions and features of the SuperServer, SYS-120C-TN10R. The following provides an overview of the specifications and capabilities.

System Overview	
Motherboard	X12DDW-A6
Chassis	LB16AC10-R860AW
Processors	Dual 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable in P+ (LGA-4189) sockets
Memory	16 DIMM slots, 6 TB 3DS LRDIMM/LRDIMM/3DS RDIMM/RDIMM DDR4 or Intel Optane PMem 200 Series; up to 3200 MT/s
Storage	Ten 2.5" hot-swap NVMe/SAS/SATA hybrid front drive bays Two M.2 NVMe SSDs One SATADOM
Expansion Slots	Two PCIe 4.0 x16 full-height, half-length (see Section 3.10 for details)
I/O Ports	Two AIOM network modules, PCIe 4.0 x16 (OCP 3.0 NIC) Two USB 3.0 ports (rear) Two USB 2.0 ports (front) One VGA port (rear) One serial port (rear)
System Cooling	Six counter-rotating fans w/ Optimal Fan Speed Control Two air shrouds
Power	Two redundant power supplies, default is 860 W SYS-120C-TN10R: 80Plus Platinum level SYS-120C-TN10R-EU: 80Plus Titanium level (Optional) 1200 W, 80Plus Titanium
Form Factor	1U; 17.2" x 1.7" x 23.5" (depth) (43.7x4.3x60 cm)

A Quick Reference Guide can be found on the [product page](#) of the Supermicro website.

The following safety models associated with the SYS-120C-TN10R have been certified as compliant with UL and CSA: LB16CDC-R8X12, LB16-8, LB16CDC-R12X12, LB16-12.

Network Connection Options

The system accepts many different advanced input/output modules (AIOMs) that provide network connectivity. It supports OCP 3.0 specifications using PCIe Gen 4.0 x16. Options include RJ45, SFP+, QSFP28, etc. at 1/10/25/100GbE capabilities, with two or four ports per module, up to two modules. See the web [product page](#) for current choices. At [supermicro.com](https://www.supermicro.com), search for the product by model number.

1.2 System Features

The following views of the system display the main features. Refer to [Appendix B](#) for additional specifications.

Front View



Figure 1-1. Front View

Logical Storage Drive Numbers	
Item	Description
0-9	Ten 2.5-inch front drive bays (NVMe*/SAS*/SATA)

* NVMe or SAS support available with additional parts; see optional parts list

Drive Carrier Indicators

Each drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator. For RAID configurations using a controller, the meaning of the status indicator is described in the table below. For OS RAID or non-RAID configurations, some LED indications are not supported, such as hot spare. For VROC configurations, refer to the [VROC](#) section in this manual.

Drive Carrier LED Indicators			
	Color	Blinking Pattern	Behavior for Device
Activity LED	Blue	Solid On	Idle SAS/NVMe drive installed
	Blue	Blinking	I/O activity
	Off		Idle SATA drive installed
Status LED	Red	Solid On	Failure of drive with RSTe support
	Red	Blinking at 1 Hz	Rebuild drive with RSTe support
	Red	Blinking with two blinks and one stop at 1 Hz	Hot spare for drive with RSTe support
	Red	On for five seconds, then off	Power on for drive with RSTe support
	Red	Blinking at 4 Hz	Identify drive with RSTe support
	Green	Solid on	Safe to remove NVMe drive
	Amber	Blinking at 1Hz	Do not remove NVMe drive

Control Panel

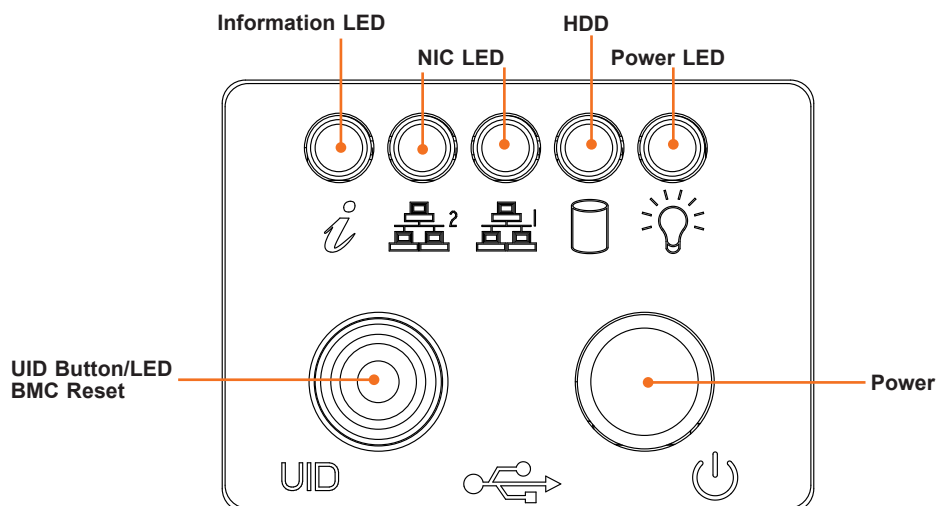


Figure 1-2. Control Panel

Control Panel Features	
Feature	Description
UID button/LED BMC button	The unit identification (UID) button turns on or off the blue light function of the Information LED and a blue LED on the rear of the chassis. This button can also be used to reset the BMC and will disable the rear VGA port to enable the front VGA port, if available.
Information LED	Alerts operator to several states, as noted in the table below.
NIC LEDs	Indicates network activity on LANs when flashing; defaults to the first two ports of the CPU1 AIOM
HDD	Indicates activity on the storage drives when flashing.
Power LED	Steady on – Power on Blinking at 4 Hz – Checking BIOS/BMC integrity Blinking at 4 Hz and "i" LED is blue – BIOS firmware updating Two blinks at 4 Hz, one pause 2 Hz and "i" LED blue – BMC firmware updating Blinking at 1 Hz and "i" LED red – Fault detected
Power button	The main power switch applies or removes primary power from the power supply to the server but maintains standby power.

Information LED	
Color, Status	Description
Red, solid	An overheat condition has occurred.
Red, blinking at 1 Hz	Fan failure, check for an inoperative fan.
Red, blinking at 0.25 Hz	Power failure, check for a non-operational power supply.
Red, solid, with Power LED blinking green	Fault detected
Blue and red, blinking at 10 Hz	Recovery mode
Blue, solid	UID has been activated locally to locate the server in a rack environment.

Information LED	
Color, Status	Description
Blue, blinking at 1 Hz	UID has been activated using the BMC to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 2 Hz	BMC is resetting
Blue, blinking at 4 Hz	BMC is setting factory defaults
Blue, blinking at 10 Hz with Power LED blinking green	BMC/BIOS firmware is updating

Rear View

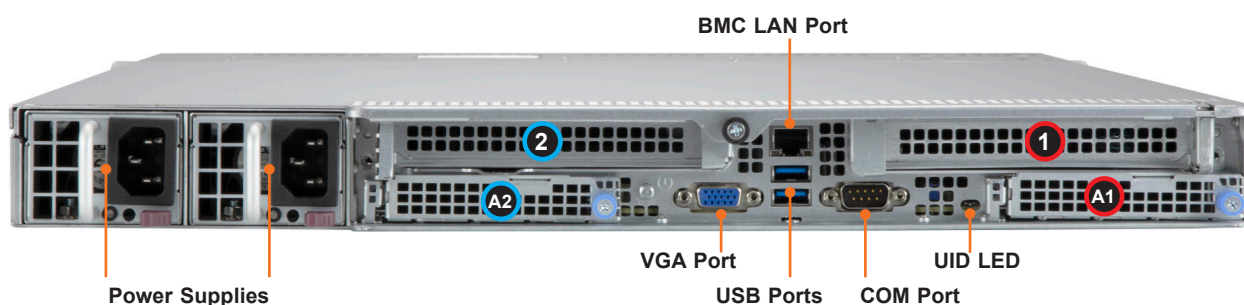


Figure 1-3. System: Rear View

System Features: Rear	
Feature	Description
Power Supplies	Two redundant power supply modules
VGA Port	Video port. When the UID LED is on, the rear VGA may be disabled to enable the front VGA port, if available.
USB Ports	Two USB 3.0 ports
BMC LAN Port	Dedicated port to access the BMC; for indicator details, see BMC LAN LEDs
COM Port	Serial port
UID LED	Unit identifier indicator light

Add-on Card Slots	
Item	Description
1	PCIe 4.0 x16 slot: full-height, half-length (CPU1)
2	PCIe 4.0 x16 slot: full-height, half-length (CPU2)
A1	PCIe 4.0 x16 OCP 3.0 AIOM slot (CPU1)
A2	PCIe 4.0 x16 OCP 3.0 AIOM slot (CPU2)

Power Supply Indicator

Power Supply Indicator	
LED Color and State	Power Supply Condition
Solid Green	Indicates that the power supply is on and working
Solid Amber	Indicates system is off (in S5 state) or power supply failure has occurred. For the latter case, the system might need servicing. Contact Supermicro technical support.
Off	No AC power to module

Top View

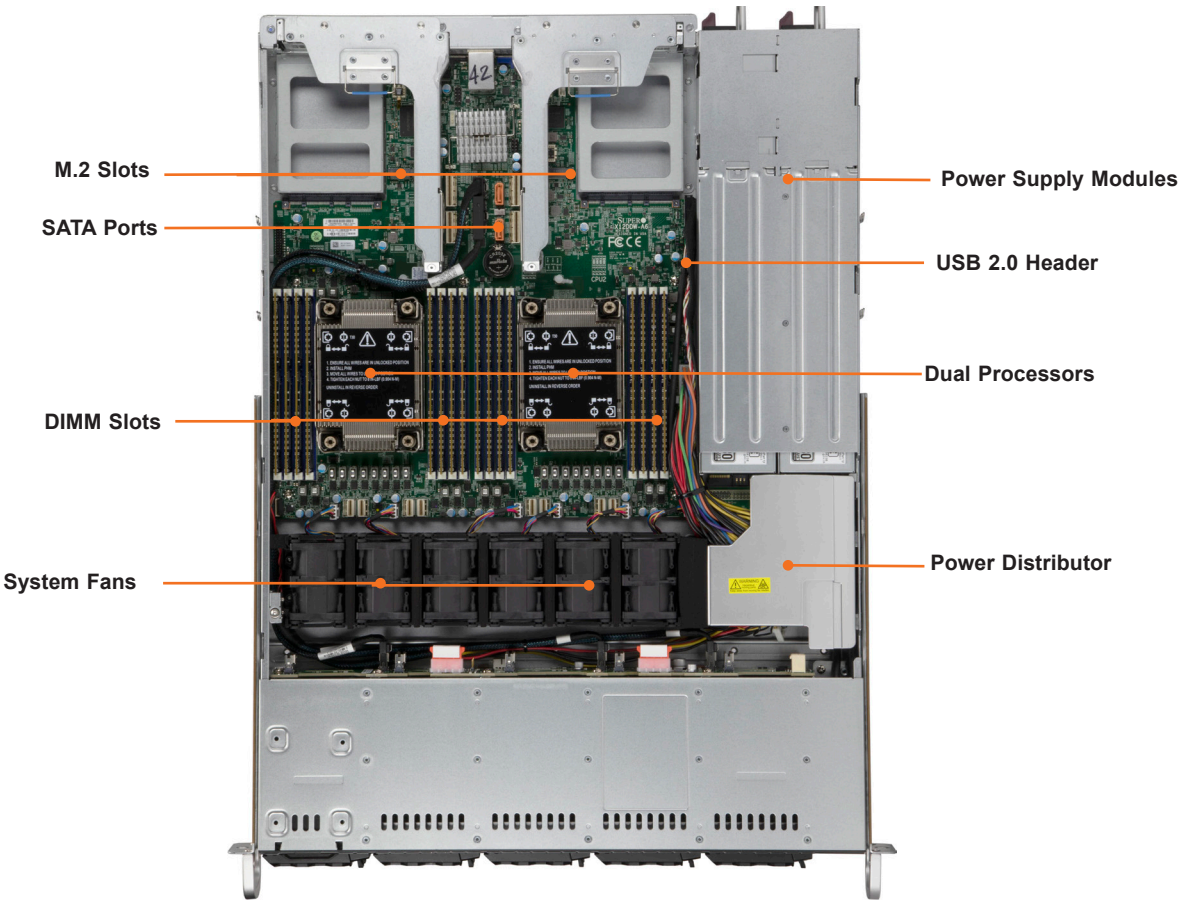


Figure 1-4. System: Top View

System Features: Top	
Feature	Description
M.2 Slots	Two slots for PCIe 3.0 x2 M.2 NVMe
Power Supplies	Dual redundant modules
SATA Ports	SATA ports allow for one Disk-on-Module SSD mounted directly on the motherboard (Despite two slots, there is physical space for only one DOM.)
DIMM Slots	Sixteen memory slots
Processors	Dual 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable with heatsinks
System Fans	Six 4-cm counter-rotating fans with Optimal Fan Speed Control, FAN-0101L4 (optional FAN-0163L4)

1.3 System Architecture

This section shows the locations of the system electronic components.

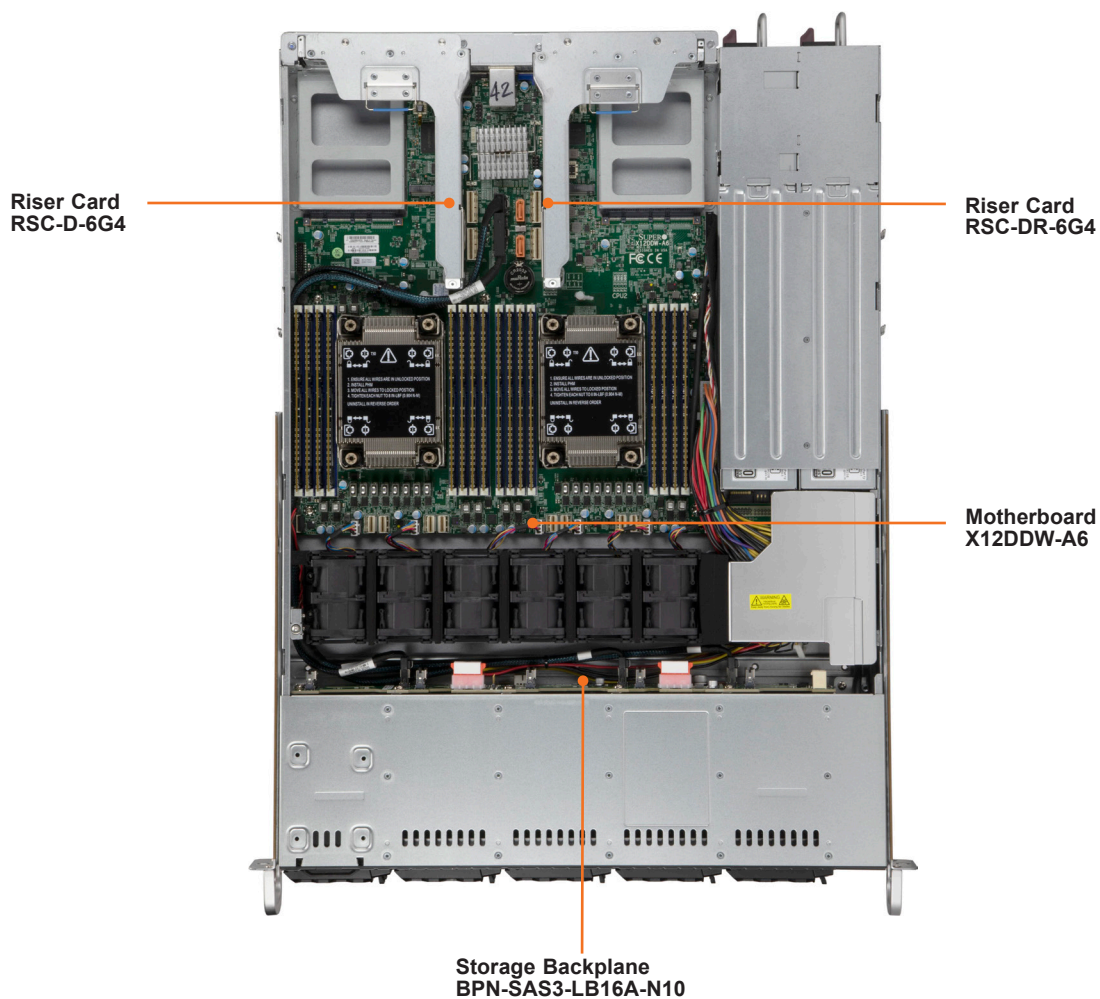


Figure 1-5. Main Component Locations

1.4 Motherboard Layout

Below is a layout of the X12DDW-A6 motherboard with jumper, connector and LED locations shown. See the table on the following page for descriptions. For detailed descriptions, pinout information and jumper settings, refer to [Chapter 4](#) or the [Motherboard Manual](#).

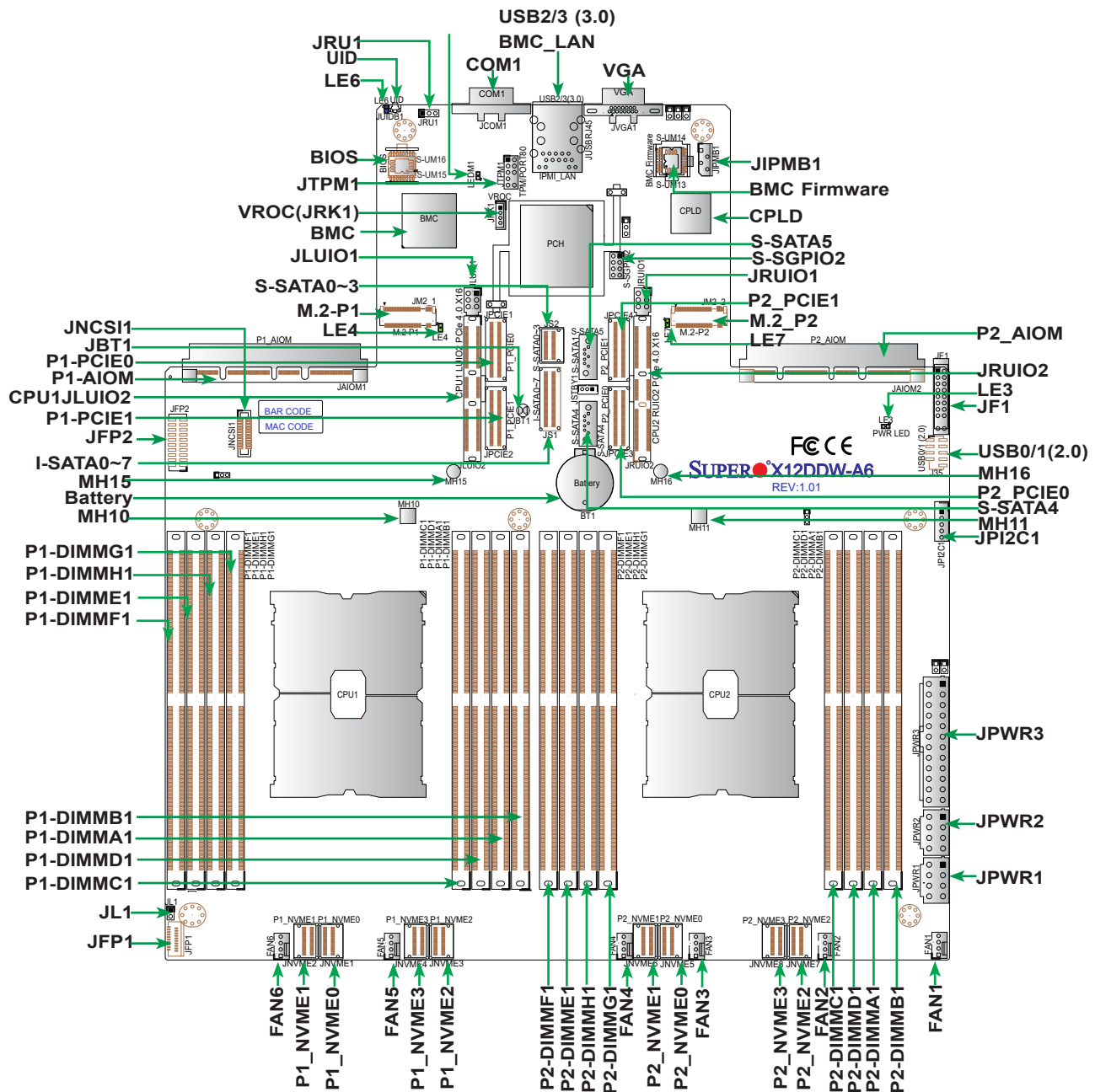


Figure 1-6. Motherboard Layout

Quick Reference

Jumper	Description	Default Setting
JBT1	CMOS Clear	Open (Normal)
JRU1	Front Control Board (JFP1) Signal Reset Jumper	Pins 1-2 (Reset JFP1 Signals for Power Button Use)

Connector	Description
Battery (BT1)	Onboard CMOS battery
COM1 (JCOM1)	Rear I/O COM port
CPU1 LUIO2 (JLUIO2)	Left side PCIe 4.0 x16 riser card slot supported by CPU1
CPU2 RUIO2 (JRUIO2)	Right side PCIe 4.0 x16 riser card slot supported by CPU2
FAN1 - FAN6	CPU/System fan headers
BMC_LAN (JUSBRJ45)	Dedicated BMC LAN port
JF1	Front Control Panel header
JFP1	Front Control Board header for signals (can be used independently)
JFP2	Front Control Board header for VGA & USB (to be used in conjunction with JFP1)
JIPMB1	4-pin BMC external I ² C header
JL1	Chassis Intrusion header
JNCSI1	NC-SI (Network Controller Sideband Interface) connector (See the note below.)
JPI2C1	Power System Management Bus (SMB) I ² C header
JPWR1/JPWR2	8-pin power connectors
JPWR3	24-pin ATX power connector
JLUIO1	Power connector used for left side PCIe 4.0 x16 riser card (CPU1 LUIO2)
JRUIO1+	Power connector used for right side PCIe 4.0 x16 riser card (CPU2 RUIO2)
JSTBY1	5V Standby power header
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 connector
M.2-P1 (JM2_1)	PCIe 3.0 x2 M.2 slot from PCH supported by CPU1 supporting M-Key 2280
M.2-P2 (JM2_2)	PCIe 3.0 x2 M.2 slot from PCH supported by CPU2 supporting M-Key 2280
MH10/MH11	M.2_P1 module mounting hole (MH10)/M.2_P2 module mounting hole (MH11)
MH15/MH16	CPU1 LUIO2 PCIe slot guide pin (MH15)/CPU2 RUIO2 PCIe slot guide pin (MH16)
P1_AIOM (JAIOM1)	AIOM (Advanced I/O Module) PCIe 4.0 x16 supported by CPU1
P2_AIOM (JAIOM2)	AIOM (Advanced I/O Module) PCIe 4.0 x16 supported by CPU2
P1_PCIE0/1 (JPCIE1/2)	PCIe 4.0 x16 Slot0/Slot1 supported by CPU1
P2_PCIE0/1 (JPCIE3/4)	PCIe 4.0 x16 Slot0/Slot1 supported by CPU2
P1-NVME0/1, P1-NVME2/3	PCIe 4.0 x4 SlimSAS ports with support of four NVME connections (0/1/2/3) supported by CPU1 (JNVME1/2, JNVME3/4)
P2-NVME0/1, P1-NVME2/3	PCIe 4.0 x4 SlimSAS ports with support of four NVME connections (0/1, 2/3) supported by CPU2 (JNVME5/6, JNVME7/8)
I-SATA 0-7 (JS1)	Intel® PCH SATA 3.0 ports (with RAID 0, 1, 5, 10)
S-SATA 0-3 (JS2)	Intel PCH SATA 3.0 ports (with RAID 0, 1, 5, 10)
S-SATA4/S-SATA5 (S-SATA4/5)	Powered SATA connectors (with power pins built-in) used for SuperDOM devices

Connector	Description
S-SGPIO2	Serial Link General Purpose I/O connection header (for S-SATA4/5 SuperDOM support)
SUM-13/14	BMC firmware
SUM-15/16	System BIOS
USB0/1 (2.0) (J35)	Front Accessible USB header with two USB 2.0 connections
USB2/3 (3.0) (JUSBRJ45)	Rear I/O USB Port 2/ Port 3 (USB 3.0)
UID (JUIDB1)	Unit Identifier (UID) button
VGA (JVGA1)	Rear VGA port on the I/O back panel
VROC (JRK1)	Intel VROC key header for NVMe RAID support (See the note below.)

LED	Description	State: Status
LE3	Power LED	LED On: Onboard Power On
LE4	M.2 _P1 Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: M.2 device normal
LE6	Unit Identifier (UID) LED	Solid Blue: Unit Identified
LE7	M.2 _P2 Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: M.2 device normal
LEDM1	BMC Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: BMC Normal

Chipset Block Diagram

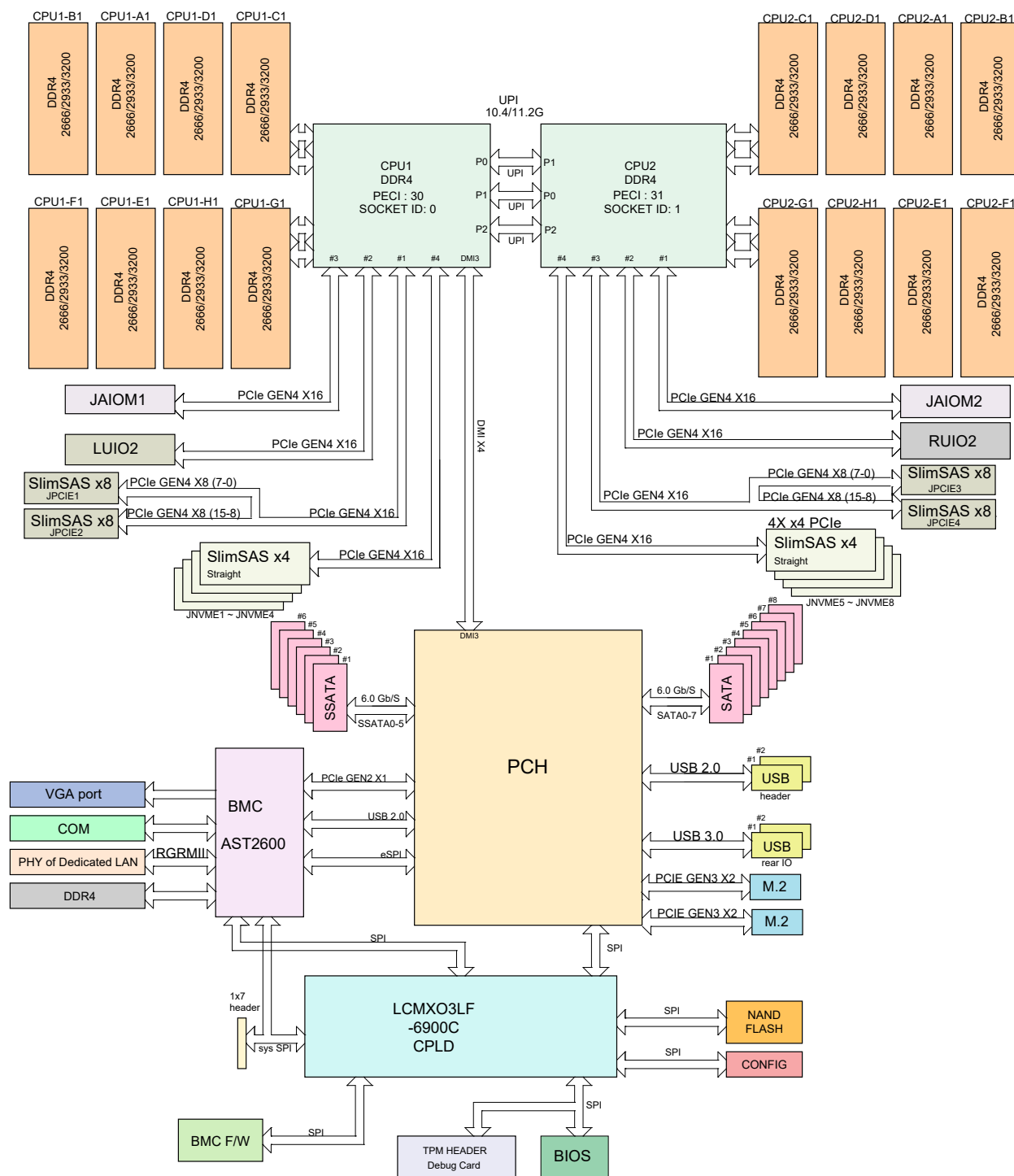


Figure 1-7. Chipset Block Diagram

Note 1: This is a general block diagram and may not exactly represent the features on your motherboard.

Note 2: CPU1-B2 and CPU2-B2 DIMM slots are reserved for Intel Optane 200 Series only.

Chapter 2

Server Installation

2.1 Overview

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your system in a server rack. If your system is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory etc., refer to [Chapter 3](#) for details on installing those specific components.

Caution: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

2.2 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box in which the system was shipped, and note if it was damaged. If any equipment appears damaged, file a claim with the carrier.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in [Appendix A](#).

2.3 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the system was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The system should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).

- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.
- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time - extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in [Appendix A](#).
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).

Important! To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.
- Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a work space.

Warning!



Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions. Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position. Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position..

Avertissement!



Danger d'instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves. Avant d'étendre le rack en position d'installation, lire les instructions d'installation. Ne pas charger l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation.

2.4 Installing the Rails

There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may require a slightly different assembly procedure. This rail set fits a rack between 25.6" and 33" deep.

The following is a basic guideline for installing the system into a rack with the rack mounting hardware provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the specific rack you are using.

If you are installing into a two-post "telco" rack, skip to that section later in this chapter.

Identifying the Rails

The chassis comes with two sets of rack rails, one set for the right side of the chassis and one for the left. Each set consists of an inner rail that is pre-attached to the chassis, an outer rail that attaches to the rack, and a middle rail that slides forward in the outer rail.

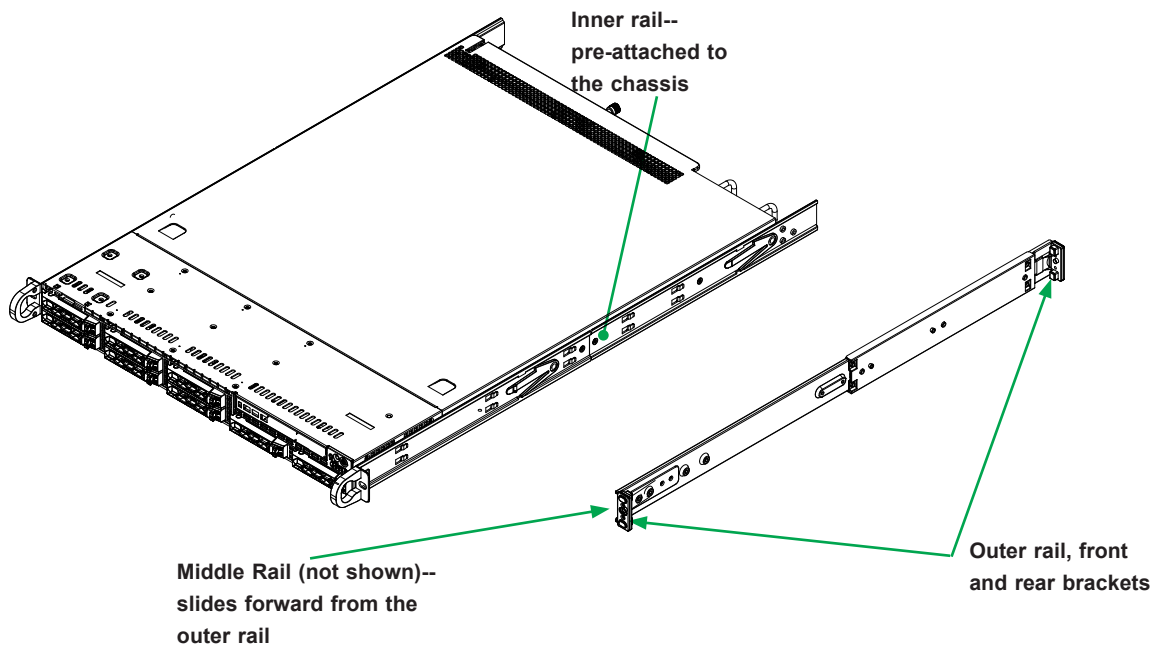


Figure 2-1. Identifying the Sections of the Rack Rails

Installing the Outer Rails onto the Rack

Each end of the assembled outer rail includes a bracket with square pegs to fit into your rack holes. If you have an older rack with round holes, these brackets must be removed, and you must use screws to secure the rail to the rack.

Outer Rail Installation

1. Align the square pegs on the front end of the rail with the square holes on the front of the rack (C). Push the rail into the rack until the quick release bracket snaps into place, securing the rail to the rack. Keep the rail horizontal.
2. Adjust the rail to reach just past the full depth of your rack.
3. Align the square pegs on the rear end of the rail to the holes on the rack (D) and push the rail into the rack until the quick release bracket snaps into place, securing the rail to the rack.

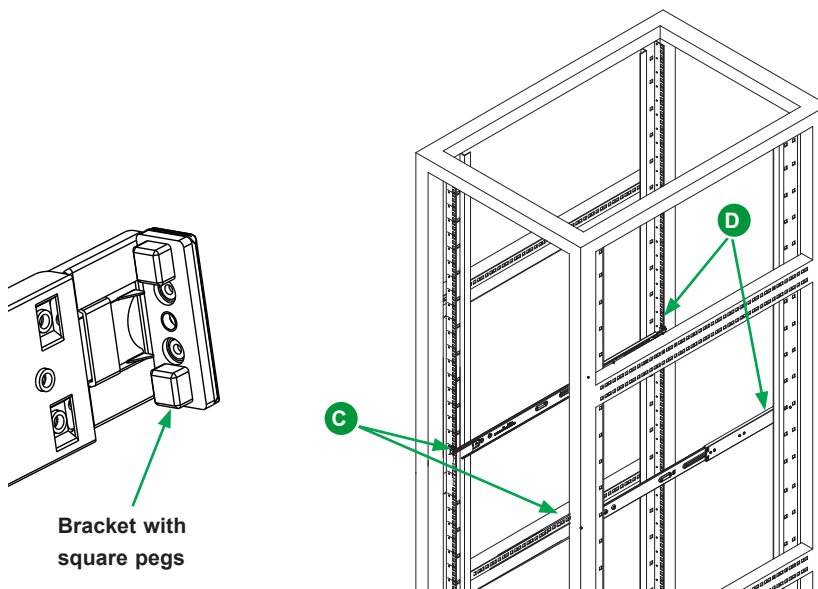


Figure 2-2. Installing the Outer Rails to the Rack

Note: The figure above is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers at the bottom of the rack first.

2.5 Installing the Chassis into a Rack

Once rails are attached to the chassis and the rack, you can install the server.

1. Pull the middle rail out of the front of the outer rail and make sure that the ball bearing shuttle is locked at the front of the middle rail.
2. Align the rear of the chassis rails with the middle rails and then push evenly on both sides of the chassis until it clicks into the fully extended position.
3. Depress the locking tabs on both sides of the chassis and push the it fully into the rack. The locking tabs should "click".
4. Thumb screws may be used to secure the front of the chassis to the rack.

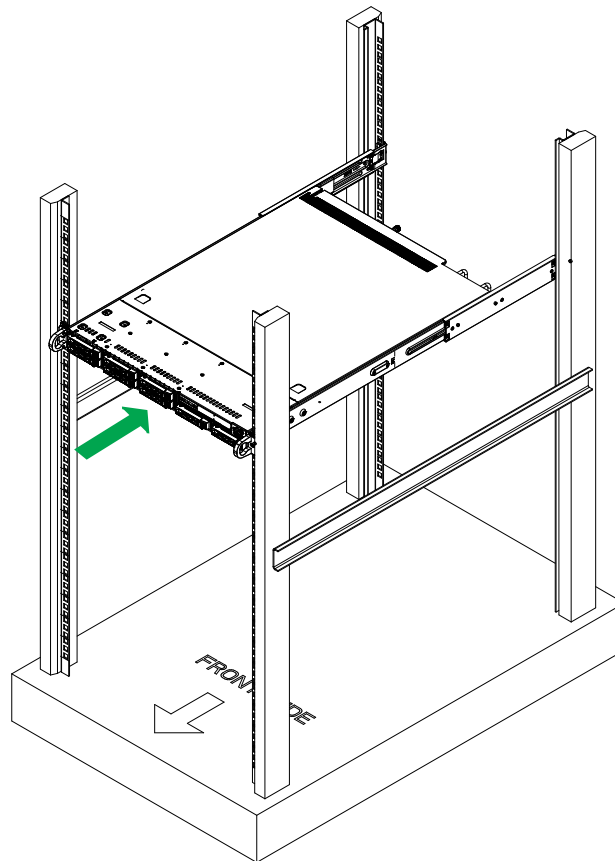


Figure 2-3. Installing the Server into the Rack

Notes: Keep the ball bearing shuttle locked at the front of the middle rail during installation. Figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

Removing the Chassis from the Rack

Caution! It is dangerous for a single person to off-load the heavy chassis from the rack without assistance. Be sure to have sufficient assistance supporting the chassis when removing it from the rack. Use a lift.

1. If necessary, loosen the thumb screws on the front of the chassis that hold it in the rack.
2. Pull the chassis forward out the front of the rack until it stops.
3. Press the release latches on each of the inner rails downward simultaneously and continue to pull the chassis forward and out of the rack.

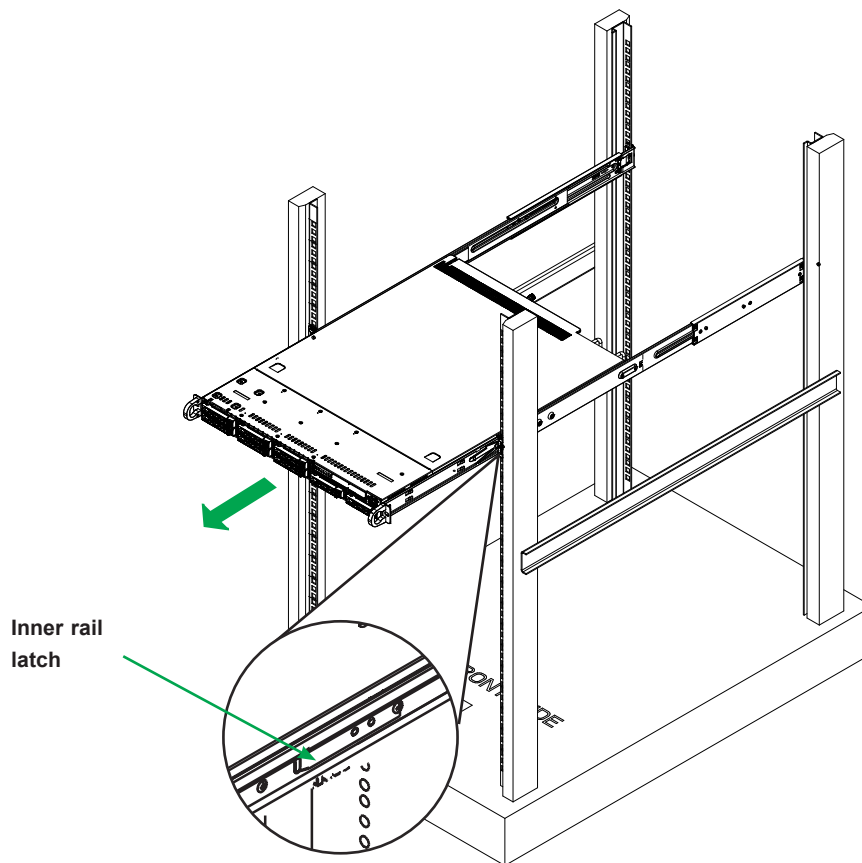


Figure 2-4. Removing the Chassis From the Rack

Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

To install the server into a Telco (or “open”) type rack, use L-shaped brackets (p/n MCP-290-00016-0N) on either side of the chassis (four total).

1. Determine how far the server will extend out from the front of the rack. The chassis should be positioned so that the weight is balanced between front and back.
2. Attach the two front brackets to each side of the chassis, then the two rear brackets positioned with just enough space to accommodate the width of the rack.
3. Finish by sliding the chassis into the rack and tightening the brackets to the rack.

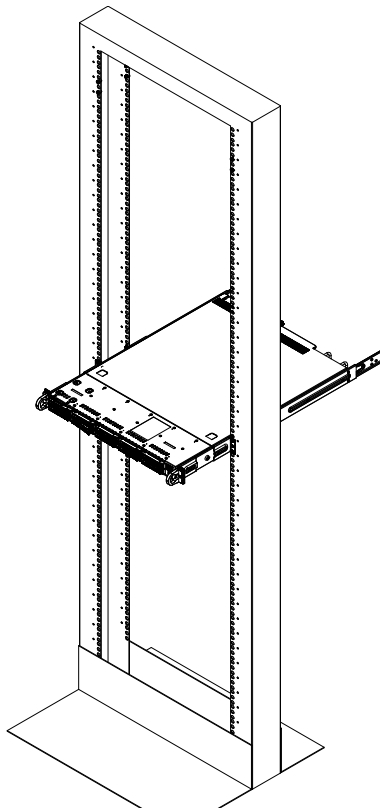


Figure 2-5. Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

Note: The figure above is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers at the bottom of the rack first.

Chapter 3

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

3.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet. (If your system has more than one power supply, remove the AC power cords from all power supply modules.)
3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

Note: This caution statement applies when changing any component or subsystem that is not hot-swap/hot-plug.

3.2 Accessing the System

The chassis features a removable top cover for access to the internal components.

Removing the Top Cover

1. Unscrew the thumbscrew at the rear of the cover and slide the cover toward the rear.
2. Lift the top cover up.

Check that all ventilation openings on the top cover and the top of the chassis are clear and unobstructed.

Caution: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

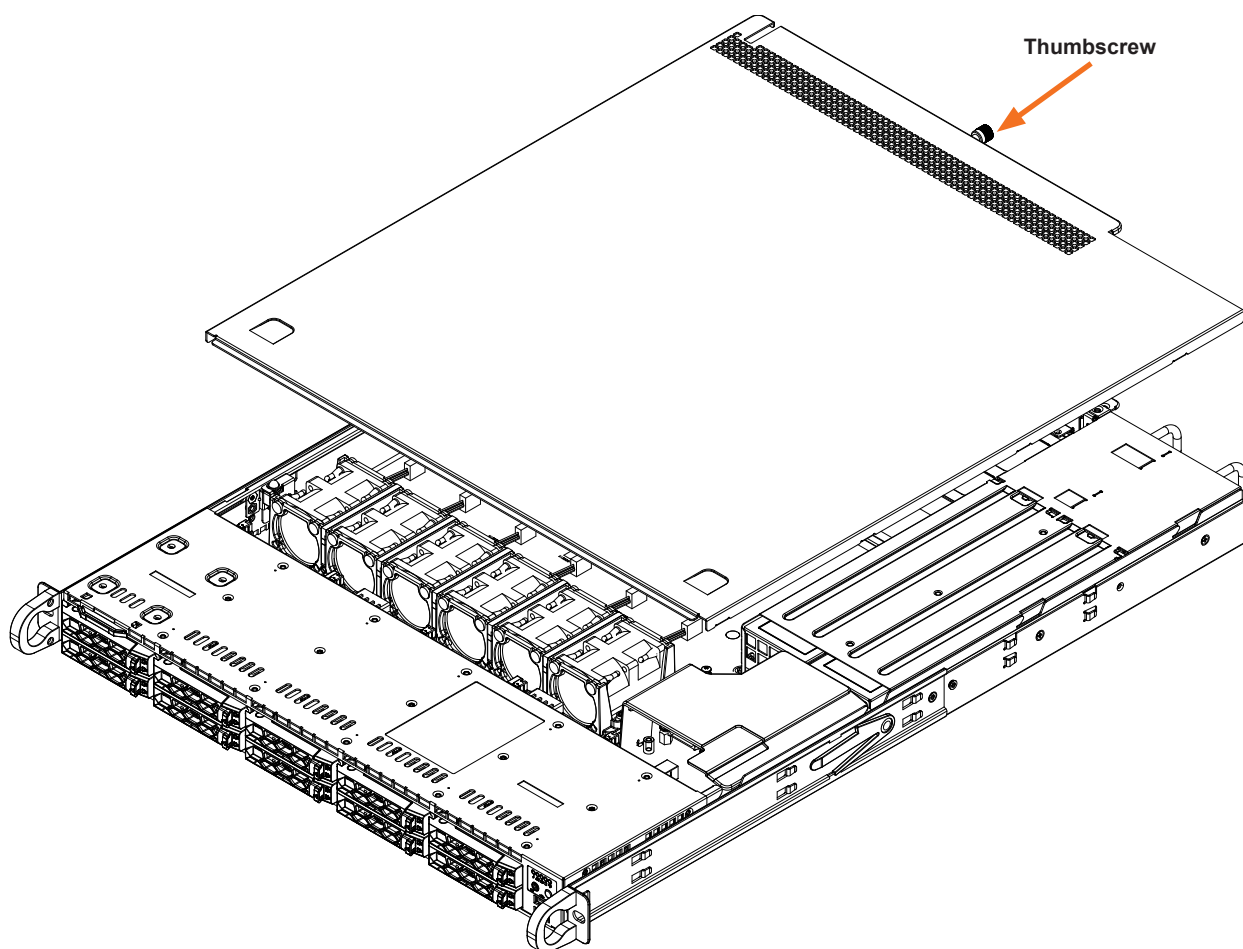


Figure 3-1. Removing the Chassis Cover

3.3 Processor and Heatsink Installation

The processor (CPU) and processor carrier should be assembled together first to form the processor carrier assembly. This will be attached to the heatsink to form the processor heatsink module (PHM) before being installed onto the CPU socket.

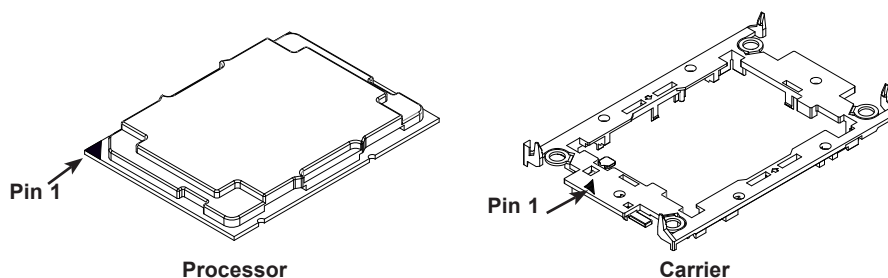
Notes:

- Use ESD protection.
- Unplug the AC power cord from all power supplies.
- Check that the plastic protective cover is on the CPU socket and that none of the socket pins are bent. If they are, contact your retailer.
- When handling the processor, avoid touching or placing direct pressure on the land grid array (gold contacts).
- Improper installation or socket misalignment can cause serious damage to the processor or the socket and may require manufacturer repairs.
- Thermal grease is pre-applied on new heatsinks. No additional thermal grease is needed.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on processor support.
- Graphics in this manual are for illustration only. Your components may look different.

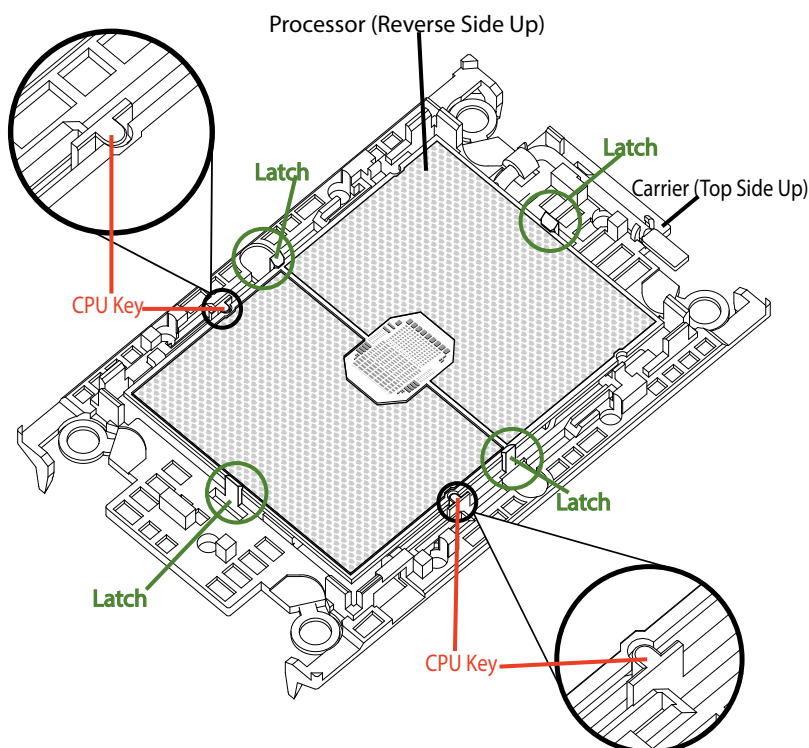
The Processor Carrier Assembly

The processor carrier assembly is comprised of the processor and the processor carrier.

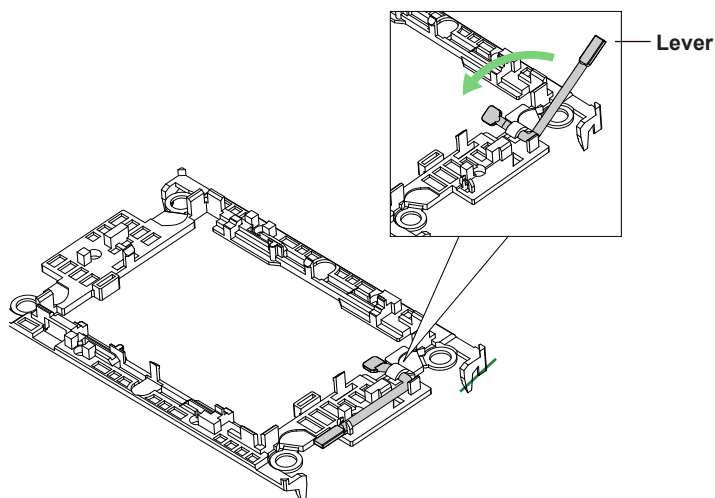
1. Hold the processor with the land grid array (LGA, gold contacts) facing down. Locate the gold triangle at the corner of the processor and the corresponding hollowed triangle on the processor carrier as shown below. These triangles indicate the location of pin 1.



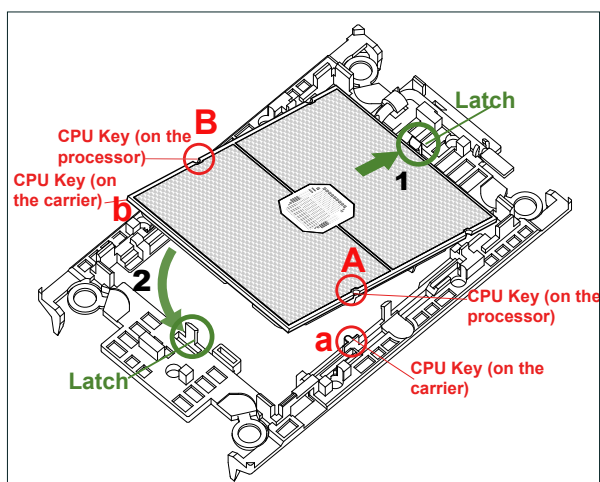
2. Turn the processor over (with the gold LGA up). Locate the CPU keys on the processor and the four latches on the carrier as shown below.



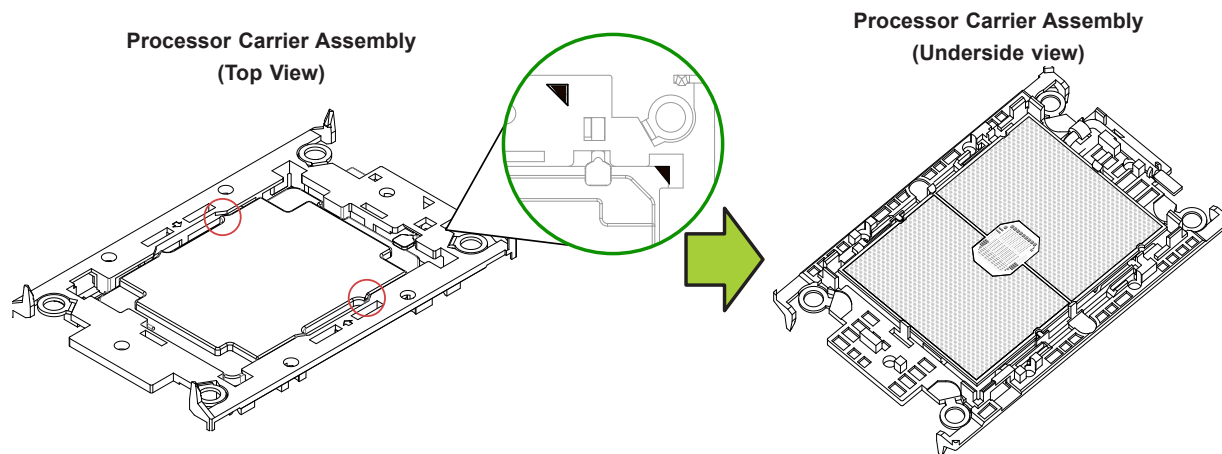
3. Locate the lever on the carrier and, if necessary, press it down as shown below.



4. Align the CPU keys on the processor (A & B) with those on the carrier (a & b) as shown below.



5. Carefully place one end of the processor under latch 1 on the carrier, and then press the other end down until it snaps into latch 2 and is properly seated on the carrier.

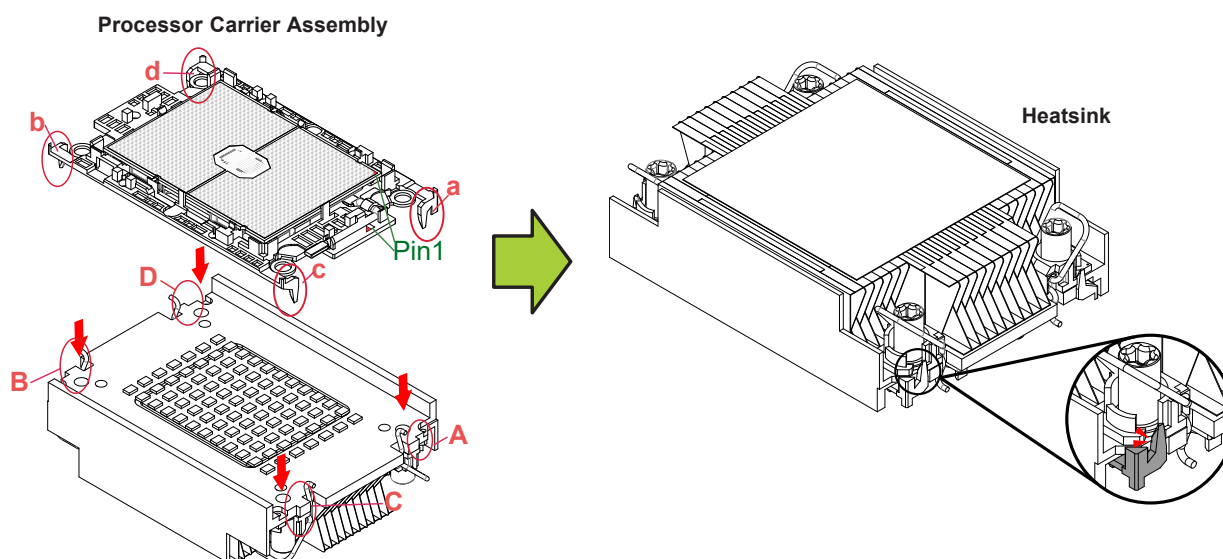


The Processor Heatsink Module (PHM)

After creating the processor carrier assembly, mount the heatsink onto the carrier assembly to form the processor heatsink module (PHM).

Note: If this is a new heatsink, the thermal grease has been pre-applied. Otherwise, apply the proper amount of thermal grease to the underside of the heatsink.

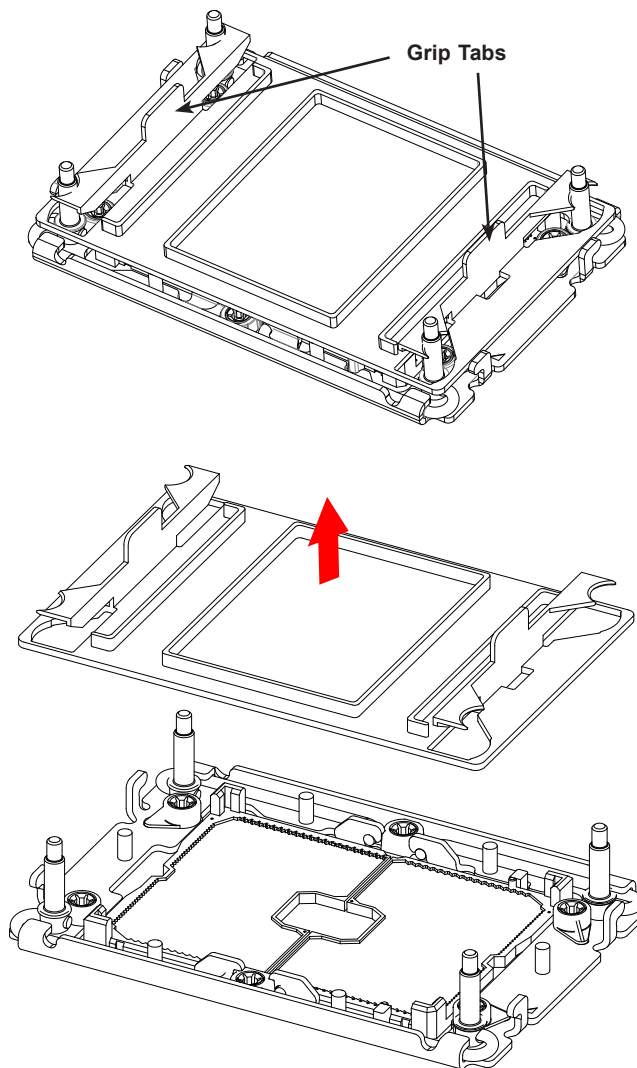
1. Turn the heatsink over with the thermal grease facing up. Note the two triangle cutouts (A, B) located at the diagonal corners of the heatsink as shown in the drawing below.
2. On the processor carrier assembly, find pin 1, as noted by the triangles. Hold the processor carrier assembly over so that the gold LGA is facing up.
3. Align clip "a" (pin 1) on the carrier assembly with the triangular cutout A on the heatsink and b, c, d on the carrier assembly with B, C, D on the heatsink.
4. Push the carrier assembly onto the heatsink, making sure that all four clips on each corner are properly secured.



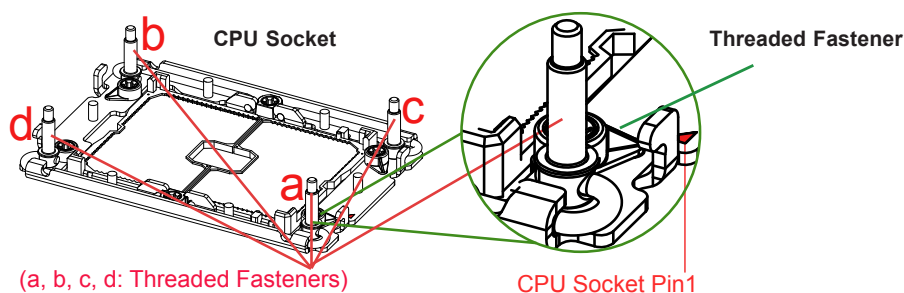
Installing the PHM into the CPU Socket

1. Remove the plastic protective cover from the CPU socket. Gently squeeze the grip tabs then pull the cover off.

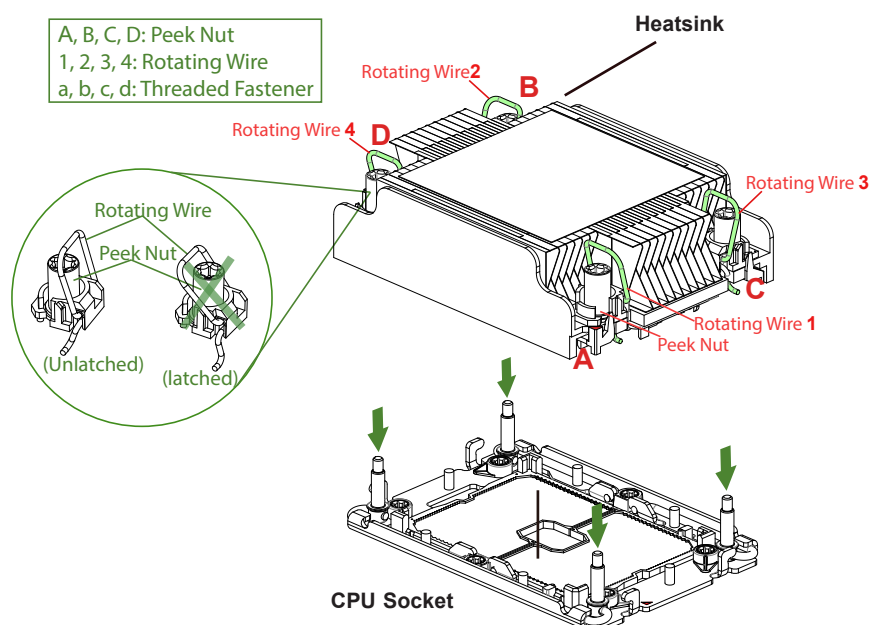
CPU Socket with Plastic Protective Cover



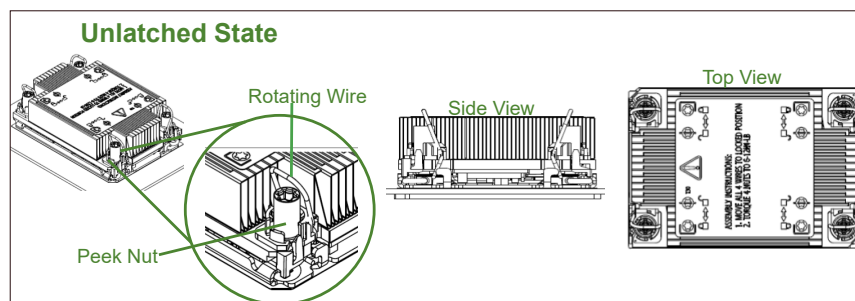
2. Locate four threaded fasteners (a, b, c, d) on the CPU socket.



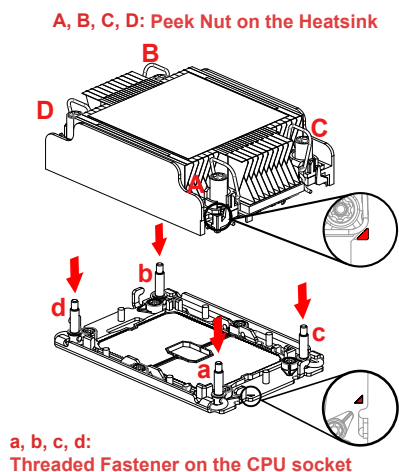
3. Locate four PEEK nuts (A, B, C, D) and four rotating wires (1, 2, 3, 4) on the heatsink as shown below.



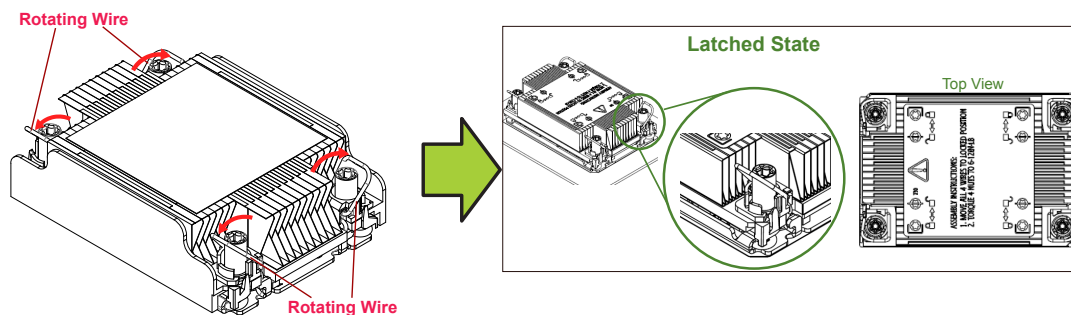
4. Check that the rotating wires (1, 2, 3, 4) are in the unlatched position as shown.



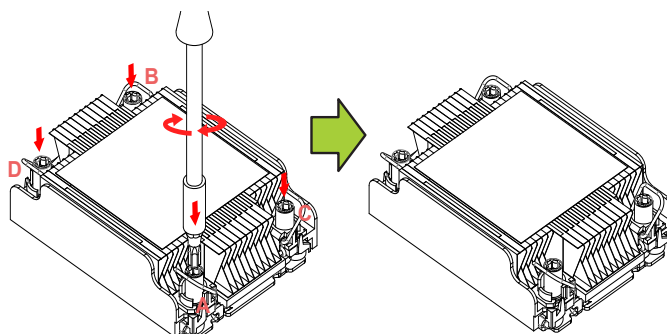
5. Align nut A (next to the triangles and pin 1) on the heatsink with threaded fastener "a" on the CPU socket. Also align nuts B, C, D on the heatsink with threaded fasteners b, c, d on the CPU socket.
6. Gently place the heatsink on the CPU socket, making sure that each nut is properly aligned with its corresponding threaded fastener.



7. Press all four rotating wires outward to latch the PHM onto the CPU socket.



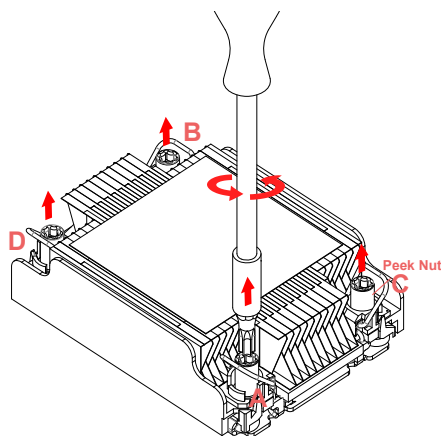
8. With a t30-bit screwdriver, tighten all PEEK nuts in the sequence of A, B, C, and D with even pressure not greater than 12 lbf-in.



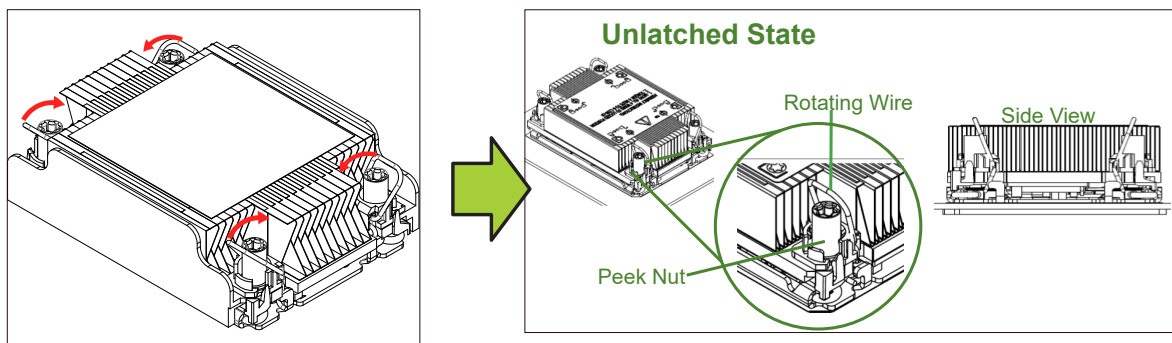
Removing the PHM from the CPU Socket

Be sure the system is shut down and all AC power cords are unplugged.

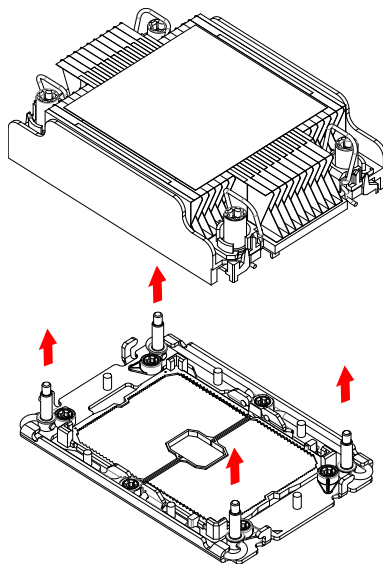
1. Use a t30-bit screwdriver to loosen the four PEEK nuts on the heatsink in the sequence of A, B, C, and D.



2. Press the four rotating wires inward to unlatch the PHM as shown below.

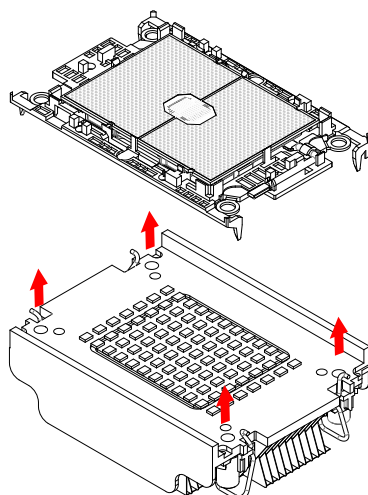
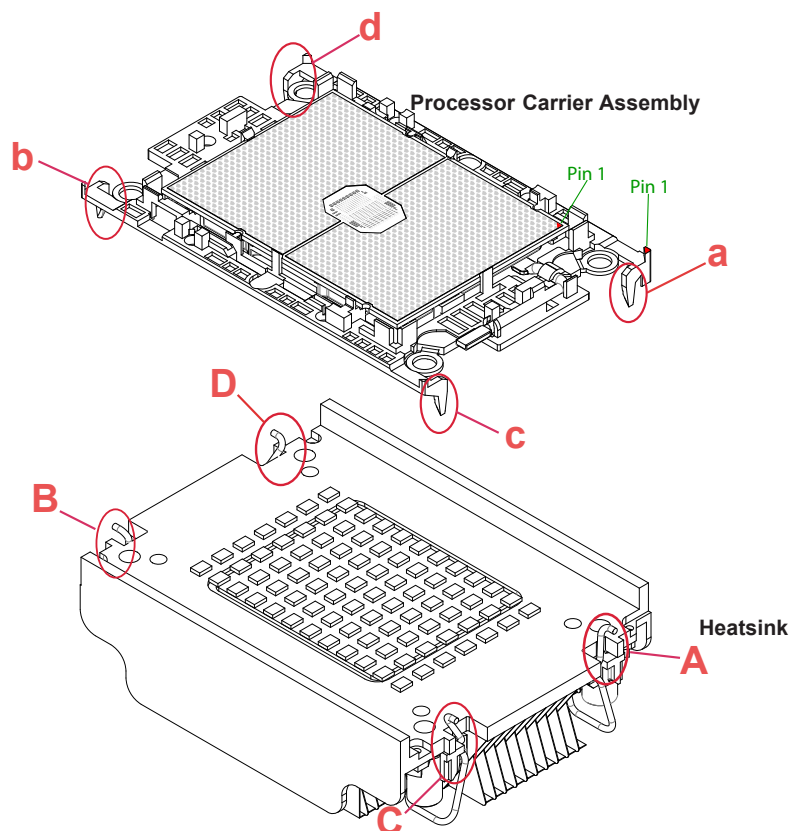


3. Gently lift the PHM upward to remove it from the CPU socket.



Removing the Processor Carrier Assembly from the PHM

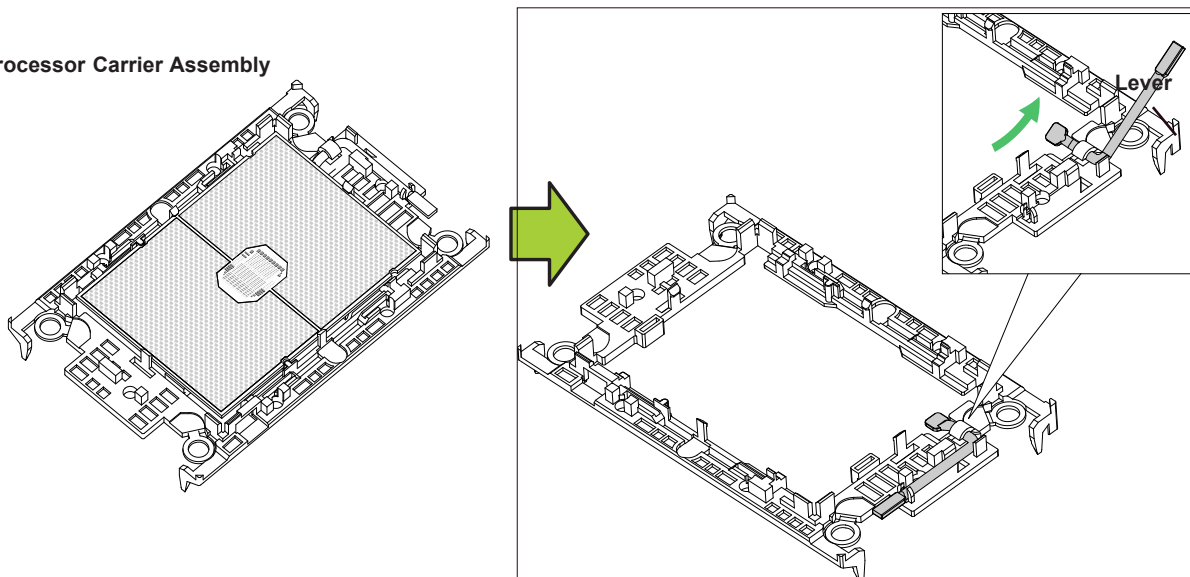
Detach the four plastic clips (a, b, c, d) on the processor carrier assembly from the four corners of the heatsink (A, B, C, D) as shown below, and lift off the processor carrier assembly.



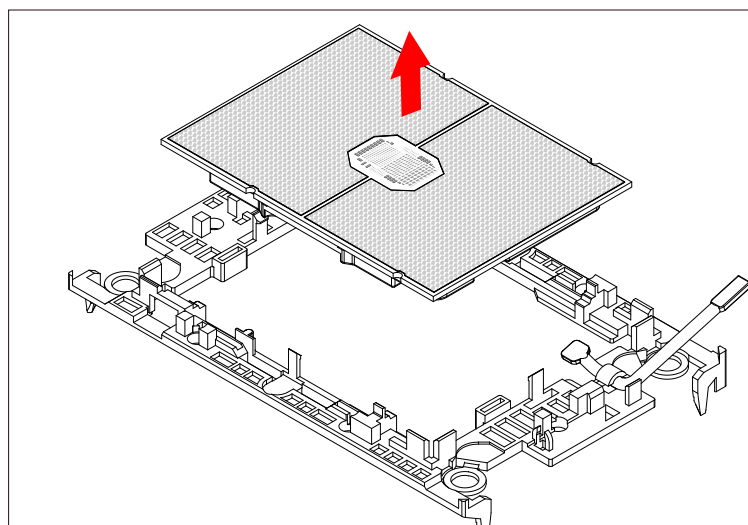
Removing the Processor from the Carrier Assembly

Unlock the lever from its locked position and push it upwards to disengage the processor from the carrier as shown below right. Carefully remove the processor from the carrier.

Processor Carrier Assembly



Note: Handle the processor with care to avoid damage.



3.4 Memory

Memory Support

The X12DDW-A6 has 16 DIMM slots for up to 4TB of 3DS LRDIMM/LRDIMM/3DS RDIMM/RDIMM DDR4 ECC memory or Intel Optane PMem 200 Series with speeds of 3200MHz. Intel Optane PMem is supported by the 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Platinum, Gold and selected Silver processors only. For validated memory, use our [Product Resources page](#).

DDR4 Memory Support for 83xx/63xx/53xx/43xx Processors					
Type	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)		Speed (MT/s)	
		DRAM Density		Two Slots per Channel	
		8 Gb	16 Gb	One DIMM per Channel	Two DIMMs per Channel
RDIMM	SRx8	8GB	16GB	3200*	2933*
	SRx4	16GB	32GB		
	DRx8	16GB	32GB		
	DRx4	32GB	64GB		
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R) x4	2H- 64GB 4H-128GB	2H-128GB 4H-256GB		3200*
LRDIMM	QRx4	64GB	128GB		
LRDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R) x4	4H-128GB	2H-128GB 4H-256GB		3200*

*Only the 83xx and 63xx series support 3200MT/s; for other processors, memory speed as supported by the CPU.

Use the DIMM slots listed below for memory modules. This memory population table is based on guidelines provided by Intel to support Supermicro motherboards.

Memory Population for the X12 DP Motherboard, 16 DIMM Slots	
CPU/DIMMs	Memory Population Sequence
1 CPU & 1 DIMM	A1
1 CPU & 2 DIMMs	A1, E1
1 CPU & 3 DIMMs*	A1, C1, E1
1 CPU & 4 DIMMs	A1, C1, E1, G1
1 CPU & 5 DIMMs*	A1, B1, C1, E1, G1
1 CPU & 6 DIMM	A1, B1, C1, E1, F1, G1
1 CPU & 7 DIMMs*	A1, B1, C1, D1, E1, F1, G1
1 CPU & 8 DIMMs	A1, B1, C1, D1, E1, F1, G1, H1
2 CPUs & 2 DIMMs	CPU1: A1 CPU2: A1
2 CPUs & 4 DIMMs	CPU1: A1, E1 CPU2: A1, E1
2 CPUs & 6 DIMMs*	CPU1: A1, C1, E1, G1 CPU2: A1, E1
2 CPUs & 8 DIMMs	CPU1: A1, C1, E1, G1 CPU2: A1, C1, E1, G1
2 CPUs & 10 DIMMs*	CPU1: A1, B1, C1, E1, F1, G1 CPU2: A1, C1, E1, G1
2 CPUs & 12 DIMMs	CPU1: A1, B1, C1, E1, F1, G1 CPU2: A1, B1, C1, E1, F1, G1
2 CPUs & 14 DIMMs*	CPU1: A1, B1, C1, D1, E1, F1, G1, H1 CPU2: A1, B1, C1, E1, F1, G1
2 CPUs & 16 DIMMs	CPU1: A1, B1, C1, D1, E1, F1, G1, H1 CPU2: A1, B1, C1, D1, E1, F1, G1, H1

*Unbalanced, not recommended.

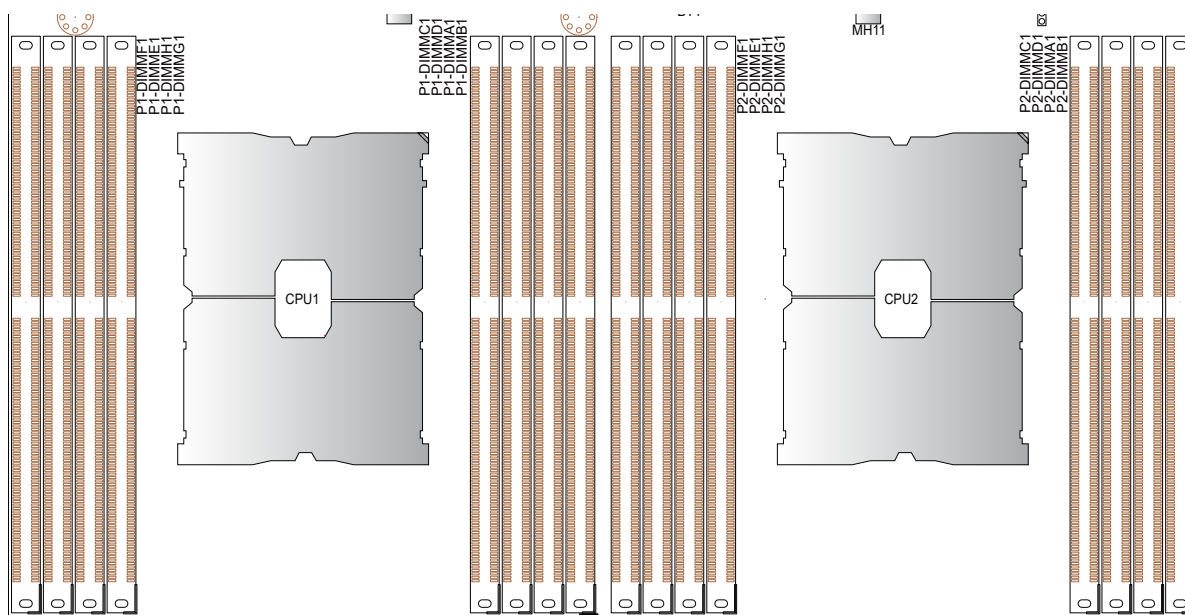


Figure 3-2. Memory Slots

Optane PMem Population

Intel Optane PMem 200 Series, up to 8TB of PMem and 4TB DDR4.

Symmetric Population for Each CPU with PMem										
DIMMs & PMem	Modes	AD interleave	DIMM							
			F1	E1	H1	G1	C1	D1	A1	B1
4 DIMM 4 PMem	AD MM AD+MM	1 - x4	PMem	DDR4	PMem	DDR4	DDR4	PMem	DDR4	PMem
		2 - x2	DDR4	PMem	PMem	DDR4	DDR4	PMem	PMem	DDR4
		1 - x4	DDR4	PMem	DDR4	PMem	PMem	DDR4	PMem	DDR4
		2 - x2	PMem	DDR4	DDR4	PMem	PMem	DDR4	DDR4	PMem
6 DIMM 1 PMem	AD	One - x1	DDR4	DDR4		DDR4	DDR4	PMem	DDR4	DDR4
				DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	PMem
			DDR4	DDR4	PMem	DDR4	DDR4		DDR4	DDR4
			PMem	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	
			DDR4	DDR4	DDR4		PMem	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4
			DDR4		DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	PMem	DDR4
			DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	PMem		DDR4	DDR4	DDR4
			DDR4	PMem	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4	DDR4		DDR4

AD: App Direct, MM: Memory Mode

Validation Matrix (DDR4 DIMMs Validated with PMem 200 Series)			
DIMM Type (up to 3200)	Ranks Per DIMM & Data Width (Stack)	DIMM Capacity (GB)	
		DRAM Density	
		4Gb	8Gb
RDIMM	1Rx8	N/A	N/A
	1Rx4	16GB	32GB
	2Rx8	16GB	32GB
	2Rx4	32GB	64GB
RDIMM 3DS	4Rx4 (2H)	N/A	128GB
	8Rx4 (4H)	NA	256GB
LRDIMM	4Rx4	64GB	128GB
LRDIMM 3DS	4Rx4 (2H)	N/A	N/A
	8Rx4 (4H)	126GB	256GB

Optane PMem Notes

- PMem is supported by the 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Platinum, Gold and selected Silver processors only
- Matrix targets configs for optimized PMem to DRAM cache ratio in MM and MM + AD modes.
- For each individual population, different PMem rearrangements among channels are permitted so long as the configuration does not break X12 DP Memory population rules.
- Ensure the same DDR4 DIMM type and capacity are used for each DDR4 + PMem population.
- If the system detects an unvalidated config, then the system issues a BIOS warning. The CLI functionality is limited in non-POR configurations, and select commands will not be supported.

Memory Population Guidelines

- All DIMMs must be DDR4.
- Balance memory. Using unbalanced memory topology, such as populating two DIMMs in one channel while populating one DIMM in another channel, reduces performance. It is not recommended for Supermicro systems.
- In dual-CPU configurations, memory must be installed in the slots associated with the installed CPUs.
- For MM, NM/FM ratio is between 1:4 and 1:16. The capacity not used for FM can be used for AD. (NM = Near Memory; FM = Far Memory).

Guidelines Regarding Mixing DIMMs

- Populating slots with a pair of DIMM modules of the same type and size results in interleaved memory, which improves memory performance.
- Use memory modules of the same type and speed, as mixing is not allowed.
- x4 and x8 DIMMs can be mixed in the same channel.
- Mixing of LRDIMMs and RDIMMs is not allowed in the same channel, across different channels, and across different sockets. No mixing of PMem and NVDIMMs within the platform
- Mixing of non-3DS and 3DS LRDIMM is not allowed in the same channel, across different channels, and across different sockets.

DIMM Construction

- RDIMM (*non-3DS*) Raw Cards: A/B (2Rx4), C (1Rx4), D (1Rx8), E (2Rx8)
- 3DS RDIMM Raw Cards: A/B (4Rx4)
- LRDIMM (*non-3DS*) Raw Cards: D/E (4Rx4)
- 3DS LRDIMM Raw Cards: A/B (8Rx4)

Memory Population Sequence

Blue slots versus black slots: Install the first DIMM in the blue memory slot, which is the first of a memory channel. Then, if using two DIMMs per channel, install the second DIMM in the black slot.

Installing Memory

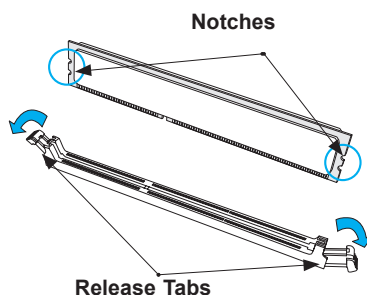
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components including memory modules. To avoid damaging DIMM modules, it is important to handle them carefully. The following measures are generally sufficient.

- Use a grounded wrist strap designed to prevent static discharge.
- Handle the memory module by its edges only.
- Put the memory modules into the antistatic bags when not in use.

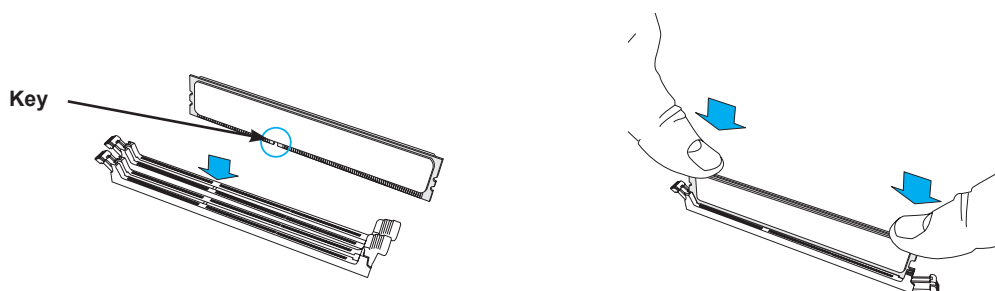
Installing Memory

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1. Follow the memory population sequence in the table above.

1. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.



2. Align the key of the DIMM with the receptive point on the memory slot and with your thumbs on both ends of the module, press it straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.



3. Press the release tabs to the locked position to secure the DIMM module into the slot.

Caution: Exercise extreme caution when installing or removing memory modules to prevent damage to the DIMMs or slots.

Removing Memory

To remove a DIMM, unlock the release tabs then pull the DIMM from the memory slot.

3.5 Motherboard Battery

The motherboard uses non-volatile memory to retain system information when system power is removed. This memory is powered by a lithium battery residing on the motherboard.

Replacing the Battery

Begin by [removing power](#) from the system.

1. Push aside the small clamp that covers the edge of the battery. When the battery is released, lift it out of the holder.
2. To insert a new battery, slide one edge under the lip of the holder with the positive (+) side facing up. Then push the other side down until the clamp snaps over it.

Note: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

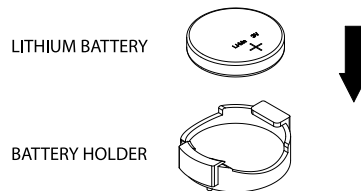


Figure 3-3. Installing the Onboard Battery

Warning: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed upside down (which reverses its polarities). This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032).

3.6 Storage Drives

The system supports ten hot-swap 2.5" NVMe/SAS/SATA storage drives in hybrid bays. An optional controller card kit is required to support SAS.

The drives are mounted in tool-less drive carriers that simplify their removal from the chassis. These carriers also help promote proper airflow. Each carrier has a small space on the front to receive a label, orange or purple, to help distinguish NVMe or SAS/SATA.

Note: Enterprise level hard disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro servers. For compatible storage drives, see the [X12DDW-A6 motherboard web page](#).

Installing Drives

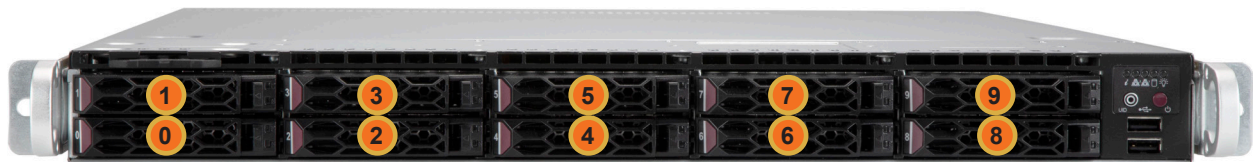


Figure 3-4. Logical Drive Numbers

Removing a Hot-Swap Drive Carrier from the Chassis

1. Push the release button on the drive carrier, which will extend the drive carrier handle.
2. Use the drive carrier handle to pull the drive out of the chassis.

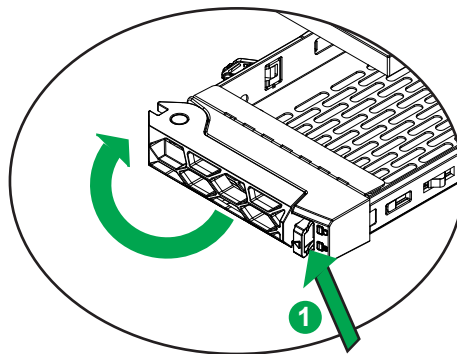
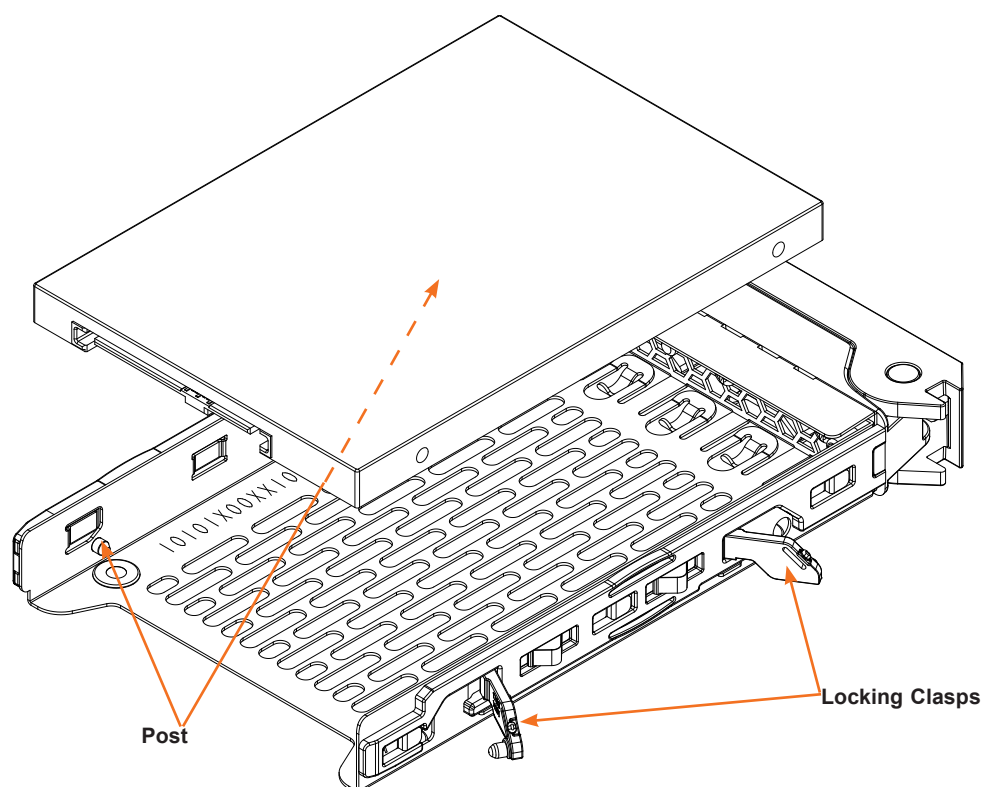


Figure 3-5. Removing a Drive Carrier

Installing a Drive

1. Remove the dummy drive, which comes pre-installed in the drive carrier. Pull out the two locking clasps on the left outside of the carrier and lift out the dummy drive.
2. Position the drive above the carrier with the PCB side facing down and the connector end toward the rear of the carrier.

**Figure 3-6. Installing a Drive into a Carrier**

3. Tilt the drive to insert it onto the two posts on the right inside of the carrier.
4. Pull out the two spring locking clasps and allow the drive to sit fully in the carrier, then close them to secure the drive.
5. Insert the drive carrier into its bay, keeping the release button on the right. When the carrier reaches the rear of the bay, the release handle will retract.
6. Push the handle in until it clicks into its locked position

Hot-Swap for NVMe Drives

Supermicro servers support NVMe surprise hot-swap. For even better data security, NVMe orderly hot-swap is recommended. NVMe drives can be ejected and replaced remotely using the BMC Dashboard.

Note: If you are using VROC, see the [VROC section](#) in this manual instead.

Ejecting a Drive

1. **BMC Dashboard > Server Health > NVMe SSD**
2. Select Device, Group and Slot, and click **Eject**. After ejecting, the drive Status LED indicator turns green.
3. Remove the drive.

Note that *Device* and *Group* are categorized by the CPLD design architecture.

Slot is the slot number on which the NVMe drives are mounted.

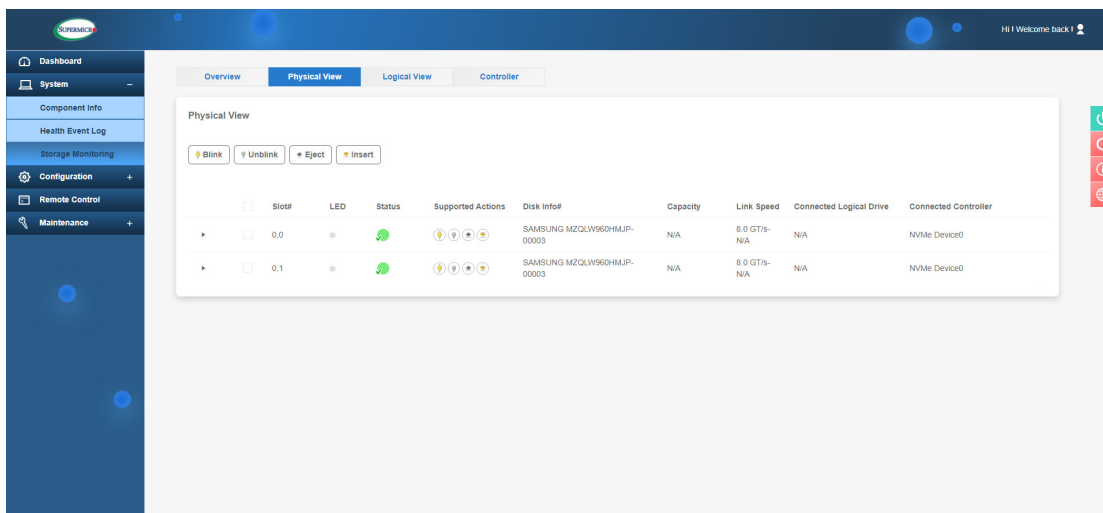


Figure 3-7. BMC Dashboard Screenshot

Replacing the Drive

1. Insert the replacement drive.
2. **BMC Dashboard > Server Health > NVMe SSD**
3. Select Device, Group and slot and click **Insert**. The drive Status LED indicator flashes red, then turns off. The Activity LED turns blue.

Checking the Temperature of an NVMe Drive

There are two ways to check using the BMC Dashboard.

Checking a Drive

- **BMC Dashboard > Server Health > NVMe SSD** – Shows the temperatures of all NVMe drives.
- **BMC Dashboard > Server Health > Sensor Reading > NVME_SSD** – Shows the single highest temperature among all the NVMe drives.

3.7 System Cooling

Fans

Six 4-cm counter-rotating fans provide the cooling for the system. Each fan unit is actually made up of two fans joined back-to-back, which rotate in opposite directions. This counter-rotating action generates exceptional airflow and works to dampen vibration levels.

Fan speed is controlled by the BMC. If a fan fails, the remaining fans will ramp up to full speed (100% duty) to compensate the cooling loss. In addition, the front control panel LED will blink at 1 Hz to indicate fan failure. Replace any failed fan at your earliest convenience with the same type and model.

Make sure the chassis top cover makes a good seal so air circulates properly through the chassis.

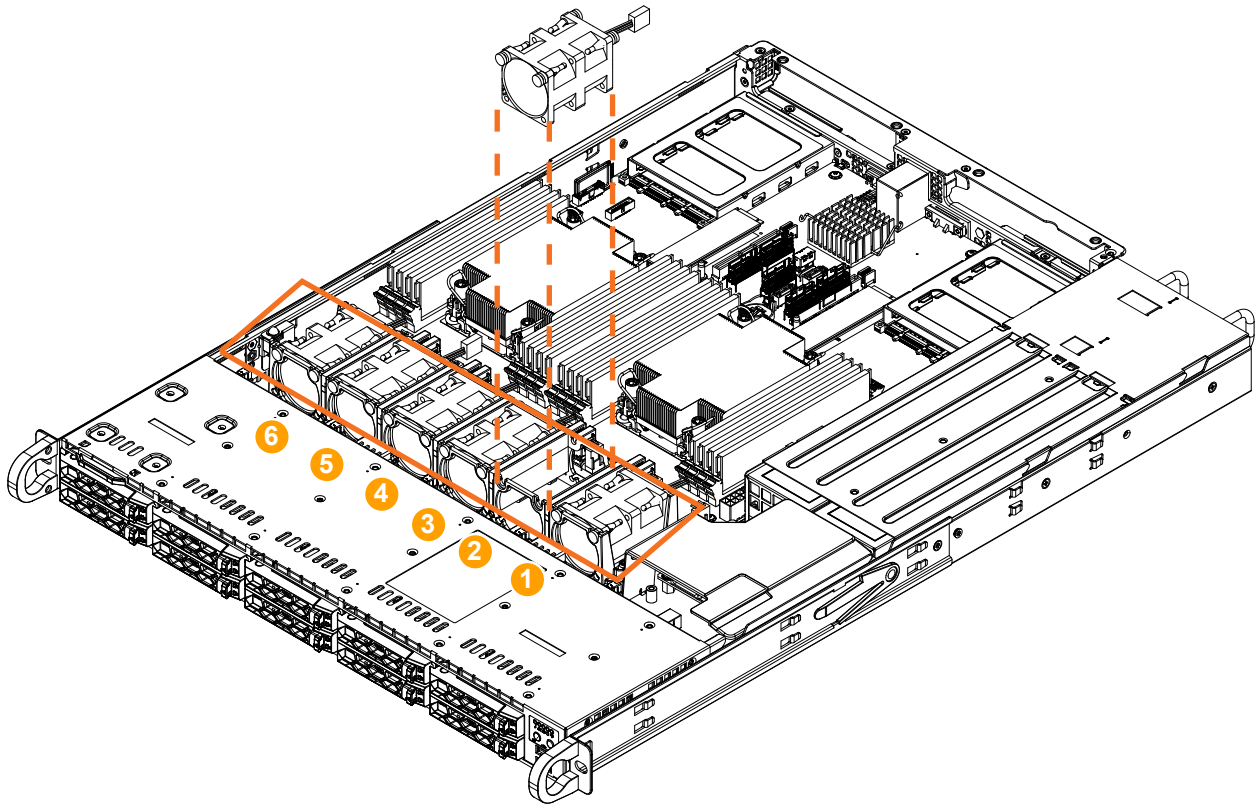


Figure 3-8. Fan Positions

Changing a System Fan

1. Determine which fan is failing. If possible, use the BMC. Remove the chassis lid to examine the fans.
2. [Power down](#) the system.

3. Remove the power cable of the failed fan from the motherboard. ([Diagram](#))
4. Hold down fan housing with one hand and use the other to lift up the failed fan from the housing and out of the chassis.
5. Place the replacement fan into the vacant space in the housing while checking proper orientation. Ensure the mounting pins are secured in the housing.
6. Connect the fan power cable to the motherboard.
7. Confirm the fans are working properly before closing the chassis lid.

Air Shrouds

Air shrouds concentrate airflow to maximize fan efficiency. They do not require screws to install.

Installing the Standard Air Shrouds

- Position the air shrouds as illustrated in the figure below, sliding the front over the edge of the fan tray.

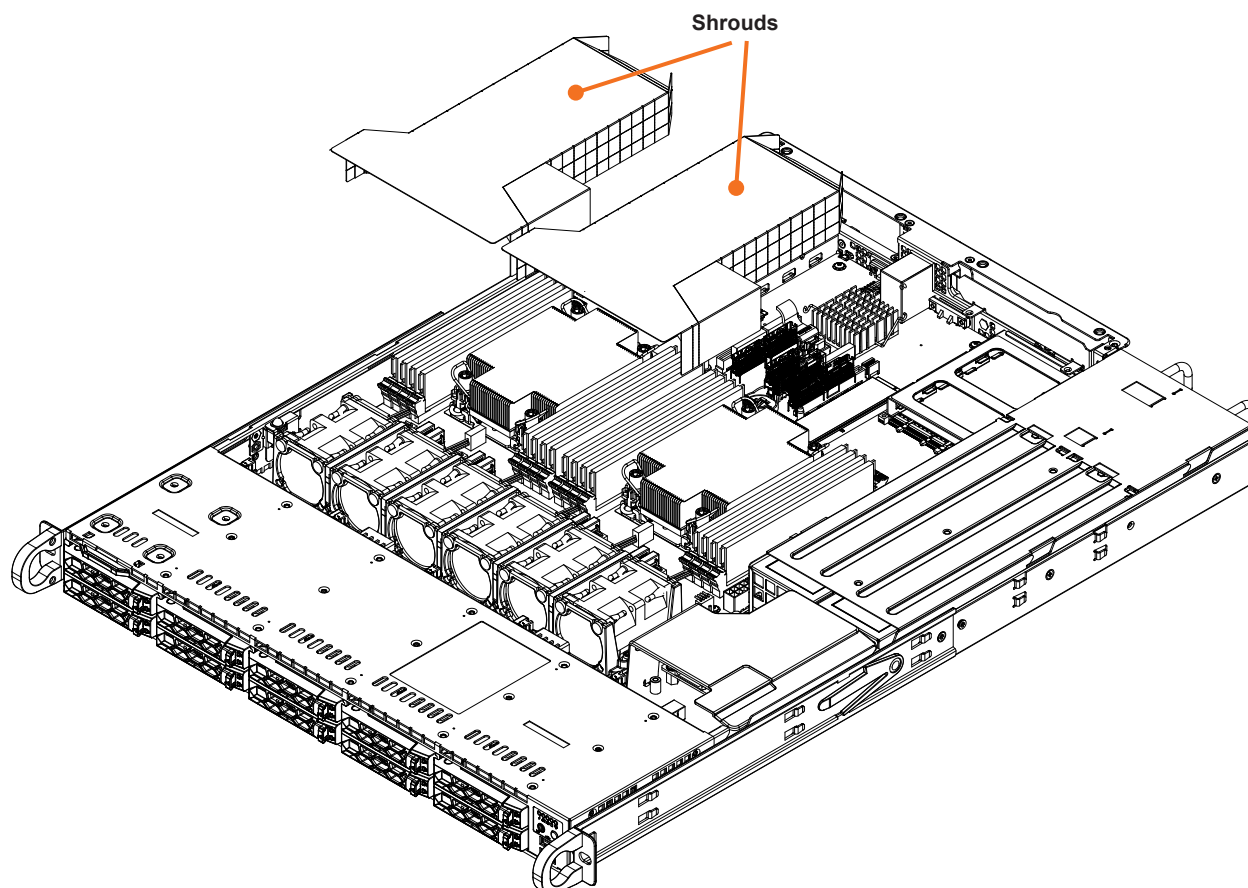


Figure 3-9. Installing the Air Shrouds

3.8 Power Supply

The chassis features redundant power supplies. The system will continue to operate if one module fails. It should be replaced as soon as possible. The power supply modules are hot-swappable, meaning they can be changed without powering down the system. New units can be ordered directly from Supermicro or authorized distributors.

These power supplies are auto-switching capable. This feature enables them to automatically sense the input voltage and operate at a 100-120v or 180-240v.

Power Supply LEDs

On the rear of the power supply module, an LED displays the status.

Power Supply Indicator	
LED Color and State	Power Supply Condition
Solid Green	Indicates that the power supply is on and working
Solid Amber	Indicates system is off (in S5 state) or power supply failure has occurred. For the latter case, the system might need servicing. Contact Supermicro technical support.
Off	No AC power to module

Changing the Power Supply Module:

1. Unplug the AC cord from the module to be replaced.
2. On the back of the module, push the release tab sideways.
3. Pull the module out using the handle.
4. Push the new power supply module into the power bay until it clicks. Replace with the same model.
5. Plug the AC power cord back into the module.



Figure 3-10. Replacing the Power Supply

3.9 AIOM Cards

The system supports up to two advanced input/output module (AIOM) network port cards, PCIe 4.0.

AIOM Configurations		
Slot	Mechanical	Electrical
A1	Small Form Factor, OCP 3.0	x16 (CPU1)
A2	Small Form Factor, OCP 3.0	x16 (CPU2)



Figure 3-11. AIOM Chassis Slots

Installing AIOM

1. Remove the blank cover plate(**A1** or **A2**), unscrewing the thumbscrew.
2. Slide the AIOM card in the opening until it seats in the motherboard slot.
3. Secure with the thumbscrew.

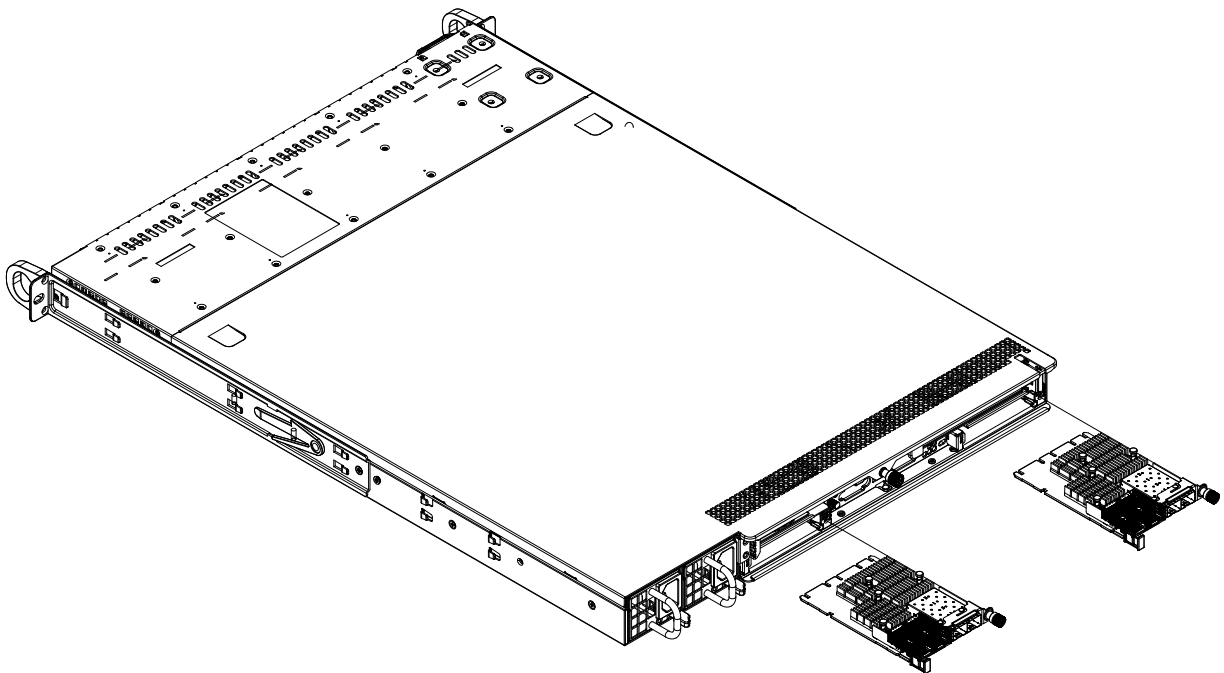


Figure 3-12. Installing AIOMs

3.10 PCIe Expansion Cards

The system accepts two full-height, half-length expansion cards, mounted on riser cards and brackets.



Figure 3-13. Expansion Card Slots in the Chassis

Expansion Card Configurations		
Slot	Mechanical	Electrical
1	Full-height, half-length	x16 (CPU1)
2	Full-height, half-length	x16 (CPU2)

Full-height = 4.2", Half-length = 6.6"

Installing an Expansion Card

1. Power down the system as described in [section 3.1](#) and remove the cover.
2. Pull the riser bracket up and out using the pull-tabs.

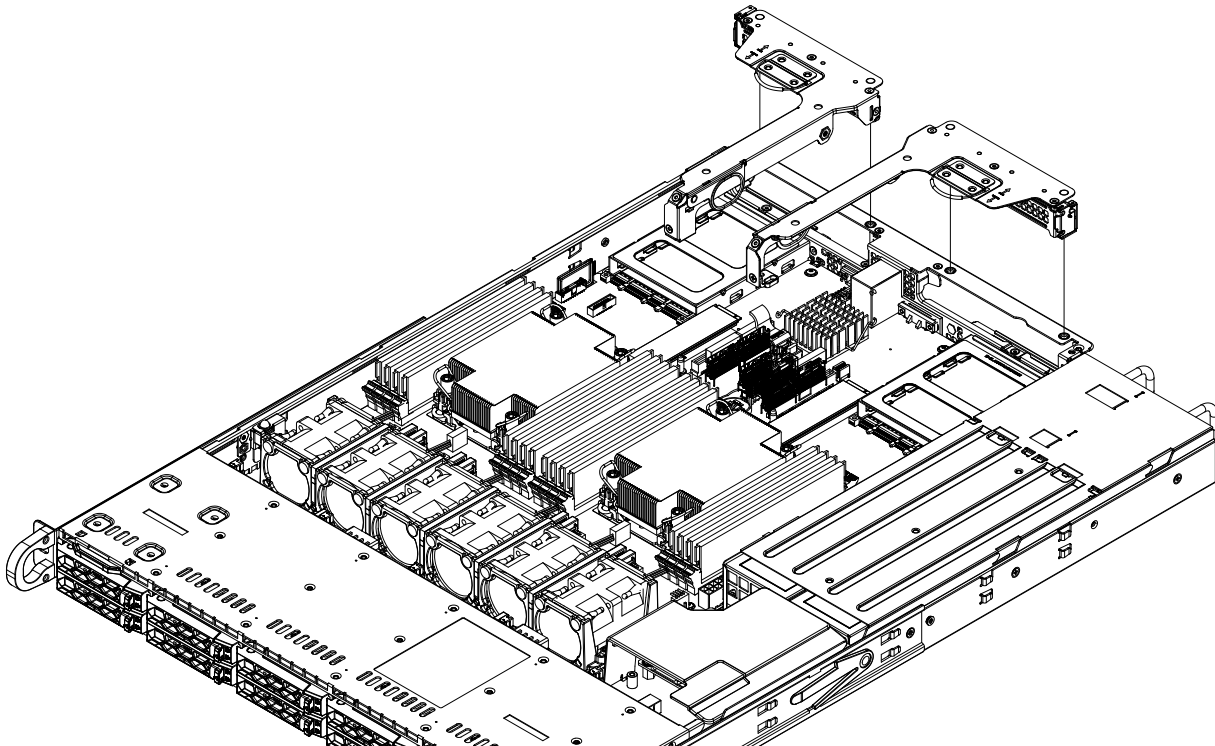


Figure 3-14. Riser Card Bracket and Expansion Slots

3. Insert the expansion card into a slot on the riser card while aligning the expansion card backplate with the open slot in the rear of the chassis. Flip the small plastic lever to secure the backplate.
4. Insert the riser card into the motherboard expansion slot while aligning the riser card bracket with the rear of the chassis. There are two guide pins on the rear of the riser bracket, and one guide pin on the motherboard.

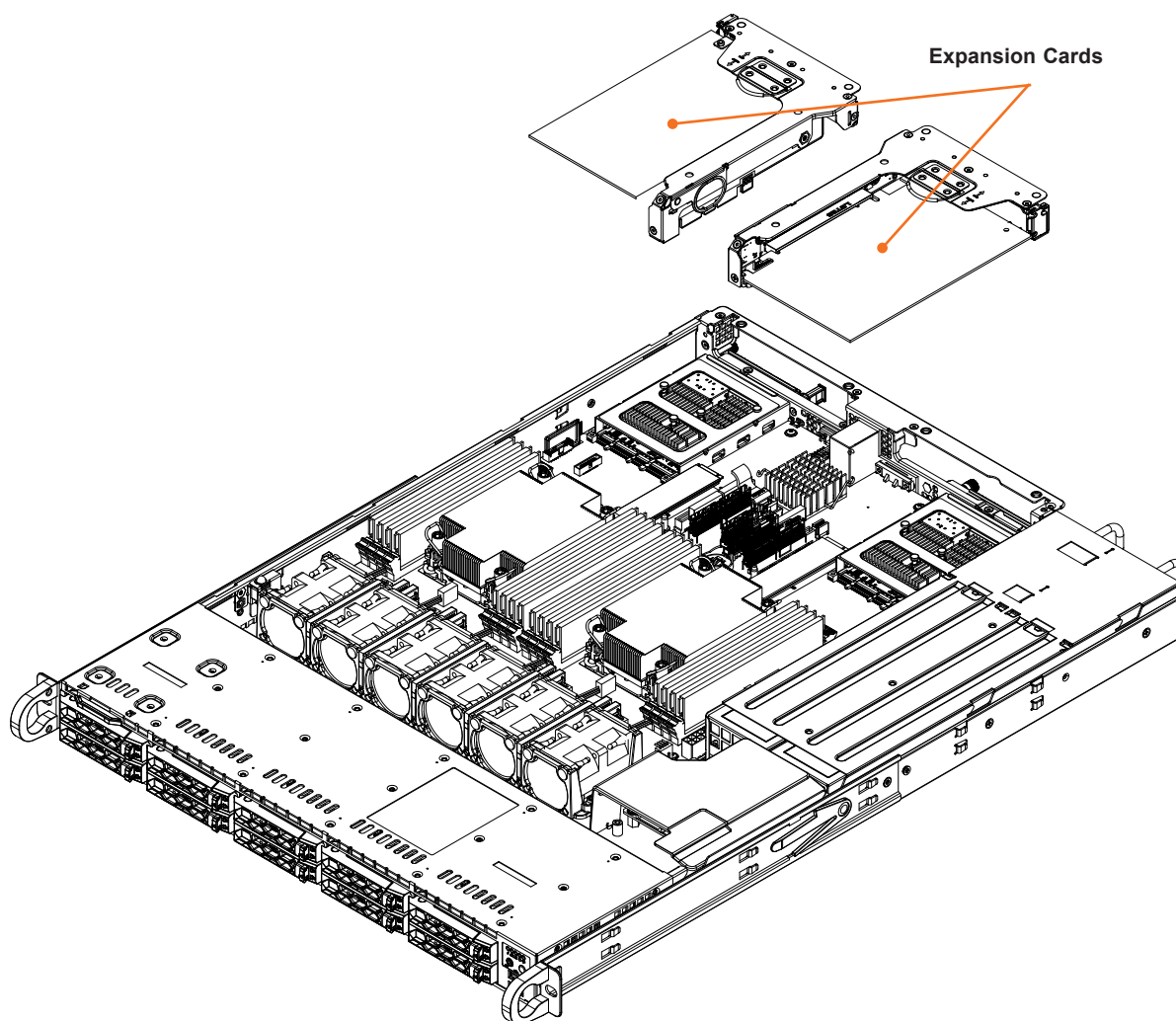


Figure 3-15. Example Expansion Cards

PCIe Bifurcation Settings

By default, the BIOS will set bifurcation according to the detected PCIe card. Bifurcation settings can be found in the BIOS under **Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > CPU1/CPU2 Configuration**.

Motherboard connector JPCIE3 can provide PCIe lanes to support more NVMe drives, if any. For NVMe, refer to [data cable routing table](#).

If the system configuration deviates from the standard supported setup—for example different riser cards or NVMe routing—bifurcation may need to be set manually.

BIOS IIO Mapping to Motherboard			
CPU	PCIe Port	Motherboard Connectors	Note
CPU1	IOU0	JPCIE1 and 2	No connection
	IOU1	JLUIO2	RSC-D-6G4 (rear slot 1)
	IOU3	JAOM1	AIOM slot P1-AIOM
	IOU4	P1_NVME0 to 3	Four NVMe ports from CPU 1
CPU2	IOU0	JAOM2	AIOM slot P2-AIOM
	IOU1	JRUIO2	RSC-DR-6G4 (rear slot 2)
	IOU3	JPCIE3 and 4	Additional NVMe from JPCIE3
	IOU4	P2_NVME0 to 3	Four NVMe ports from CPU 2

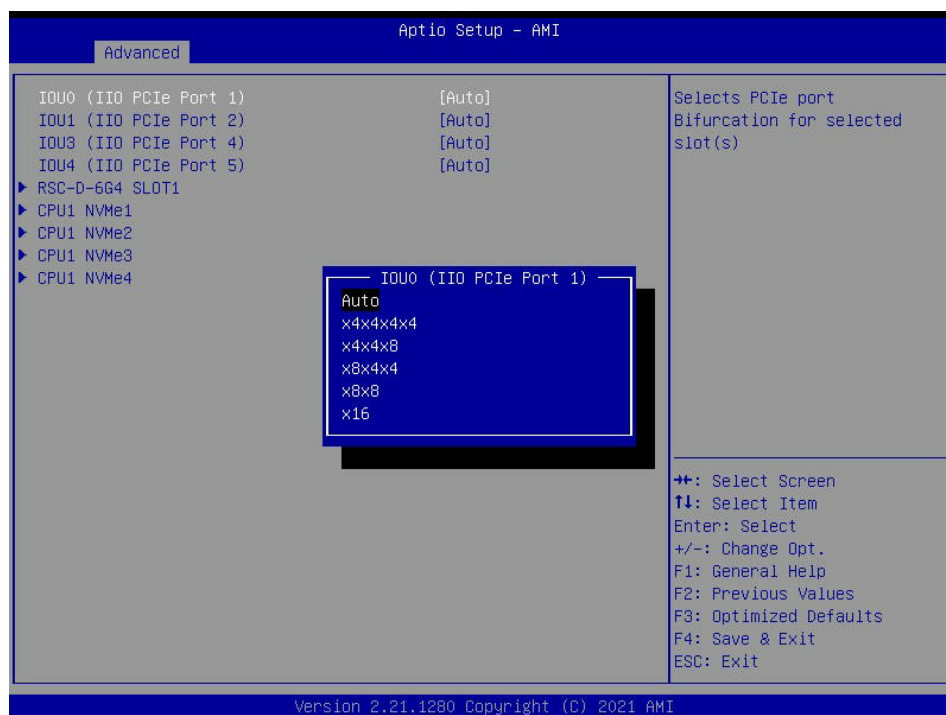


Figure 3-16. BIOS Screen for PCIe Bifurcation Settings

3.11 Cable Routing

Use this section to route or reroute cables. Proper routing is important to maintain airflow through the system.

Cable part numbers and descriptions are available at the [Online Cable Matrix](#).

Data Cables Routing	
No. of Drives	Motherboard Connections to Backplane
NVMe	P1_NVME0 + P1_NVME1 to NVME1 P1_NVME2 + P1_NVME3 to NVME2 JPCIE3/P2_PCIE0 to NVME3 P2_NVME0 + P2_NVME1 to NVME4 P2_NVME2 + P1_NVME3 to NVME5
SATA, 10	S-SATA0-3 to CN1 I-SATA0-5 to CN2 + CN3

Note: Bifurcation may need to change in the BIOS settings if cable connections are customized.

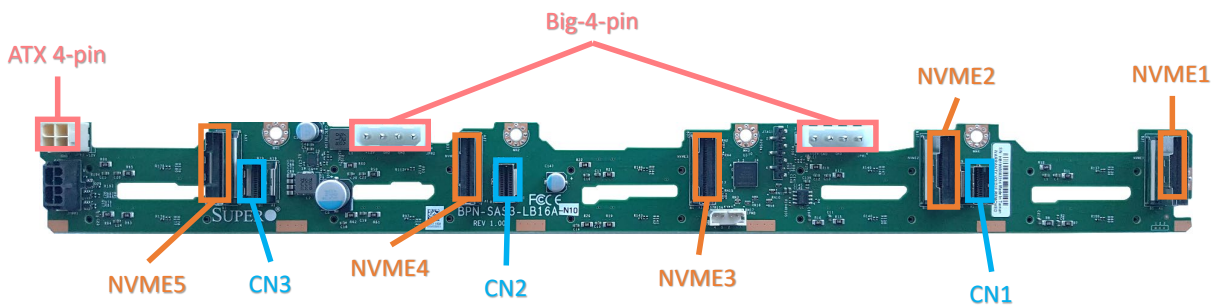


Figure 3-17. Backplane Cable Routing Diagram
Backplane BPN-SAS3-LB16A-N10 ([manual](#))

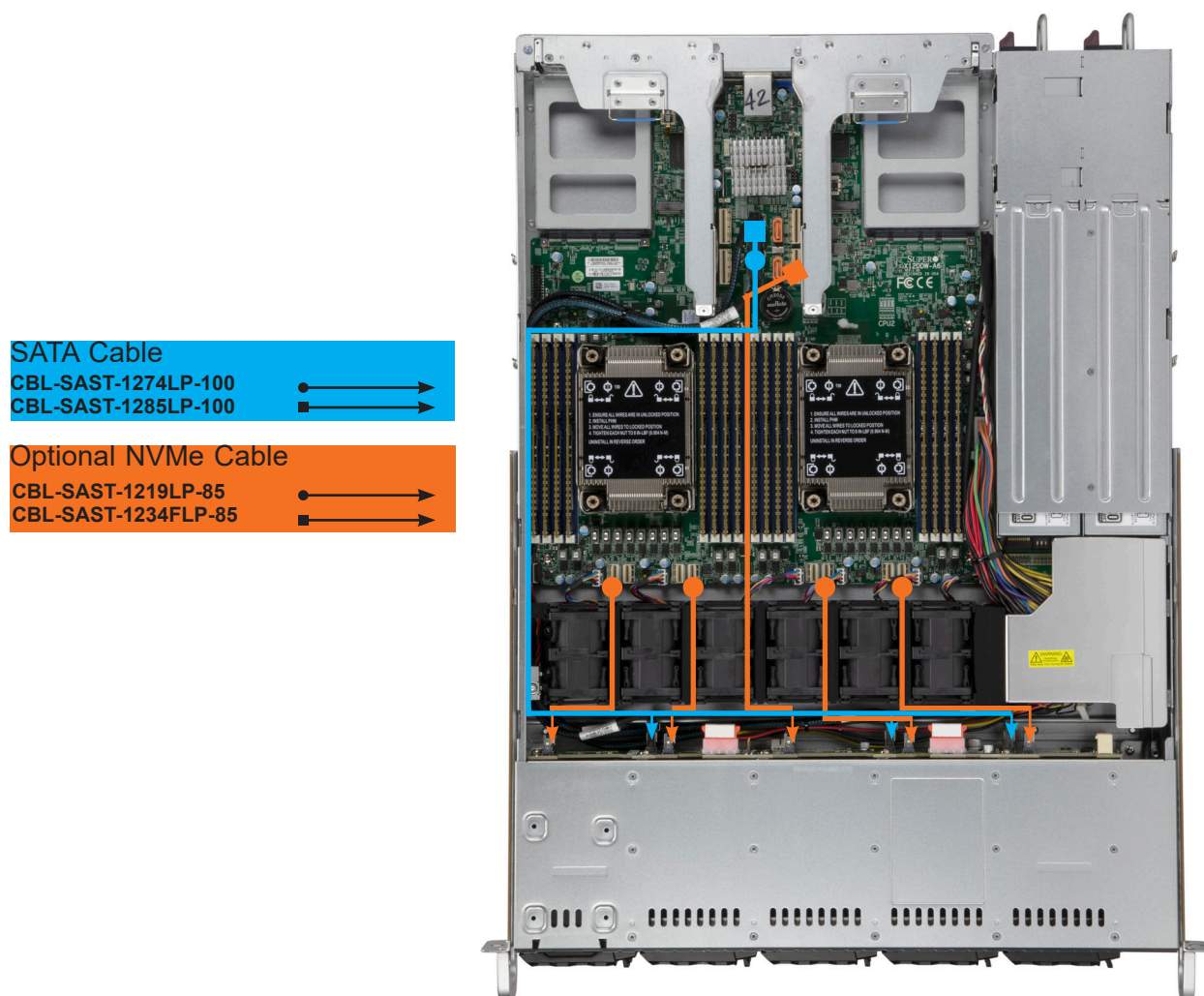


Figure 3-18. Storage Cable Routing Diagram

Note: NVMe cables are routed between the fans. Remove the black foam pads between the fans to install the cables.

Backplane Power Cable, big 4-pin

Front USB Cable, 10-pin

Front Panel Control Cable, 20-pin

Fan Cable, 4-pin

Chassis Intrusion Cable, 2-pin

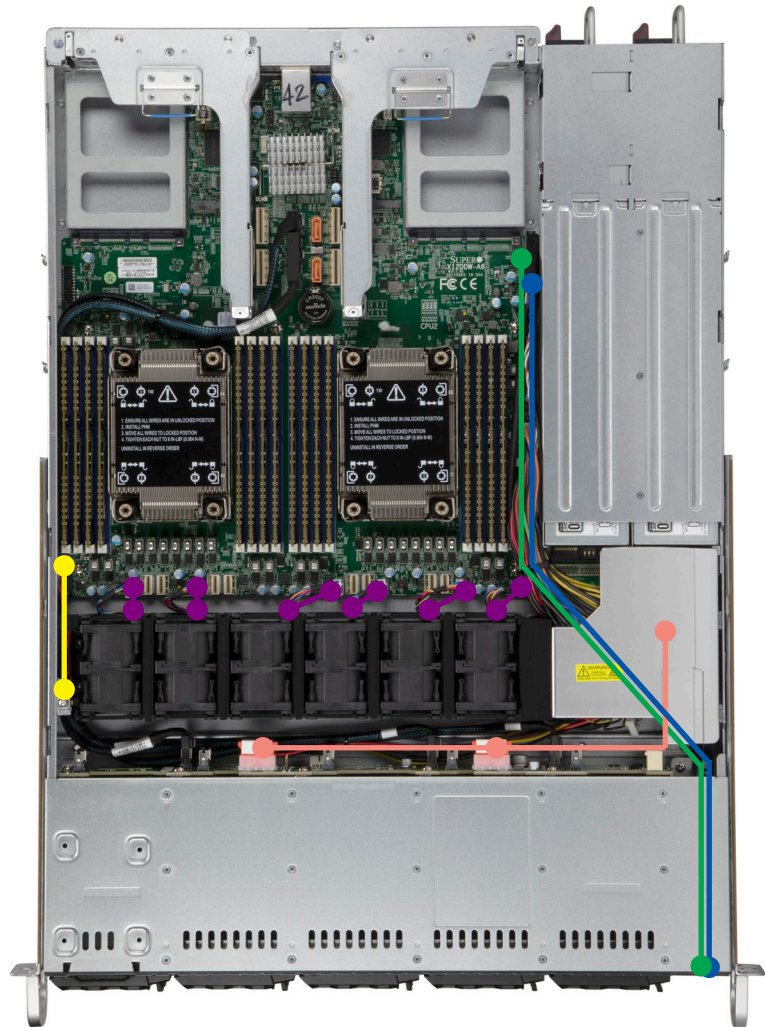


Figure 3-19. Cable Routing Diagram, Non-Storage

Chapter 4

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the jumpers, connections and LEDs on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Some connections might not be used in this system. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in [Chapter 1](#). More detail can be found in the [Motherboard Manual](#).

4.1 Power Connections

Two power connections supply the motherboard and several more supply for onboard devices.

Main Power Connector

The 24-pin power supply connector (JPWR3) meets the ATX SSI EPS 12V specification. You must also connect the 8-pin 12V DC power connectors (JPWR1/JPWR2).

Important: To provide adequate power to the motherboard, connect both the main power connector and 8-pin power connectors to the power supply. Failure to do so may void the manufacturer's warranty on your power supply and motherboard.

8-pin Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1 - 4	Ground
5 - 8	+12 V

4.2 Headers and Connectors

Fan Headers

There are six fan headers (FAN1-FAN6) on the motherboard. These are 4-pin fan headers, although pins 1-3 are backward compatible with traditional 3-pin fans. Four-pin fans allow fan speeds to be controlled by Thermal Management in the BMC. When using the Thermal Management setting, use all 3-pin fans or all 4-pin fans.

Fan Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Ground (Black)
2	+12V (Red)
3	Tachometer
4	PWM Control

SGPIO Header

A Serial General Purpose Input/Output header (S-SGPIO2) is used to communicate with the enclosure management chip on the backplane.

SGPIO Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	Ground	4	DATA Out
5	Load	6	Ground
7	Clock	8	NC

NC = No Connection

TPM Header

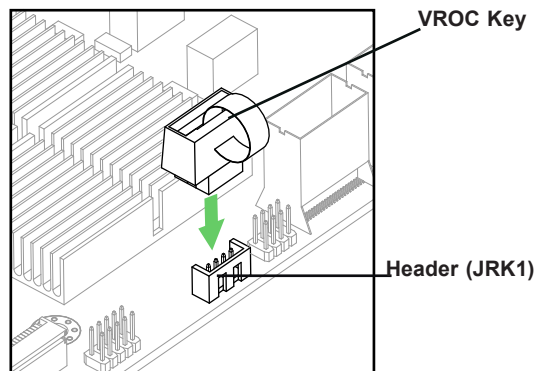
The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from Supermicro. A TPM/Port 80 connector is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It allows the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the storage drive is not installed in the system. For more information on the TPM: www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/TPM.pdf.

Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	P3V3	2	SPI_TPM_CS_N
3	PCI-E_RESET_N#	4	SPI_PCH_MISO
5	SPI_PCH_CLK#	6	Ground
7	SPI_PCH_MOSI	8	N/A
9	JTPM1_P3V3A	10	IRQ_TPM_SPIN_N

RAID Key Header

An Intel VROC RAID Key header is located at JRK1. It supports VMD used in creating optional advanced NVMe RAID configurations.

RAID Key Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Ground
2	RAID_KEY_PU
3	Ground
4	PCH_RAID_KEY



Note: This drawing is for illustration only. Your motherboard may look different.

Standby Power

The 5V Standby Power header is located at JSTBY1. You must have a card with a Standby Power connector and a cable to use this feature.

Standby Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	+5V Standby
2	Ground
3	No Connection

Power SMB (I²C) Header

The Power System Management Bus (I²C) connector (JPI²C1) monitors the power supply, fan, and system temperatures.

Power SMB Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Clock
2	Data
3	PMBUS_Alert
4	Ground
5	+3.3V

BMC External I²C Header

A System Management Bus 4-pin header for BMC is located at JIPMB1. Connect a cable to this header to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system.

External I ² C Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Data
2	Ground
3	Clock
4	No Connection

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to the header to alert when the chassis is opened.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1	Intrusion Input
2	Ground

M.2 Slots

The motherboard has two M.2 SSD slots. M.2-P1, located at JM2_1, is supported by CPU1, and M.2-P2, located at JM2_2, is supported by CPU2. They support PCIe 3.0 x2 M.2 NVMe SSDs in the 2280 form factor.

Note: M.2 slots are intended to be used only for boot devices. Write-intensive workloads may result in the SSD overheating.

NCSI Connector

Use the Network Controller SideBand Interface (NCSI) connector, JNSCI1, to connect a Network Interface Controller (NIC) to the motherboard.

NVME Connectors

Eight PCIe 4.0 x4 SlimSAS connectors, located at JNVME1-JNVME8, offers eight NVME connections. P1_NVME0 - P1_NVME3 (JNVME1/2/3/4) are supported by CPU1, and P2_NVME0 - P2_NVME3 (JNVME5/6/7/8), CPU2.

Note: Connect the P1_NVME0 first for your system to work properly.

I-SATA 3.0 and S-SATA 3.0 Ports

The motherboard has eight I-SATA 3.0 ports (I-SATA 0-7) and six S-SATA (S-SATA 0-3, S-SATA 4, S-SATA 5) supported by the Intel PCH C621A chipset. S-SATA 4/S-SATA 5 can be used with Supermicro SuperDOMs which are orange SATA DOM connectors with power pins built in, and do not require external power cables. S-SATA 4/S-SATA- 5 ports are compatible with regular SATA HDDs or SATA DOMs that need external power cables.

Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various control panel connections. See the figure below for the pin locations and definitions of the control panel buttons and LED indicators.

All JF1 wires have been bundled into a single cable to simplify this connection. Make sure the red wire plugs into pin 1 as marked on the motherboard. The other end connects to the control panel PCB board.

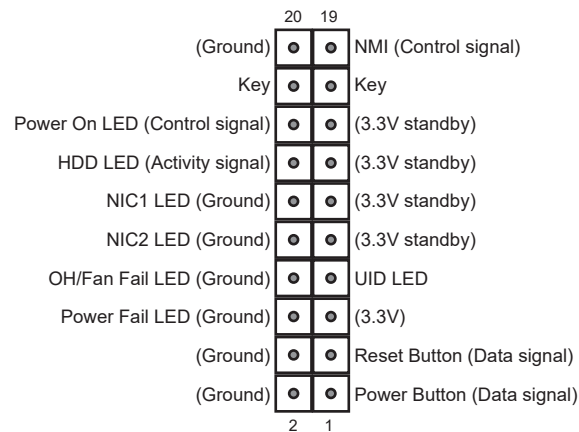


Figure 4-1. JF1 Control Panel Pins

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button with a setting in the BIOS. To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for 4 seconds or longer.

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
1	Signal
2	Ground

Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer case.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
3	Reset
4	Ground

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1.

Power Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
5	3.3V
6	PWR Supply Fail

Overheat (OH)/Fan Fail

Connect an LED cable to pins 7 and 8 of JF1 to use the Overheat/Fan Fail LED connections. The LED on pin 8 provides warnings of overheat or fan failure.

OH/Fan Fail Indicator Status	
Status	Definition
Off	Normal
On	Overheat
Flashing	Fan Fail

OH/Fan Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
7	Blue LED
8	OH/Fan Fail LED

NIC1/NIC2 (LAN1/LAN2)

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and the LED connection for LAN port 2 is on pins 9 and 10. Attach the NIC LED cables here to display network activity.

LAN1/LAN2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
9	NIC2 Activity LED
10	NIC2 Link LED
11	NIC1 Activity LED
12	NIC1 Link LED

HDD LED/UID Switch

The HDD LED/UID Switch connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a cable to Pin 14 to show hard drive activity status. Attach a cable to pin 13 to use UID switch. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
13	3.3V Standby/UID Switch
14	HDD Active

Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
15	3.3V
16	Power LED

NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1.

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
19	Control
20	Ground

4.3 Input/Output Ports

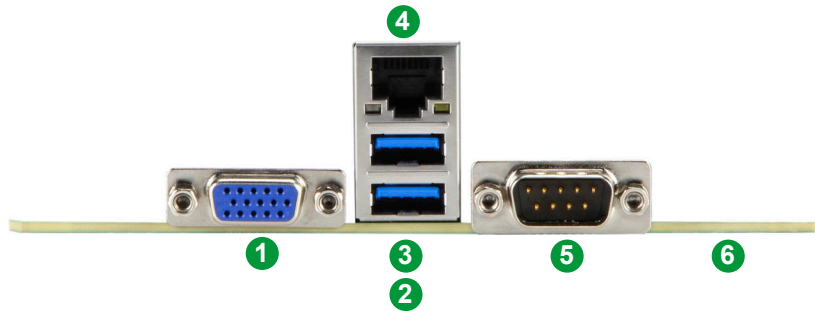


Figure 4-2. Rear I/O Ports

Rear I/O Ports			
#	Description	#	Description
1	VGA	4	Dedicated BMC LAN
2	USB (3.0)	5	COM Port
3	USB (3.0)	6	UID Switch

LAN Ports

There is a dedicated BMC LAN port on the I/O back panel.

There can also be two or more network LAN ports depending on the [option](#) you purchased.

Unit Identifier Switch/UID LED Indicator

A Unit Identifier (UID) switch and a UID LED indicator are located on the rear of the system. When you press the UID switch, both front and rear UID LED indicators are toggled on or off. The UID indicators provide easy identification of a system in a rack.

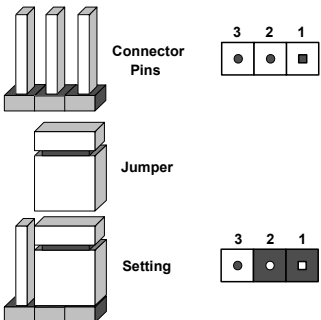
Note: The UID can also be triggered using the BMC.

4.4 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers are used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function associated with it. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On a two-pin jumper, "Closed" means the jumper is on both pins and "Open" indicates the jumper is either on only one pin or has been completely removed.



Front Control Board Signal Reset Jumper

Jumper JRU1 is used to configure the signal settings for the Front Control Board (JFP1). Close pins 1 and 2 to reset the Front Control Board signals for power button use. Close pins 2 and 3 to configure JFP1 signals for UID LED use. The default setting is on pins 1-2 to reset JFP1 for power button use.

Front Control Board Signal Reset Jumper (JRU1) Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Reset JFP1 Signals for Power Button use (Default)
Pins 2-3	Configure JFP1 Signals for UID LED use

4.5 LED Indicators

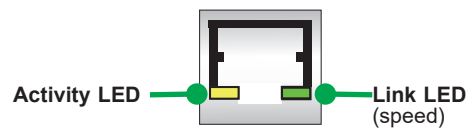
Network LAN LEDs

The Ethernet ports each have two LEDs. One LED indicates activity when flashing green. The other may be green, amber or off to indicate the speed of the connection.

BMC-Dedicated LAN LEDs

A dedicated BMC LAN port provided a connection to the BMC. The Link LED indicates the speed of the connection. The other LED indicates activity.

BMC Link LED	
Color	Definition
Off	No Connection
Green	100 Mb/s
Amber	1 Gb/s



Unit ID LED

A rear unit identifier (UID) indicator at LE6 is located near the UID switch on the I/O back panel. It provides easy identification of a unit that may need service.

Onboard Power LED

The Onboard Power LED is LE3. When this LED is on, the system power is connected.

BMC Heartbeat LED

LED M1 is the BMC heartbeat LED. When the LED is blinking green, BMC is functioning normally.

M.2 Heartbeat LEDs

When LE4 and LE7 are blinking, M.2-P1 and M.2-P2, respectively, are functioning normally.

Chapter 5

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings and install the drivers.

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the MS Windows installation ISO file. That can be a USB flash or media drive.
2. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by pressing **F11** during the system startup.

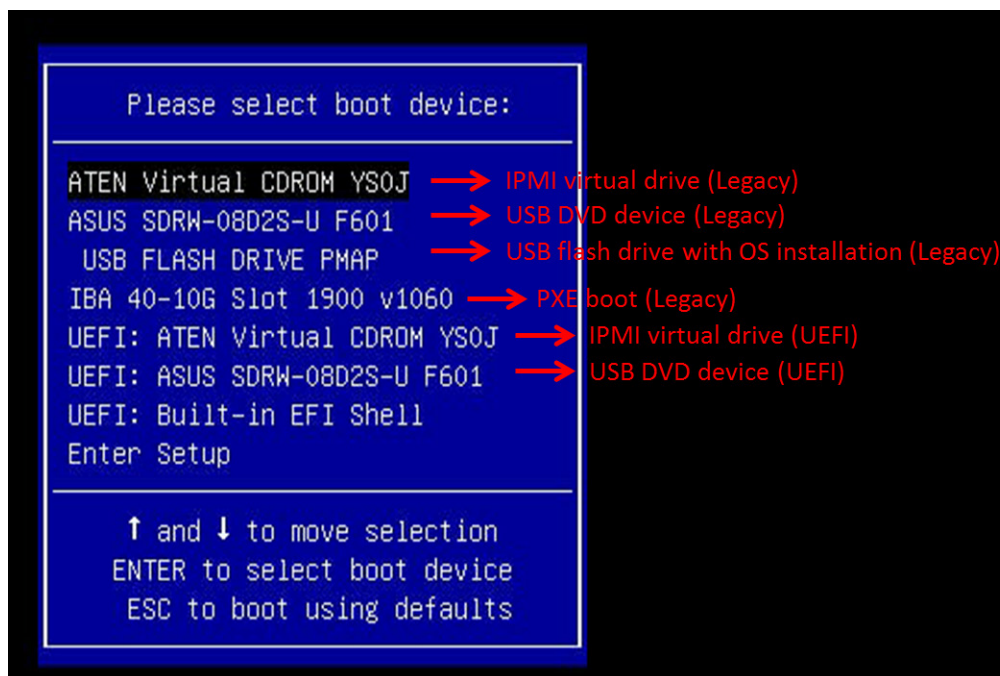


Figure 5-1. Select Boot Device

3. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

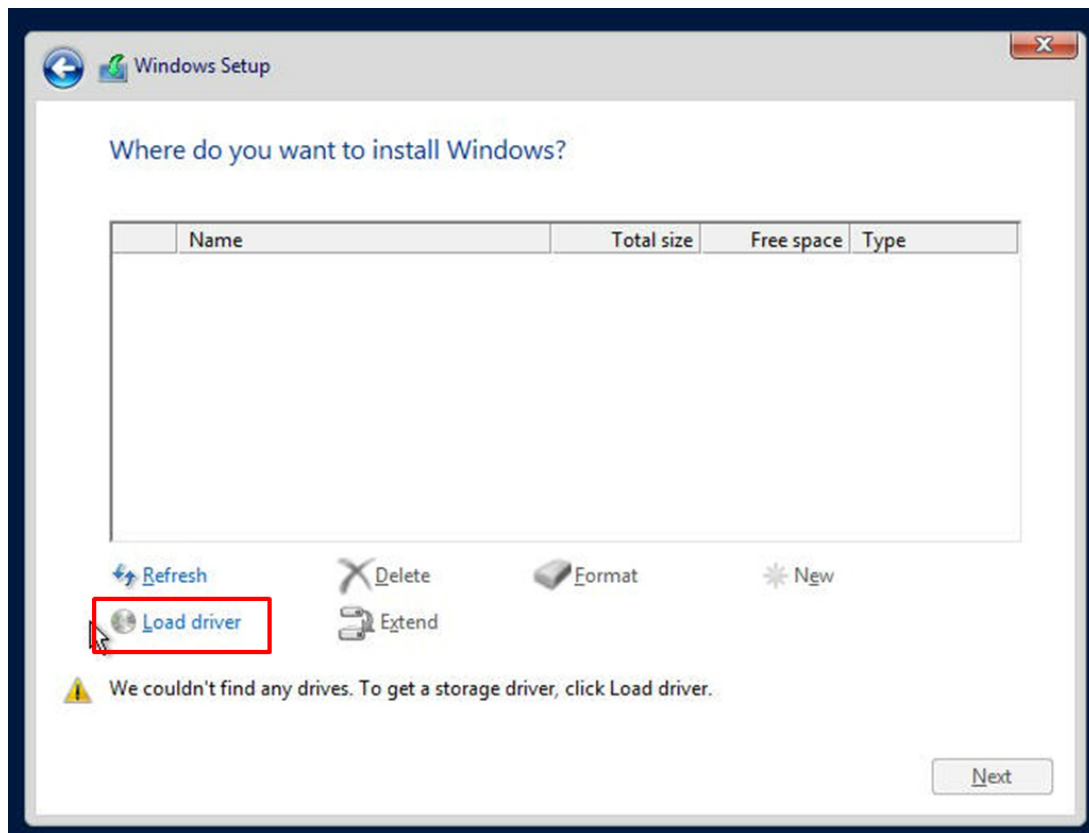


Figure 5-2. Load Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

- For RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA RAID driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
 - For non-RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA AHCI driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
4. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
 5. After the Windows OS installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times.

5.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at <https://www.supermicro.com/wdl/driver>. Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to to a USB flash or media drive. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/>. Find the product page for your motherboard, and "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities".

Insert the flash drive or disk and the screenshot shown below should appear.

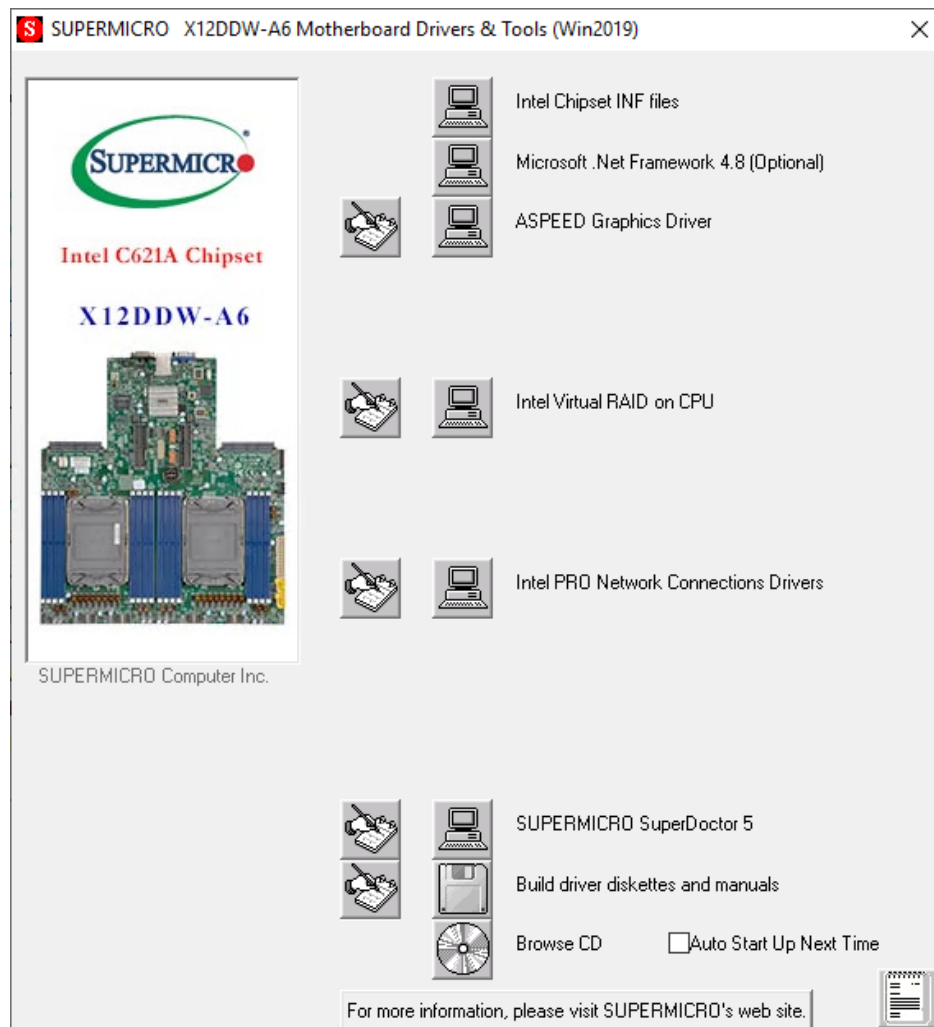


Figure 5-3. Driver & Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. **After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.** The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.3 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server), you can remotely control power on/off and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems with SuperDoctor 5 or IPMI. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

[SuperDoctor® Manual and Resources](#)

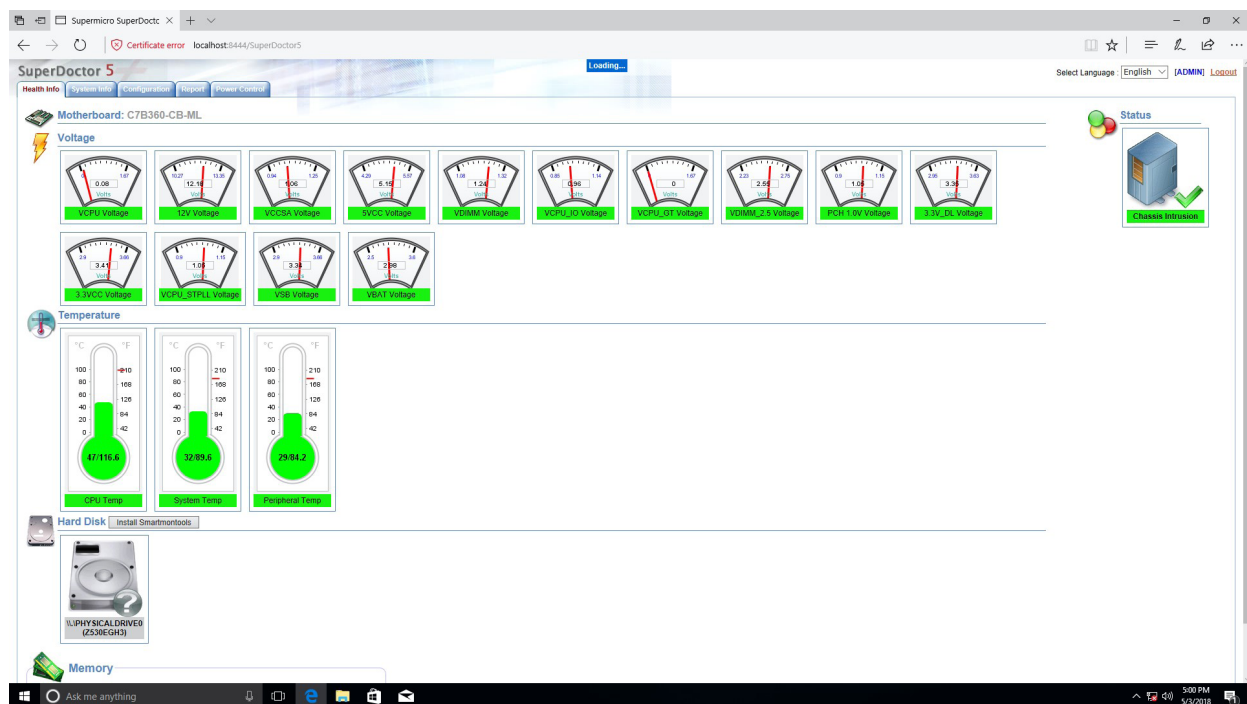


Figure 5-4. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

5.4 BMC

The motherboard provides remote access, monitoring and management through the baseboard management controller (BMC) and other management controllers distributed among different system modules. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC. For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at:

www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources

BMC ADMIN User Password

For security, each system is assigned a unique default BMC password for the ADMIN user. This can be found on a sticker on the chassis and a sticker on the motherboard. The sticker also displays the BMC MAC address.



Figure 5-5. BMC Password Label

See Chapter 1 for the [locations](#) of the labels.

Chapter 6

Optional Components

This chapter describes optional system components and installation procedures.

Optional Parts
Storage Control Card
High RPM fans for high TDP CPU and GPU support
GPU Support
Cable Management Arm
TPM security module
Intel VROC RAID Key

6.1 Storage Control Cards

Supermicro offers controller cards for some storage options.

Storage Protocols Supported

The storage drive bays can support SATA or SAS.

SATA – The default configuration supports SATA drives.

SAS – An add-on controller card can support up to SAS (or SATA) drives. Additional cables are required.

6.2 Upgrade Fans

Superior cooling can be provided by an optional upgrade to FAN-0163L4. See [Section 3.7](#) for installation instructions.

6.3 GPU Support

Only single-width, half-length GPUs are supported. Installation is the same as PCIe expansion cards.

GPU Support	
Quantity	Two single-width half-length full-height
Power Cable	none required
Thermal Kit	Upgraded fans: six FAN-0163L4
Conditions	Supports up to 185W TDP CPU

6.4 Cable Management Arm

The system supports a cable management arm (CMA), which keeps the rear cables organized and clear of the rail mechanisms when the system is extended out the front of the rack for maintenance.

The CMA attaches to the rack mounting rails by means of four connectors. They are labeled on the connectors 1, 2, 3, and 4.

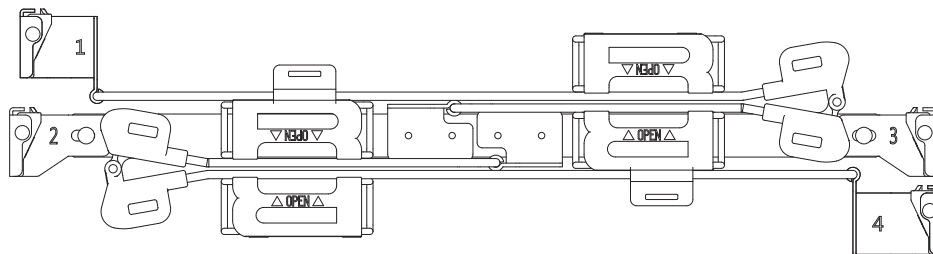


Figure 6-1. Cable Management Arm

Installing the Cable Management Arm

1. Slide CMA connector #1 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the right *inner* rail (right side when viewed from the front). It snaps into place.
2. Slide CMA connector #2 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the right *middle* rail. It snaps into place.

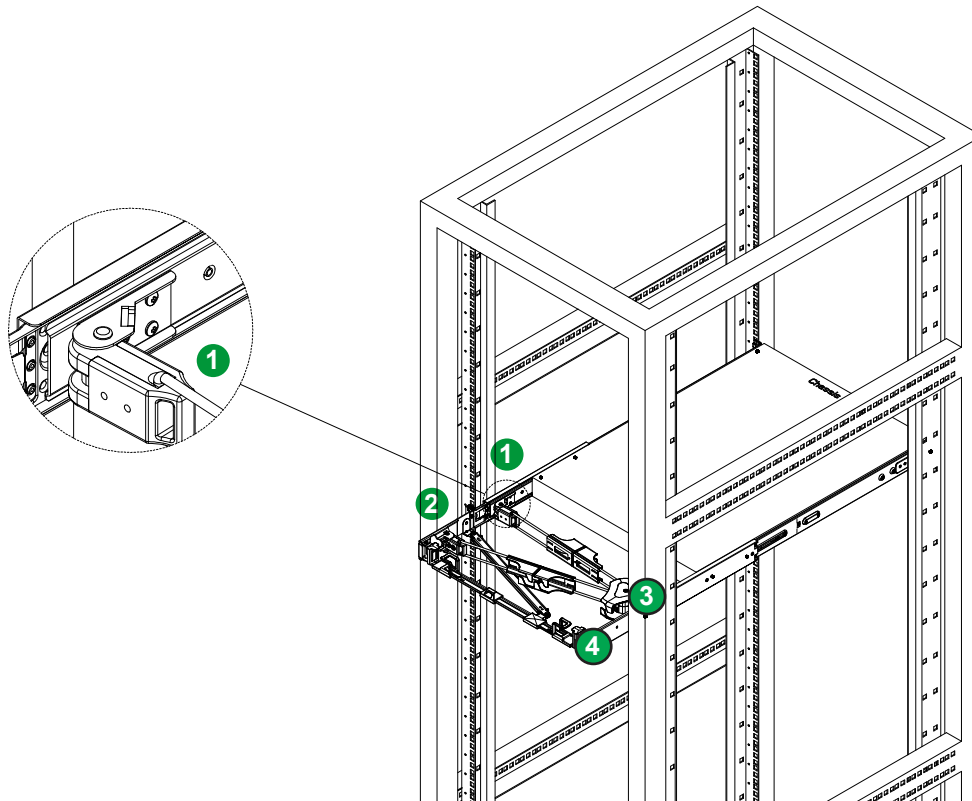


Figure 6-2. Installing the Connectors

3. Slide CMA connector #3 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the left middle rail. It snaps into place.
4. For CMA connector #4, align the metal tabs with the slots on the rear of the left outer rail and push it forward. It snaps into place.
5. Route the cables through the holding brackets, leaving enough slack.

Removing the Cable Management Arm

1. Remove cables from the CMA,
2. For CMA connector #4, pull the metal release tab toward the center of the rack and slide the connector toward the rear to release it.
3. For CMA connectors #3, #2, and #1, depress the front edge of the yellow plastic rocker lock, and slide the connector toward the rear to release it.

6.5 TPM Security Module

SPI capable TPM 2.0 (or 1.2) with Infineon 9670 controller, horizontal form factor

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM). A TPM is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It enables the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system.

Details and installation procedures are at:

<http://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/TPM.pdf>.

- AOM-TPM-9670V
- AOM-TPM-9671V

6.6 Intel Virtual RAID on CPU (VROC)

Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel VROC) is an enterprise RAID solution for NVMe SSDs directly attached to Intel Xeon Scalable processors. Intel Volume Management Device (VMD) is an integrated controller inside the CPU PCI-E root complex.

- A single processor supports up to 12 NVMe SSDs and up to 6 RAID arrays.
- A dual processor system supports up to 24 NVMe SSDs and 12 RAID arrays.

Strip sizes are 4K, 8K, 16K, 32K, 64K, 128K.

Requirements and Restrictions

- **Intel VROC is only available when the system is configured for UEFI boot mode.**
- To enable the **mdadm** command and support for RSTe, install the patch from
 - Linux: <https://downloadcenter.intel.com/download/28158/Intel-Virtual-RAID-on-CPU-Intel-VROC-and-Intel-Rapid-Storage-Technology-enterprise-Intel-RSTe-Driver-for-Linux->
 - Windows: <https://downloadcenter.intel.com/download/28108/Intel-Virtual-RAID-on-CPU-Intel-VROC-and-Intel-Rapid-Storage-Technology-enterprise-Intel-RSTe-Driver-for-Windows->
- To enable Intel VROC, a hardware key must be inserted on the motherboard, and the appropriate processor's Virtual Management Devices must be enabled in the BIOS setup.
- It is possible to enable Intel VROC without a hardware key installed, but only RAID0 will be enabled.
- Intel VROC is not compatible with secure boot. This feature must be disabled.
- When creating bootable OS RAID1 devices, you must have both devices on the same CPU, and a VMD on that CPU.
- Spanning drives when creating RAID devices is not recommended due to performance issues, even though it is supported.

Supported SSDs and Operating Systems

To see the latest support information: <https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/support/articles/000030310/memory-and-storage/ssd-software.html>

Additional Information

Additional information is available on the product page for the Supermicro add-on card and the linked manuals.

www.supermicro.com/en/products/accessories/addon/AOC-VROCxxxMOD.php

Hardware Key

The Intel VROC hardware key is a license key that detects the Intel VROC SKU and activates the function accordingly. The key must be plugged into the Supermicro motherboard (connector JRK1). The key options are:

Intel® VROC Keys			
VROC Package	Description	Part Number	Intel MM Number
Standard	RAID 0, 1, 10 Supports 3rd party SSDs	AOC-VROCSTNMOD	951605
Premium	RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 Supports 3rd party SSDs	AOC-VROCPREMOD	951606
Intel SSD only	RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 Supports Intel SSDs only	AOC-VROCINTMOD	956822

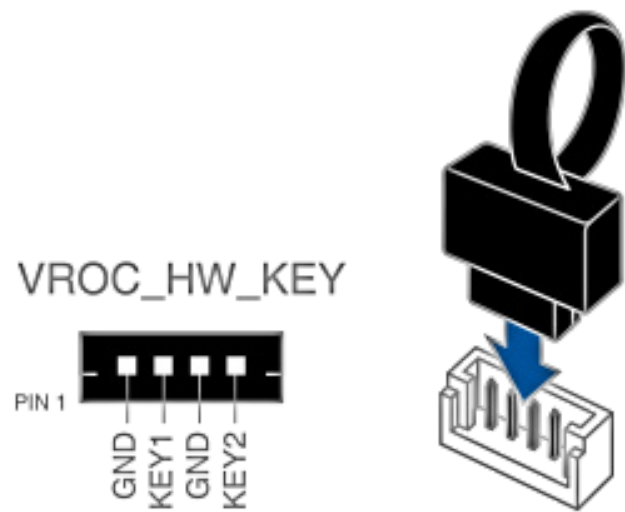


Figure 6-3. Intel VROC RAID Key and Motherboard Connector JRK1

Configuring NVMe RAID Manually

RAID for NVMe SSDs is enabled by default when Intel VROC Raid Key is populated. It may be managed manually through the UEFI BIOS.

1. Reboot the server and press [DEL] key to access the BIOS options.
2. Switch to **Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology**.

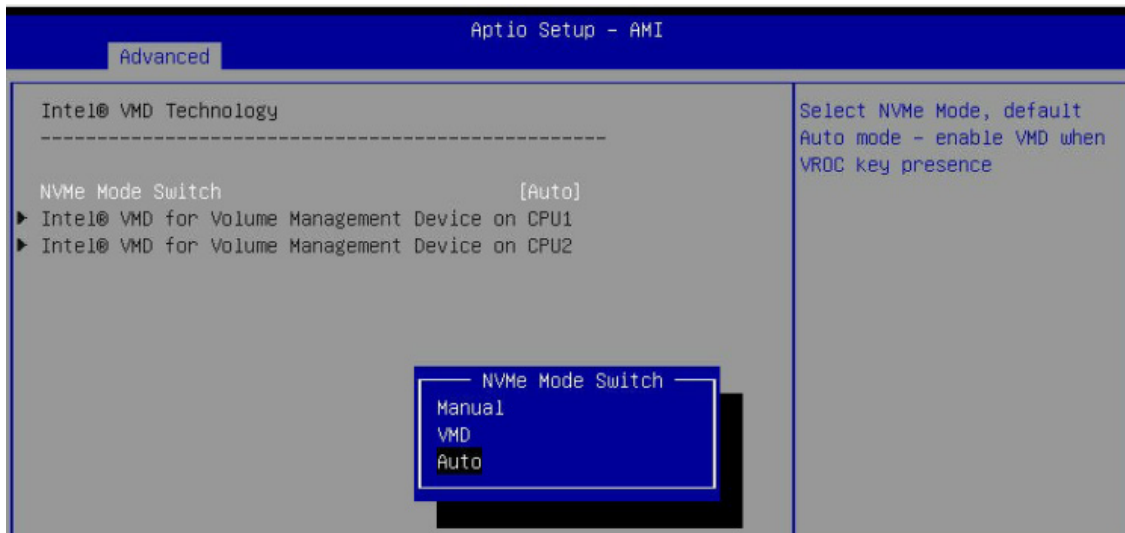


Figure 6-4. BIOS, Selecting VMD Mode

You can select a mode. The default is **Auto**. The **VMD** switch enables VMD mode for all NVMe ports despite the presence of the VROC key. The **Manual** switch allows the user to choose devices on which to enable VMD.

The onboard M.2 NVMe from PCH is located in the CPU1 section.

The screenshot below show example choices in Manual mode.

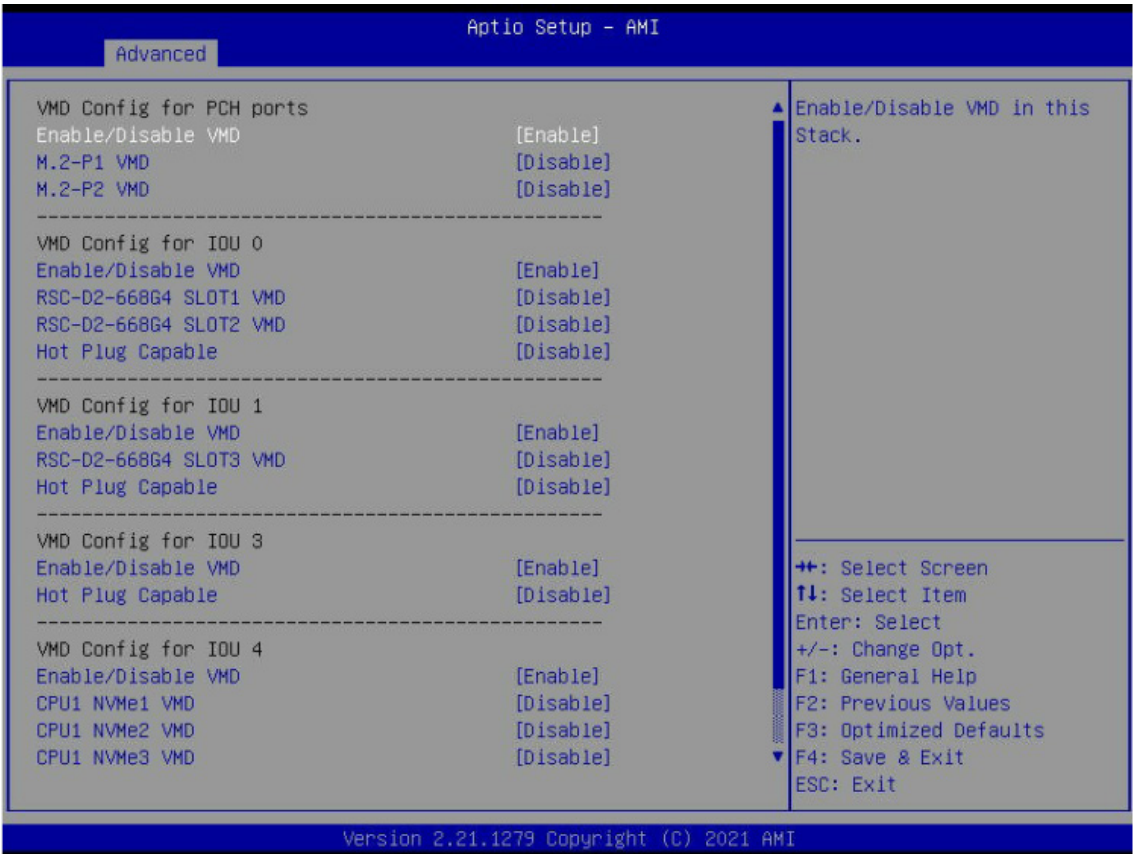


Figure 6-5. BIOS, Manual Mode (Example—your server may look different.)

3. Select the desired PStack# to Enable or Disable the corresponding Intel VMD controller

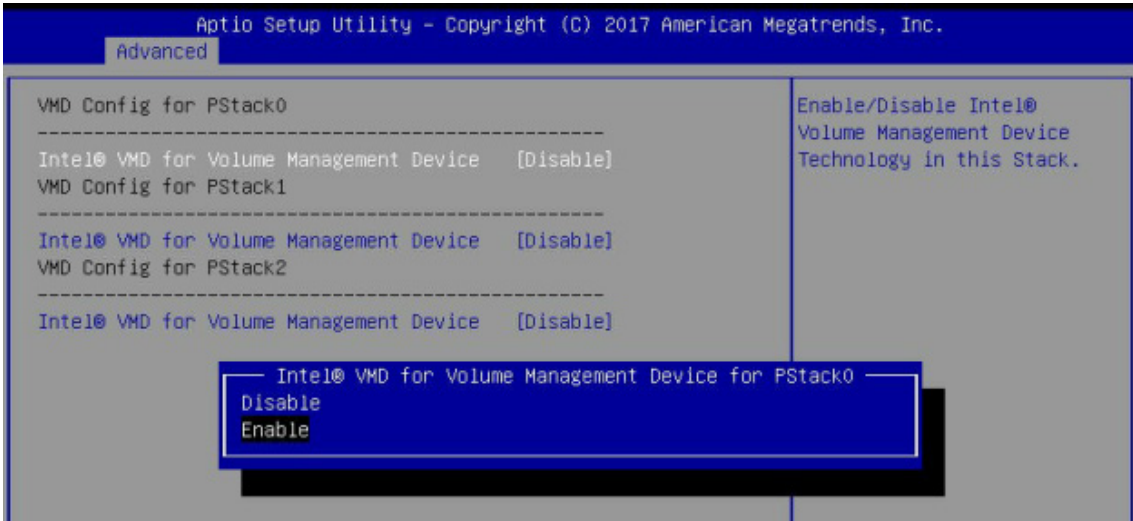


Figure 6-6. BIOS, Enabling VMD for Pstack0

4. Select the desired PCIe slot to Enable or Disable Intel VMD functionality according to the current hardware configuration being used. Hot Plug Capability can also be Enabled or Disabled.

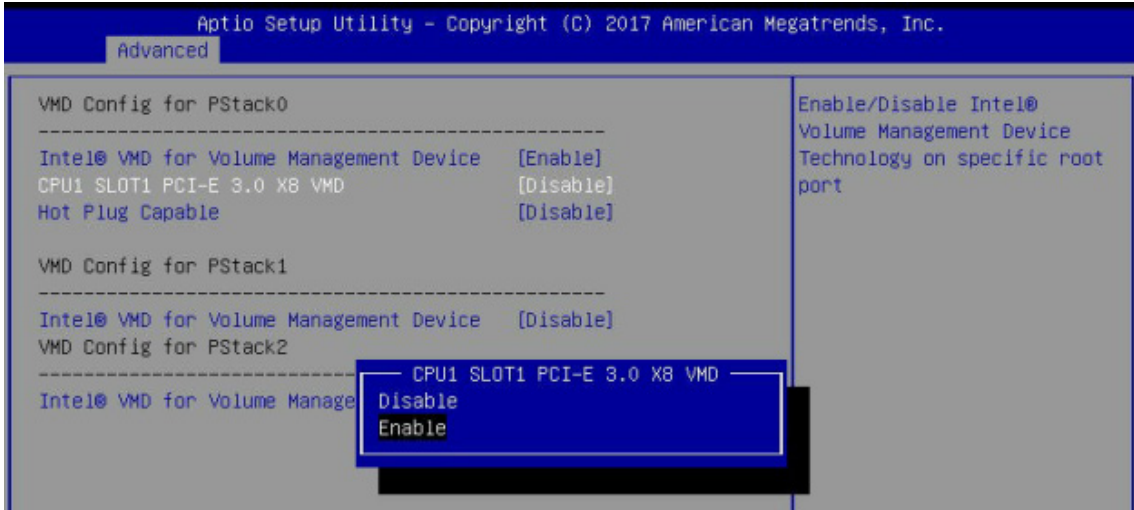


Figure 6-7. BIOS, Enabling VMD Functionality per Slot

5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for each PStack# on each CPU to be enabled or disabled. In this example, we enabled CPU1 Slot1 (Figure 6-11) and CPU2 Slot5 (Figure 6-12) (four U.2 form factor SSDs), as well as CPU1 M.2 C-1 and CPU1 M2. C-2 (two M.2 form factor SSDs)

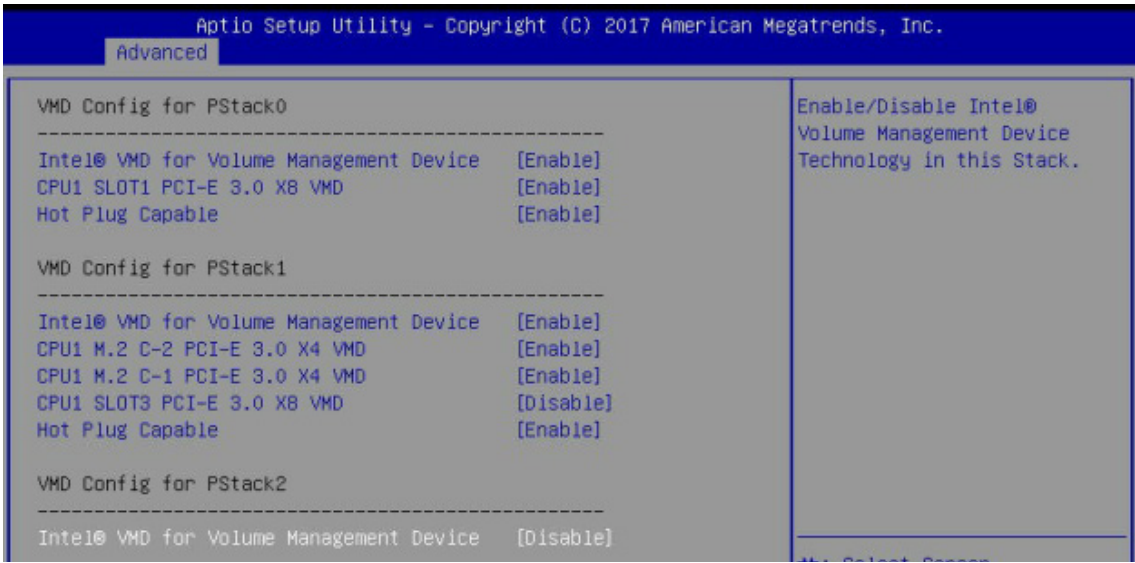


Figure 6-8. BIOS, Enabling CPU1 Example

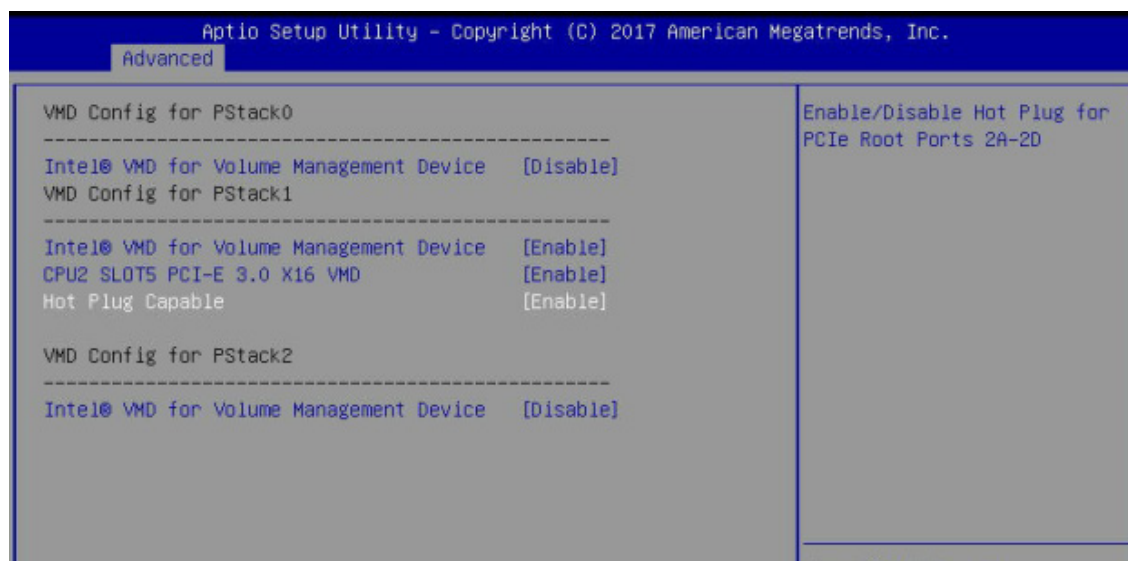


Figure 6-9. BIOS, Enabling CPU2 Example

6. Press [F4] to save the configuration and reboot the system and press [DEL] to enter BIOS.

Note: Delete the RAID volume associated with the VMD controller before disabling the controller. Failure to do so may lead to unexpected behavior

Note: The effects of physically changing or swapping a CPU on the VMD controller have not been thoroughly tested or documented.

7. Switch to **Advanced > Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU > All Intel VMD Controllers > Create RAID Volume**.
8. Set **Name**.
9. Set **RAID Level**.

10. If cross-controller RAID is required, select **Enable RAID spanned over VMD Controller**.

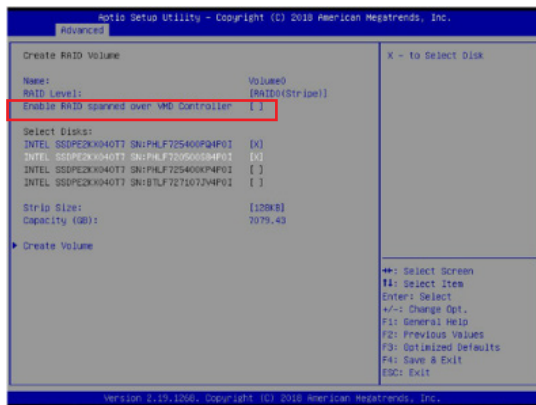


Figure 6-10. Created Volume *without* enabling RAID spanned over VMD controller

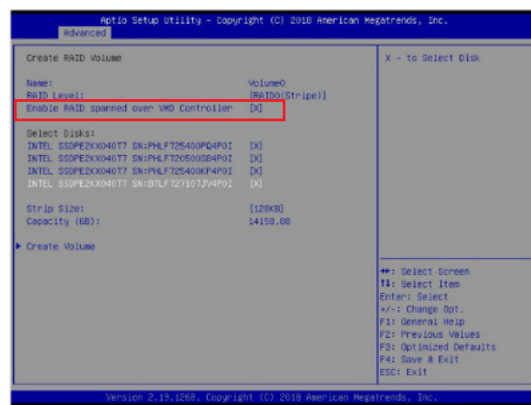


Figure 6-11. Created Volume *with* enabling RAID spanned over VMD controller

11. Select specific disks for RAID with an [X].
- RAID0: Select at least two [2 - 24] disks
 - RAID1: Select only two disks
 - RAID5: Select at least three [3 - 24] disks
 - RAID10: Select only four disks
12. Select **Strip Size** (Default 64KB).
13. Select **Create Volume**.
14. If another RAID is needed, start again at step 9.
15. Press [F4] to save and reboot.

Status Indications

An LED indicator on the drive carrier shows the RAID status of the drive.

Drive Carrier Status LED Indicator	
Status	State (red)
Normal function	Off
Locating	4 Hz blinking
Fault	Solid on
Rebuilding	1 Hz blinking

IBPI SFF 8489 Defined Status LED States

Hot Swap Drives

Intel VMD enables hot-plug and hot-unplug for NVMe SSDs, whether from Intel or other manufacturers. Under vSphere ESXi, several steps are necessary to avoid potential stability issues. See the information at link [1] below.

Hot-unplug

1. Prevent devices from being re-detected during rescan:

```
esxcli storage core claiming autoclaim --enabled=false
```

2. Unmount the VMFS volumes on the device. Check [2] for details.
3. Detach the device. Check [3] for details.
4. Physically remove the device.

Hot-plug

- Physically install the device.

ESXi will automatically discover NVMe SSDs, but a manual scan may be required in some cases.

Related Information Links

[1] <https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/2151404>

[2] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-1B56EF97-F60E-4F21-82A7-8F2A7294604D.html>

[3] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-F2E75F67-740B-4406-9F0C-A2D99A698F2A.html>

Chapter 7

Troubleshooting and Support

7.1 Information Resources

Website

A great deal of information is available on the Supermicro website, supermicro.com.

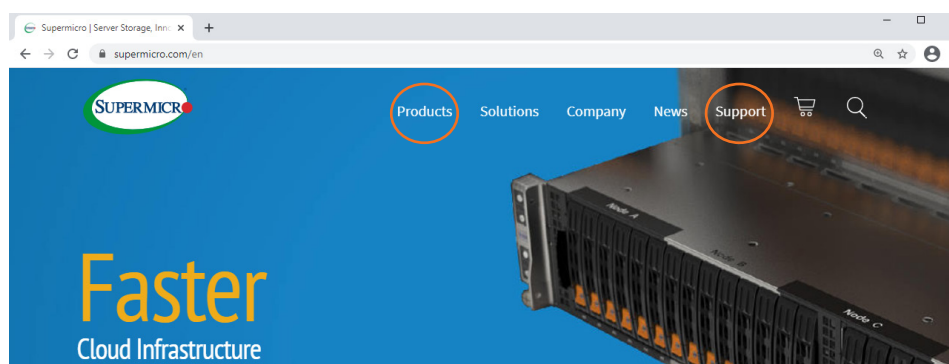


Figure 7-1. Supermicro Website

- Specifications for servers and other hardware are available by clicking the **Products** option.
- The **Support** option offers downloads (manuals, BIOS/BMC, drivers, etc.), FAQs, RMA, warranty, and other service extensions.

Direct Links for the SYS-120C-TN10R System

Web [SYS-SYS-120C-TN10R](#) specifications page

[X12DDW-A6 motherboard page](#) for links to the Quick Reference Guide, User Manual, validated storage drives, etc.

[BPN-SAS3-LB16A-N10 Backplane Manual](#)

Direct Links for General Support and Information

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

[Add-on card descriptions](#)

[TPM User Guide](#)

General Memory Configuration Guide: [X12](#)

[BMC User Guide](#)

Direct Links (continued)

[SuperDoctor5 Large Deployment Guide](#)

For validated memory, use our [Product Resources page](#)

[Product Matrices](#) page for links to tables summarizing specs for systems, motherboards, power supplies, riser cards, add-on cards, etc.

[Security Center](#) for recent security notices

[Supermicro Phone and Addresses](#)

7.2 BMC Interface

The system supports a Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) interface. It provides remote access, monitoring and management. There are several BIOS settings related to the BMC.

For general documentation and information on the BMC, please visit our website at: www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/BMC_Users_Guide_X12_H12.pdf.

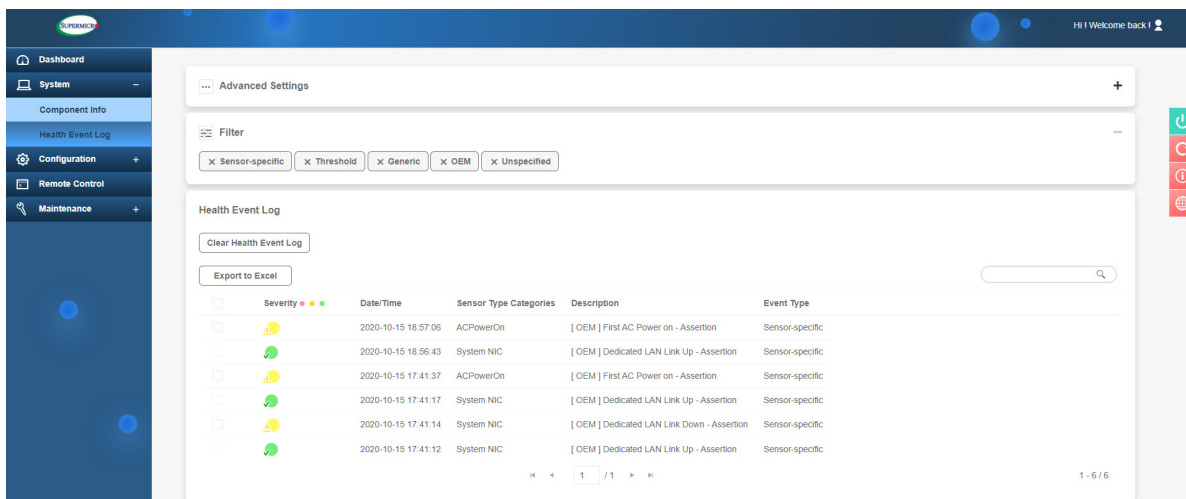


Figure 7-2. BMC Dashboard Sample

7.3 Troubleshooting Procedures

Use the following procedures to troubleshoot your system. If you have followed all of the procedures below and still need assistance, refer to the [Technical Support Procedures](#) or [Returning Merchandise for Service](#) sections in this chapter. [Power down](#) the system before changing any non hot-swap hardware components.

General Technique

If you experience unstable operation or get no boot response, try:

1. With power off, remove all but one DIMM and other added components, such as add-on cards, from the motherboard. Make sure the motherboard is not shorted to the chassis.
2. Set all jumpers to their default positions.
3. Power up. If the system boots, check for memory errors and add-on card problems. Make sure that the power connector is connected to your power supply.

No Power

- Check that the power LED on the motherboard is on.

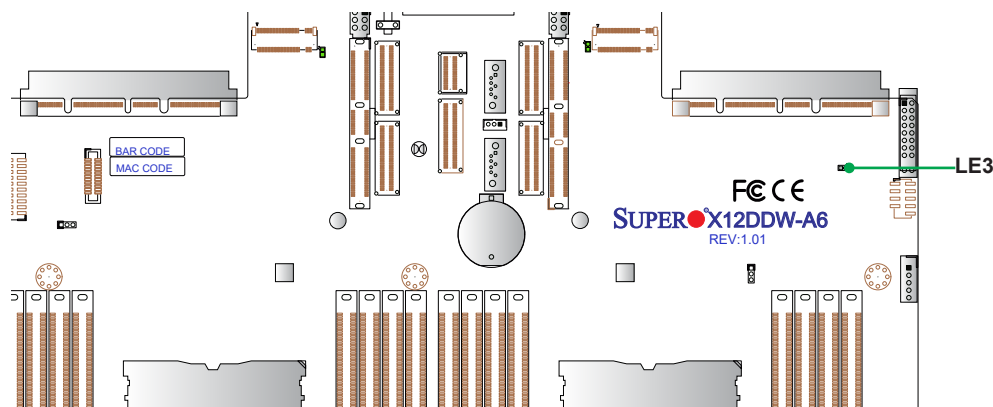


Figure 7-3. Location of the MB Power LED

- Make sure that the power connector is connected to the power supply.
- Check that the system input voltage is 100-120v or 180-240v.
- Turn the power switch on and off to test the system

No Video

If the power is on but you have no video, remove all add-on cards and cables.

System Boot Failure

If the system does not display Power-On-Self-Test (POST) or does not respond after the power is turned on, try the following:

- Turn on the system with only one DIMM module installed. If the system boots, check for bad DIMM modules or slots by following the Memory Errors Troubleshooting procedure below.

Memory Errors

- Make sure that the DIMM modules are properly and fully installed.
- Confirm that you are using the correct memory. Also, it is recommended that you use the same memory type and speed for all DIMMs in the system. See Section 3.3 for memory details.
- Check for bad DIMM modules or slots by swapping modules between slots and noting the results.

Losing the System Setup Configuration

- Use a high quality power supply. A poor quality power supply may cause the system to lose the CMOS setup information.
- Check that the motherboard battery still supplies approximately 3VDC. If it does not, replace it.

If the above steps do not fix the setup configuration problem, contact your vendor for repairs.

When the System Becomes Unstable

If the system becomes unstable during or after OS installation, check the following:

- CPU/BIOS support: Make sure that your CPU is supported and that you have the latest BIOS installed in your system.
- Memory: Make sure that the memory modules are supported. Refer to the product page on our website at www.supermicro.com. Test the modules using **memtest86** or a similar utility.
- Storage drives: Make sure that all drives work properly. Replace if necessary.
- System cooling: Check that all heatsink fans and system fans work properly. Check the hardware monitoring settings in the BMC to make sure that the CPU and system temperatures are within the normal range. Also check the Control panel Overheat LED.

7.4 BIOS Error Beep (POST) Codes

During the POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines, which are performed each time the system is powered on, errors may occur.

Non-fatal errors are those which, in most cases, allow the system to continue the boot-up process. The error messages normally appear on the screen.

Fatal errors are those which will not allow the system to continue the boot-up procedure. If a fatal error occurs, you should consult with your system manufacturer for possible repairs.

These fatal errors are usually communicated through a series of audible beeps. The table below lists some common errors and their corresponding beep codes encountered by users.

BIOS Error Beep (POST) Codes		
Beep Code	Error Message	Description
1 short	Refresh	Circuits have been reset (Ready to power up)
5 short, 1 long	Memory error	No memory detected in system
5 long, 2 short	Display memory read/write error	Video adapter missing or with faulty memory
1 long continuous	System OH	System overheat condition

Additional BIOS POST Codes

The AMI BIOS supplies additional checkpoint codes, which are documented online at <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/> ("AMI BIOS POST Codes User's Guide").

When BIOS performs the Power On Self Test, it writes checkpoint codes to I/O port 0080h. If the computer cannot complete the boot process, a diagnostic card can be attached to the computer to read I/O port 0080h (Supermicro p/n AOC-LPC80-20).

For information on AMI updates, please refer to <http://www.ami.com/products/>.

7.5 Crash Dump Using the BMC Dashboard

In the event of a processor internal error (IERR) that crashes your system, you may want to provide information to support staff. You can download a crash dump of status information using the BMC Dashboard. The BMC manual is available at www.supernmicro.com/manuals/other/BMC_Users_Guide_X12_H12.pdf.

Check Error Log

1. Access the BMC web interface.
2. Click the **Server Health** tab, then **Event Log** to verify an IERR error.

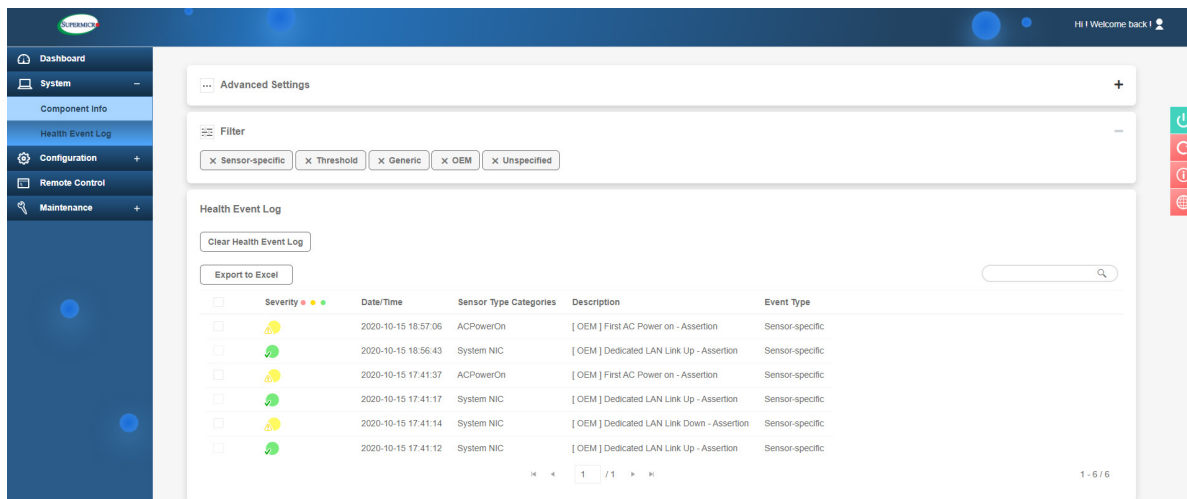


Figure 7-4. BMC Event Log

In the event of an IERR, the BMC executes a crash dump. You must download the crash dump and save it.

7.6 UEFI BIOS Recovery

Warning: Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you do update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating to avoid possible boot failure.

Overview

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) provides a software-based interface between the operating system and the platform firmware in the pre-boot environment. The UEFI specification supports an architecture-independent mechanism that will allow the UEFI OS loader stored in an add-on card to boot the system. The UEFI offers clean, hands-off management to a computer during system boot.

Recovering the UEFI BIOS Image

A UEFI BIOS flash chip consists of a recovery BIOS block and a main BIOS block (a main BIOS image). The recovery block contains critical BIOS codes, including memory detection and recovery codes for the user to flash a healthy BIOS image if the original main BIOS image is corrupted. When the system power is turned on, the recovery block codes execute first. Once this process is complete, the main BIOS code will continue with system initialization and the remaining POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines.

Note 1: Follow the BIOS recovery instructions below for BIOS recovery when the main BIOS block crashes.

Note 2: When the BIOS recovery block crashes, you will need to follow the procedures to make a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request. Also, you may use the Supermicro Update Manager (SUM) Out-of-Band (https://www.supermicro.com.tw/products/nfo/SMS_SUM.cfm) to reflash the BIOS.

Recovering the Main BIOS Block with a USB Device

This feature allows the user to recover the main BIOS image using a USB-attached device without additional utilities used. A USB flash device such as a USB Flash Drive, or a USB CD/DVD ROM/RW device can be used for this purpose. However, a USB Hard Disk drive cannot be used for BIOS recovery at this time.

The file system supported by the recovery block is FAT (including FAT12, FAT16, and FAT32) which is installed on a bootable or non-bootable USB-attached device. However, the BIOS might need several minutes to locate the SUPER.ROM file if the media size becomes too large due to the huge volumes of folders and files stored in the device.

To perform UEFI BIOS recovery using a USB-attached device, follow the instructions below.

1. Using a different machine, copy the "Super.ROM" binary image file into the Root "\\" directory of a USB device or a writable CD/DVD.

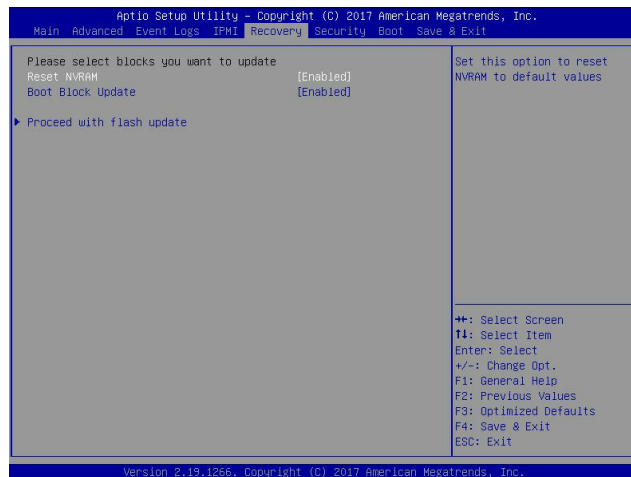
Note 1: If you cannot locate the "Super.ROM" file in your drive disk, visit our website at www.supermicro.com to download the BIOS package. Extract the BIOS binary image into a USB flash device and rename it "Super.ROM" for the BIOS recovery use.

Note 2: Before recovering the main BIOS image, confirm that the "Super.ROM" binary image file you download is the same version or a close version meant for your motherboard.

2. Insert the USB device that contains the new BIOS image ("Super.ROM") into your USB drive and reset the system when the following screen appears.
3. After locating the healthy BIOS binary image, the system will enter the BIOS Recovery menu as shown below.



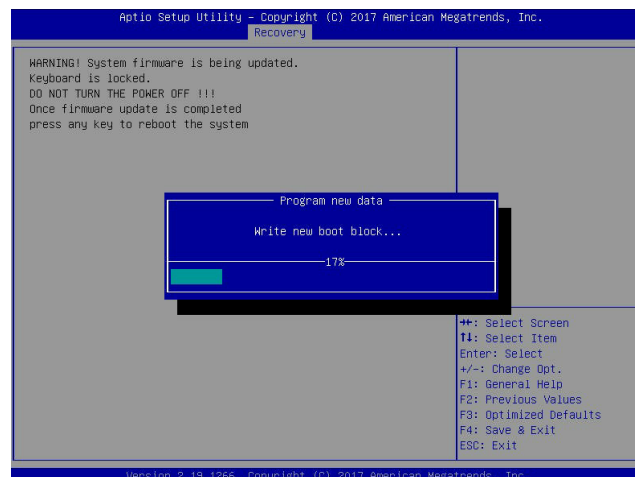
Note: At this point, you may decide if you want to start the BIOS recovery. If you decide to proceed with BIOS recovery, follow the procedures below.



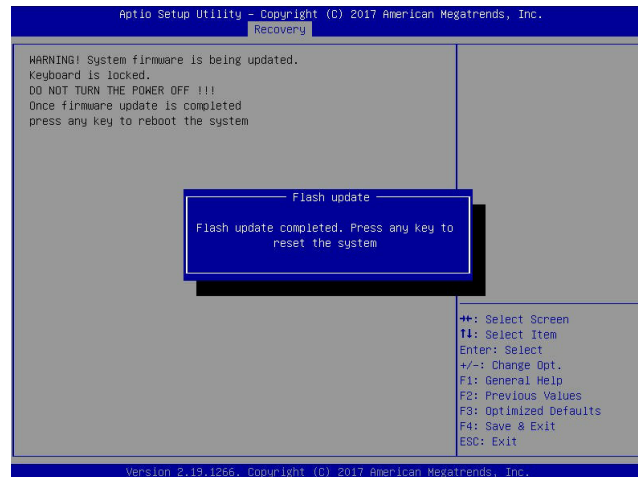
4. When the screen as shown above displays, use the arrow keys to select the item "Proceed with flash update" and press the <Enter> key. You will see the BIOS recovery progress as shown in the screen below.

Note: Do not interrupt the BIOS flashing process until it has completed.

5. After the BIOS recovery process is complete, press any key to reboot the system.
6. Using a different system, extract the BIOS package into a USB flash drive.

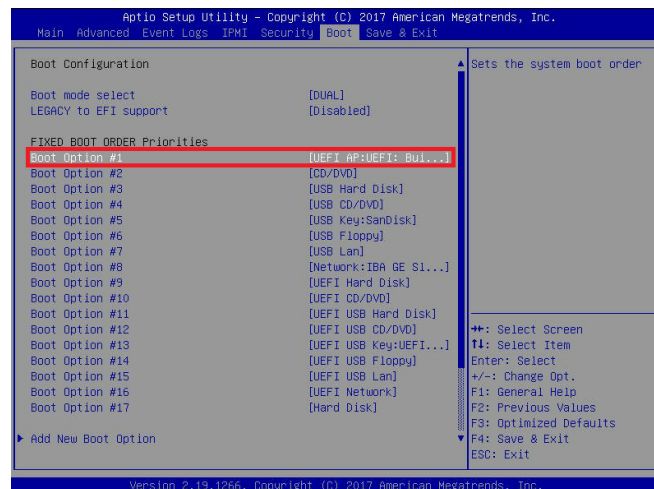


7. Press continuously during system boot to enter the BIOS Setup utility. From the top of the tool bar, select Boot to enter the submenu. From the submenu list, select Boot



Option #1 as shown below. Then, set Boot Option #1 to [UEFI AP:UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell]. Press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility.

8. When the UEFI Shell prompt appears, type fs# to change the device directory path. Go to the directory that contains the BIOS package you extracted earlier from Step 6. Enter flash.nsh BIOSname.### at the prompt to start the BIOS update process.



Note: Do not interrupt this process until the BIOS flashing is complete.

```

UEFI Interactive Shell v2.1
EDK II
UEFI v2.50 (American Megatrends, 0x0005000C)
Mapping table
  FSD: Alias(s):HD(0x0B):BLK1:
    PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x14,0x0)/USB(0x11,0x0)/HD(1,MBR,0x37901072,0x800,0x1
CR3992)
  BLK0: Alias(s):
    PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x14,0x0)/USB(0x11,0x0)
Press F8 in 1 seconds to skip startup.nsh or any other key to continue.
Shell> fs0:
FS0:\> cd AFUDOS
FS0:\AFUDOS> cd SKJPM2_03162017
FS0:\AFUDOS\SKJPM2_03162017> flash.nsh X10PU7.314

```

9. The screen above indicates that the BIOS update process is complete. When you see the screen above, unplug the AC power cable from the power supply, clear CMOS, and plug

```

Done.
[ Access Cmos Port Ex ]
<Read>
Index 0x51: 0x10

Done.
*****
*
* Program BIOS and ME (including FDT) regions...
*
*****
| AMT Firmware Update Utility v5.09.01.1317 |
| Copyright (C)2017 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved. |
*****
CPUID = 50652

Reading flash ..... done
- ME Data Size checking - ok
- FFS checksums ..... ok
- Check RomLayout ..... OK
Erasing Boot Block ..... done
Updating Boot Block ..... done
Verifying Boot Block ..... done
Erasing Main Block ..... 0x00132000 (0%)

```

the AC power cable in the power supply again to power on the system.

10. Press continuously to enter the BIOS Setup utility.

```

Verifying NDB Block ..... done
- Update success for FDR
- Update success for IEV
- Successful Update Recovery Loader to OPRx!!
- Successful Update MFSB!!
- Successful Update FPR!!
- Successful Update MFS, IVB1 and IVB2!!
- Successful Update FLOG and UTDK!!
- ME Entire Image update success !!
WARNING : System must power-off to have the changes take effect!
Moving FS0:\AFUDOS\SKJPM2_03162017\rdtx64.efi -> FS0:\AFUDOS\SKJPM2_03162017\
dt.smc
- [ok]
Moving FS0:\AFUDOS\SKJPM2_03162017\afuef1x64.efi -> FS0:\AFUDOS\SKJPM2_0316201
7\afuef1.smc
- [ok]
*****
* Please ignore this 'Shell: Cannot read from file - Device Error'
* warning message due to it does not impact flashing process.
*
*****
Deleting "afuef1.smc"
Delete successful.
FS0:\>

```

11. Press <F3> to load the default settings.
12. After loading the default settings, press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility.

7.7 CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

1. First [power down](#) the system completely.
2. [Remove the cover](#) of the chassis to access the motherboard.
3. [Remove the onboard battery](#) from the motherboard.
4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
5. Remove the screwdriver or shorting device.
6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cords and power on the system.



JBT1 contact pads

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.

7.8 BMC Reset

The BMC can be reset using the UID button.

- Reset – Press and hold the button. After six seconds, the LED blinks at 2Hz. The BMC resets and the reset duration is approximately 250 ms. Then the BMC starts to boot.
- Restore factory default configuration – Hold the button for twelve seconds. The LED blinks at 4Hz while defaults are configured. **Note:** All BMC settings including username and password will be removed except the FRU and network settings.

Firmware update – When the BMC firmware is being updated, the UID LED blinks at 10Hz.

BMC Reset Options		
Event	UID LED	BMC Heartbeat LED
Reset	Blue, Blinks at 2Hz	Green, solid
Restore Defaults	Blue, Blinks at 4Hz	Off
Update	Blue, Blinks at 10Hz	

7.9 Where to Get Replacement Components

If you need replacement parts for your system, to ensure the highest level of professional service and technical support, purchase exclusively from our Supermicro Authorized Distributors/System Integrators/Resellers. A list can be found at: <http://www.supermicro.com>. Click the "Where to Buy" tab.

7.10 Reporting an Issue

Technical Support Procedures

Before contacting Technical Support, please take the following steps. If your system was purchased through a distributor or reseller, please contact them for troubleshooting services. They have the best knowledge of your specific system configuration.

1. Please review the [Troubleshooting Procedures](#) in this manual and [Frequently Asked Questions](#) on our website before contacting Technical Support.
2. BIOS upgrades can be downloaded from our website. **Note:** Not all BIOS can be flashed depending on the modifications to the boot block code.
3. If you still cannot resolve the problem, include the following information when contacting us for technical support:
 - System, motherboard, and chassis model numbers and PCB revision number
 - BIOS release date/version (this can be seen on the initial display when your system first boots up)
 - System configuration

An example of a Technical Support form is posted on our [website](#). Distributors: For immediate assistance, please have your account number ready when contacting our technical support department by email.

Returning Merchandise for Service

A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service will be rendered. You can obtain service by calling your vendor for a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. When returning to the manufacturer, the RMA number should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton, and mailed prepaid or hand-carried. Shipping and handling charges will be applied for all orders that must be mailed when service is complete.

For faster service, RMA authorizations may be requested online (<http://www.supermicro.com/support/rma/>).

Whenever possible, repack the chassis in the original Supermicro carton, using the original packaging material. If these are no longer available, be sure to pack the chassis securely, using packaging material to surround the chassis so that it does not shift within the carton and become damaged during shipping.

This warranty only covers normal consumer use and does not cover damages incurred in shipping or from failure due to the alteration, misuse, abuse or improper maintenance of products.

During the warranty period, contact your distributor first for any product problems.

Vendor Support Filing System

For issues related to Intel, use the Intel IPS filing system:

<https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/design/support/ips/training/welcome.html>

For issues related to Red Hat Enterprise Linux, since it is a subscription based OS, contact your account representative.

7.11 Feedback

Supermicro values your feedback as we strive to improve our customer experience in all facets of our business. To provide feedback on our manuals, please email us at techwriterteam@supermicro.com.

7.12 Contacting Supermicro

Headquarters

Address: Super Micro Computer, Inc.
980 Rock Ave.
San Jose, CA 95131 U.S.A.

Tel: +1 (408) 503-8000

Fax: +1 (408) 503-8008

Email: marketing@supermicro.com (General Information)
Sales-USA@supermicro.com (Sales Inquiries)
Government_Sales-USA@supermicro.com (Gov. Sales Inquiries)
support@supermicro.com (Technical Support)
RMA@supermicro.com (RMA Support)
Webmaster@supermicro.com (Webmaster)

Website: www.supermicro.com

Europe

Address: Super Micro Computer B.V.
Het Sterrenbeeld 28, 5215 ML
's-Hertogenbosch, The Netherlands

Tel: +31 (0) 73-6400390

Fax: +31 (0) 73-6416525

Email: Sales_Europe@supermicro.com (Sales Inquiries)
Support_Europe@supermicro.com (Technical Support)
RMA_Europe@supermicro.com (RMA Support)

Website: www.supermicro.nl

Asia-Pacific

Address: Super Micro Computer, Inc.
3F, No. 150, Jian 1st Rd.
Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235
Taiwan (R.O.C)

Tel: +886-(2) 8226-3990

Fax: +886-(2) 8226-3992

Email: Sales-Asia@supermicro.com.tw (Sales Inquiries)
Support@supermicro.com.tw (Technical Support)
RMA@supermicro.com.tw (RMA Support)

Website: www.supermicro.com.tw

Appendix A

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危險。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前，必须充分意识到触电的危险，并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前，請注意觸電的危險，並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הזהרות אזהרה

הזהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים. יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

اَكْ ف حالة وُكِي اَي تتسبب ف اصابة جسدهُ هذا الزهر عُ خطر! تحذُرُ .
 قبل اَي تعول على اَي هعدات، كي على علن بالوخاظر ال اُجوة عي الذوائر
 الكهزبائِة
 وكي على درا ةُ بالووارسات البقائِة لو عُ وقع اَي حادث
 استخدم رَقن الب اِي الو صُص ف هَا ةُ كل تحذُرُ للعشر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는
 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된
 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기
 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告

将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告

將系統與電源連接前，請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقرأ إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker

Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於250V,20A。

Warnung

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250V, 20A.

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معدات الحماية من الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبنى
تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 250V, 20A

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw elektrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde apparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components (except for hot-swap components).



電源切断の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシ内部にアクセスするには、システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前，必須將系統完全斷電，並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de système.

אזהרה מפני ניתוק חשמלי

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמל מהספק לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

يجب فصل انظاؤ من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد انطاقت قېم

انصل إلى امناطق انداخييت نههيكم نتبيج أو إزانت مكنات الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 새시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only authorized personnel and qualified service persons should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Nur autorisiertes Personal und qualifizierte Servicetechniker dürfen dieses Gerät installieren, austauschen oder warten..

¡Advertencia!

Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Attention

Seul le personnel autorisé et le personnel de maintenance qualifié doivent être autorisés à installer, remplacer ou entretenir cet équipement..

אזהרה!

יש לאפשר רק צוות מורשה ואנשי שירות מוסמכים להתקין, להחליף או לטפל בציוד זה.

ينبغي السماح فقط للموظفين المعتمدين وأفراد الخدمة المؤهلين بتركيب هذا الجهاز أو استبداله أو صيانته.

경고!

승인된 직원과 자격을 갖춘 서비스 담당자만이 이 장비를 설치, 교체 또는 서비스할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Alleen geautoriseerd personeel en gekwalificeerd onderhoudspersoneel mag deze apparatuur installeren, vervangen of onderhouden..

Rack Stability Hazard

Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions.

ファンの警告

安定性に危険があります。ラックが転倒して、重大な人身事故を引き起こす可能性があります。ラックを設置位置まで伸ばす前に、設置手順をお読みください。設置位置にあるスライド レールに取り付けられた機器に負荷をかけないでください。スライド レールに取り付けられた機器を設置位置に放置しないでください。

警告

稳定性危険。机架可能会翻倒，造成严重的人身伤害。在将机架延伸到安装位置之前，请阅读安装说明。请勿在安装位置对滑轨安装的设备施加任何负载。请勿将滑轨安装的设备留在安装位置。

警告

穩定性危險。機架可能會翻倒，造成嚴重的人身傷害。將機架延伸至安裝位置前，請先閱讀安裝說明。請勿在安裝位置的滑軌安裝設備上放置任何負載。請勿將滑軌安裝設備留在安裝位置。

Warnung

Gefahr der Instabilität. Das Rack kann umkippen und schwere Verletzungen verursachen. Lesen Sie die Installationsanweisungen, bevor Sie das Rack in die Einbauposition ausfahren. Belasten Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition. Lassen Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition.

¡Advertencia!

Peligro de inestabilidad. El rack podría volcarse y causar lesiones personales graves. Antes de extender el rack a la posición de instalación, lea las instrucciones de instalación. No coloque ninguna carga sobre el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación. No deje el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación. Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Avertissement!

Danger d'instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves. Avant d'étendre le rack en position d'installation, lire les instructions d'installation. Ne pas charger l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation. Ne pas laisser l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation.

אזהרה!

סכנת חוסר יציבות

המתלה עלול להתהפך ולגרום לפציעה חמורה

לפני הארכת המתלה למצב ההתקנה, קרא את הוראות ההתקנה

אין להעמיס כל עומס על הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

אל תשאיר את הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

تحذير. خطر عدم الاستقرار. قد ينقلب الرف مسبباً إصابات جسدية خطيرة. قبل تمديد الرف إلى موضع التركيب، اقرأ تعليمات التركيب. لا تضع أي حمولة على الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب. لا تترك الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

경고!

안정성 위험. 랙이 넘어져 심각한 개인 부상을 입을 수 있습니다. 랙을 설치 위치까지 확장하기 전에 설치 지침을 읽으십시오. 설치 위치에서 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비에 하중을 가하지 마십시오. 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비를 설치 위치에 두지 마십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaar voor instabiliteit. Het rek kan kantelen en ernstig persoonlijk letsel veroorzaken. Lees de installatie-instructies voordat u het rek uitschuift naar de installatiepositie. Plaats geen last op de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur in de installatiepositie. Laat de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur niet in de installatiepositie staan.

Restricted Area



Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所，限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域，進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת
'כלי אבטחה בלבד' (מפתח, מנעול וכד.).

تخصيص هذه انحدّة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم .
ممكن انصلل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخداو أداة خاصت
أو أ وس هُت أخري نلاأمما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키,
또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot
dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal
gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



CAUTION: There is risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

バッテリーを間違ったタイプに交換すると爆発の危険があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告

如果更换的电池类型不正确，则存在爆炸危险。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告

如果更換的電池類型不正確，則有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

WARNUNG

Es besteht Explosionsgefahr, wenn die Batterie durch einen falschen Typ ersetzt wird. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

ATTENTION

Il existe un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée par un type incorrect. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

ADVERTENCIA

Existe riesgo de explosión si la batería se reemplaza por un tipo incorrecto. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ אם הסוללה תוחלף בסוג שגוי. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת. סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

هناك خطر الانفجار إذا تم استبدال البطارية بنوع غير صحيح.
 اسحبذال البطارية
 فقط بنفس النوع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصت به الشركة المصنعة
 جخلص من البطاريات المسحمة وفقا لعمليات الشركة الصانعة

경고!

배터리를 잘못된 종류로 교체하면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

WAARSCHUWING

Er bestaat explosiegevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een verkeerd type. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个，必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個，必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein Strom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד

אזהרה!

ליחידה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .

يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当系统正在进行时，背板上有很危险的电压或能量，进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時，背板上有危險的電壓或能量，進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתח בפנל האחורי

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה.

هناك خطر من التيار الكهربائي أو الطاقة المبددة على الساحة
عندما يمكن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاز

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다.
서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי

אזהרה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقوانين المحلية والوطنية المتعلقة
بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين واللوائح الوطنية عند

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Fan Warning



Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファンの警告

警告!回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告! 危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告

危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇。

Warnung

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite el montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mantenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'écart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולה כאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطيرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة. من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 새시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조립품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを、該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。

電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSAマークがコードに表記)を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线,电源线和电源适配器。包含遵照当地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头。使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線,電源線和電源適配器。包含遵照當地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭。使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapter, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropriées. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifiés- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

AC ימאתמו מילמשח מילבכ

!הרהזא

ךרוצל ומאתוה וא ושכרנ רשא AC מימאתמו מיקפס, מילבכב שמתשהל שי, רצומה תא מיניקתמ רשאכ לכב שומיש. עקתהו לבכה לש הנוכח הדימ ללוכ, תוימוקמה תוחיטבה תושירדל ומאתוה רשאו, הנקתהה למשחה ירישכמב שומישה יקוחל מאתהב. ילמשח רצק וא הלקתל מורגל לולע, רחא גוסמ מאתמ וא לבכ לש דוק מהילע עיפומ רשאכ) UL-ב או CSA-ב -ב מיכמסומה מילבכב שמתשהל רוסיא מייק, תוחיטבה יקוחו דבלב Supermicro י"ע מאתוה רשא רצומב קר אלא, רחא ילמשח רצומ לכ רובע (UL/CSA)

תאלבאלא אארשב מץ וא ענדחמל וא ערפוטמל תאליסוולא מאדחטסאב מץ, גתנמל ביגרת דנע כלז יפ אמב עילחמל עמאלסל תאבלטתמו נינאוץב מאזתלאל עמ דדרתמל ראיטל תאלוחמו עיזאברמלל קיירח וא לטע יפ בבסטטי דץ ירץ תאלוחמו תאלבאל יא מאדחטסא. מילסל סבאלאו לסוולא מץ ח CSA וא UL לבק נמ ענדחמל תאלבאלא מאדחטסא תאדעמל עיזאברמלל עזחאל עמאלסל נונאק רזחי Supermicro לבק נמ ענדחמל עינעמל תאגתנמל ריג ירץ תאדעמ יא עמ (UL/CSA) עמאלע למחתיטלוא

전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Stroomkabel en AC-Adapter

Waarschuwing! Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix B

System Specifications

Processors

Dual 3rd Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors in P+ (LGA-4189) sockets with up to 40 cores and a thermal design power (TDP) of up to 270 W

Chipset

Intel PCH C621A

BIOS

AMI BIOS, ACPI 3.0 or later, PCI firmware 4.0 support, BIOS rescue hot-key, SPI dual/quad speed support, RTC (Real Time Clock) wakeup, and SMBIOS 3.0 or later

Memory

Sixteen slots for up to 6 TB of LRDIMM/LRDIMM/3DS RDIMM/RDIMM DDR4 or Intel Optane PMem 200 Series; up to 3200 MHz; DIMM size up to 256 GB at 1.2 V

Storage Drives

Ten hot-swap 2.5" hybrid front bays
Two on-board NVMe M.2 80mm
One SATADOM (disk on module)

PCI Expansion Slots

Two PCIe 4.0 x16 (FHHL) slots

Input/Output

Network: One or two AIOM modules (OCP 3.0 NIC)
BMC: Dedicated LAN port
USB: Two rear USB 3.0 ports, two front USB 2.0 ports
Video: One VGA port
COM: One serial port

Motherboard

X12DDW-A6; 12.2" (W) x 13.4" (L) ATX (312 mm x 340 mm)

Chassis

LB16AC10-R860AW; 1U Rackmount, (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 23.5 in. (43.7 x 4.3 x 60 cm)

System Cooling

Six 4-cm counter-rotating fans, two CPU heatsinks, air shrouds to direct air flow

Power Supply

(Default for SYS-120C-TN10R) **PWS-860P-1R2**, 860 W redundant modules, 80Plus Platinum level

Input:

100-127 Vac, 9-7.5 A
 200-240 Vac, 6-4.5 A
 240Vdc, 4.5 A (CCC only)
 50-60 Hz

Output:

800 W @ 100-127 Vac
 860 W @ 200-240 Vac
 860 W @ 240 Vdc for CCC only
 +12V 66.6 A (800 W) / 71.6 A (860 W)
 +5Vsb 4 A

(Default for SYS-120C-TN10R-EU) **PWS-861A-1R**, 860 W redundant modules, 80Plus Titanium level

Input:

100-127 Vac, 9.4-7.4 A
 200-240 Vac, 4.8-4.0 A
 240 Vdc, 4.0 A (CCC only)
 50-60 Hz

Output:

800 W @ 100-127 Vac
 860 W @ 200-240 Vac
 860 W @ 240 Vdc for CCC only
 +12V 66.6 A (800 W) / 71.67 A (860 W)
 +5Vsb 4 A

(Optional upgrade): **PWS-1K27A-1R** 1000W/1200 W redundant modules, 80Plus Titanium level

Input:

100-127 Vac; 12.5–8.5 A
 200-240 Vac; 7.5–6.0 A
 240 Vdc; 6.0 A (CCC only)
 50-60 Hz

Output:

1000 W @ 100-127 Vac
 1200 W @ 200-240 Vac
 1200 W @ 240 Vdc (CCC only)
 +12V 83 A (1000 W) / 100 A (1200 W)
 +5Vsb 4A

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)

Non-operating Temperature: -40° to 60° C (-40° to 140° F)

Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)

Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Certified Safety Models

Compliant with UL or CSA: LB16CDC-R8X12, LB16-8, LB16CDC-R12X12, LB16-12

Regulatory Compliance

FCC, ICES, CE, VCCI, RCM, UKCA, NRTL, CB, BSMI, BIS

Applied Directives, Standards

EMC/EMI: 2014/30/EU (EMC Directive)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

FCC Part 15

ICES-003

VCCI-CISPR 32

AS/NZS CISPR 32

BS/EN55032

BS/EN55035

CISPR 32

CISPR 24/CISPR 35

BS/EN 61000-3-2

BS/EN 61000-3-3

BS/EN 61000-4-2

BS/EN 61000-4-3

BS/EN 61000-4-4

BS/EN 61000-4-5

BS/EN 61000-4-6

BS/EN 61000-4-8

BS/EN 61000-4-11

Environment:

2011/65/EU (RoHS Directive)

EC 1907/2006 (REACH)

2012/19/EU (WEEE Directive)

California Proposition 65

Product Safety: 2014/35/EU (LVD Directive)

UL/CSA 62368-1 (USA and Canada)

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016

IEC/BS/EN 62368-1

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate"

この装置は、クラスA機器です。この装置を住宅環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI — A

BSMI RoHS Statement

限用物質含有情況標示聲明書

Declaration of the Presence Condition of the Restricted Substances Marking

設備名稱：伺服器/ Server 型號 (型式)： LB16CDC -R8X12 Equipment name Type designation (Type)						
(系列型號:: LB16 - 8, SYS-120C- TN10R, SYS-120C-TN10R-A2- TS29T, SYS-120C-TN10R-A3- TS29T, SYS-120C-TN10R-A4- TS29T)						
單元 Unit	限用物質及其化學符號 Restricted substances and its chemical symbols					
	鉛Lead (Pb)	汞Mercury (Hg)	鎘Cadmium (Cd)	六價鉻 Hexavalent chromium (Cr ⁺ 6)	多溴聯苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
機殼 (Chassis)	○	○	○	○	○	○
機殼風扇 (Chassis Fan)	-	○	○	○	○	○
線材 (Cable)	○	○	○	○	○	○
主機板 (Motherboard)	-	○	○	○	○	○
電源供應器 (Power Supply)	-	○	○	○	○	○
硬碟 (SSD)	-	○	○	○	○	○
電源背板 (PDB)	-	○	○	○	○	○
附加卡 (Add-on Card)	-	○	○	○	○	○
備考1. “超出0.1 wt %”及“超出0.01 wt %”係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值。 Note 1 : “Exceeding 0.1 wt %” and “exceeding 0.01 wt %” indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition. 備考2. “○”係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。 Note 2 : “○” indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence. 備考3. “-”係指該項限用物質為排除項目。 Note 3 : The “-” indicates that the restricted substance corresponds to the exemption.						

警告：為避免雷磁干擾，本產品不應安裝或使用於住宅環境。

輸入額定：

PWS-860P-1R2

100-127 Vac, 50-60 Hz, 9.5-7.5 A (x2)

200-240 Vac, 50-60 Hz, 5.5-4.5 A (x2)

*使用者不能任意拆除或替換內部配備

*報驗義務人之姓名或名稱：美超微電腦股份有限公司

*報驗義務人之地址：新北市中和區建一路 150 號 3 樓

Statement of Volatility

The Statement of Volatility provides information about volatile and non-volatile components of the SYS-120C-TN10R. When power is removed from the system, non-volatile components retain their data, while volatile components lose their data.

SYS-120C-TN10R				
Device	Reference	Volatility	User Data	Procedure to Clear
X12DDW-A6				
PCH	U12	Volatile	YES	Remove AC power and battery for five minutes
CPU VRM Controller	UP1, UP10, UO1, UO5	Non-volatile	NO	Use software and utility to clear
Memory VRM Controller	UQ1, UQ7, UQ13, UQ19	Non-volatile	NO	Use software and utility to clear
BIOS Flash Chip	UM16	Non-volatile	NO	Use software and utility to clear
CPLD Chip	U127	Non-volatile	NO	Use programmer to clear
CPLD Dual Boot Chip	U131	Non-volatile	NO	Use programmer to clear
CPLD Flash Chip	U130	Non-volatile	NO	Use programmer to clear
BMC Firmware Flash Chip	UM13	Non-volatile	NO	Use software and utility to clear
BMC RAM	UM2	Volatile	YES	Remove AC power for two seconds
RSC-D-6G4				
FRU EEPROM	U2	Non-volatile	NO	N/A
RSC-DR-6G4				
FRU EEPROM	U1	Non-volatile	NO	N/A
BPN-SAS3-LB16A-N10				
CPLD	U3	Non-volatile	NO	No action required
PWS-860P-1R2				
DSPIC33CK128MP206TI/PTC01	U603	Non-volatile	NO	Use programmer to clear
CM6901T6XISTR	U501	Non-volatile	NO	Use programmer to clear
78M6610+PSD/CK5T	U5	Non-volatile	NO	Use programmer to clear